



Vertical thermohaline structure of mesoscale eddies in the four major Eastern Boundary Upwelling Systems

*Cori **Pegliasco**^{1*}, Alexis **Chaigneau**¹, Rosemary **Morrow**¹, Yves **Morel**¹*

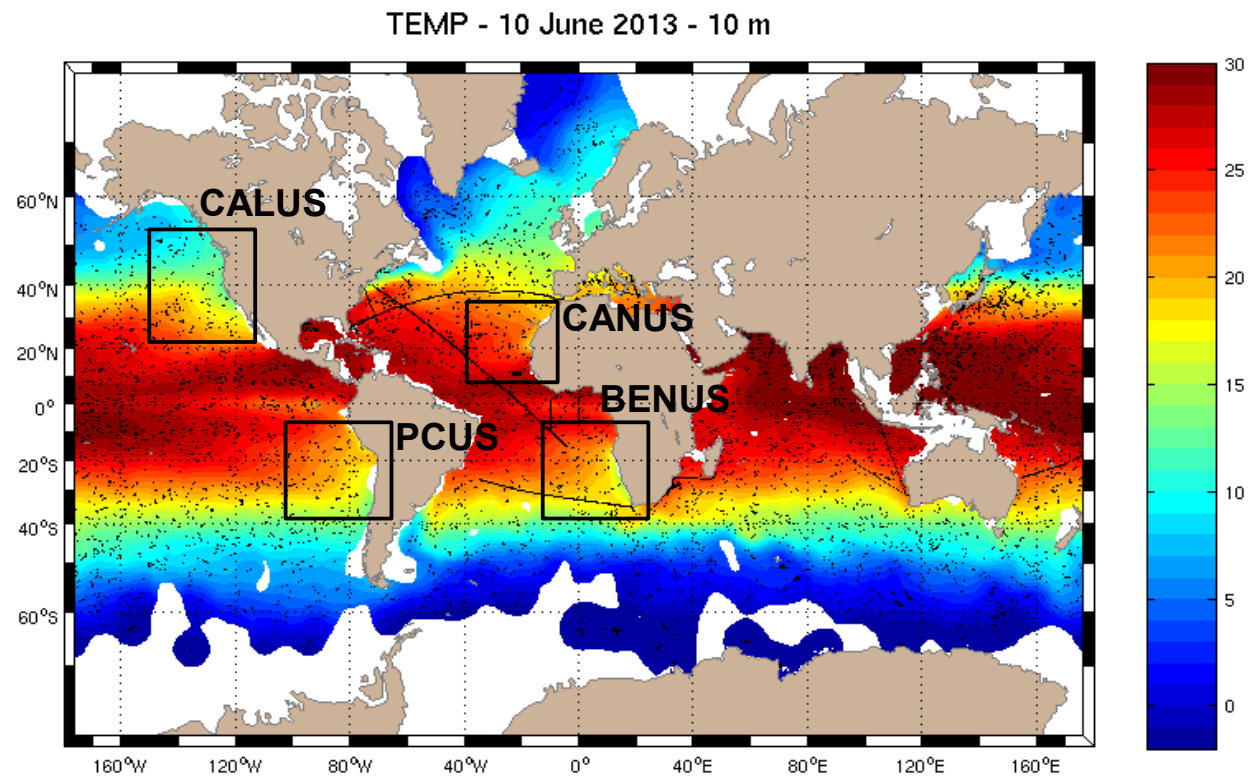
* Presenting author

1) Laboratoire d'Etudes en Géophysique et Océanographie Spatiales (LEGOS), France

cori.pegliasco@legos.obs-mip.fr

Introduction

Eastern Boundary Upwelling Systems (EBUS) are characterized by:

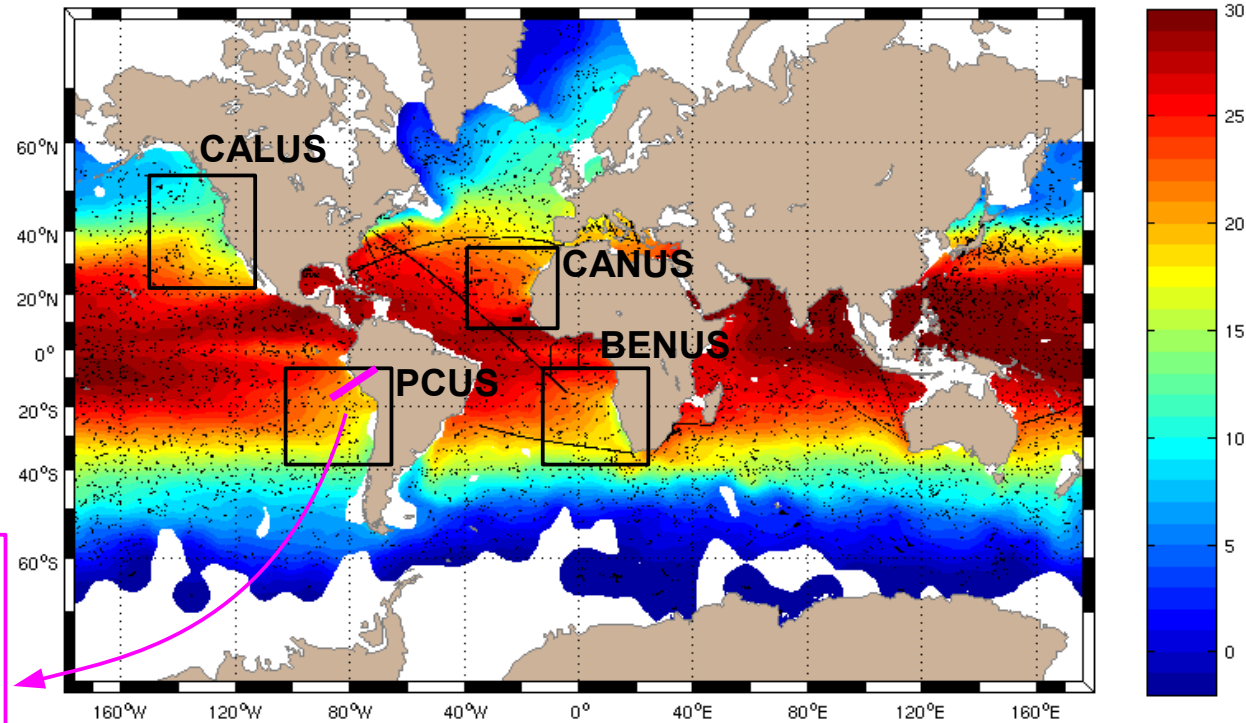


→ **Cold and productive water upwelled near the coast**

Introduction

Eastern Boundary Upwelling Systems (EBUS) are characterized by:

TEMP - 10 June 2013 - 10 m

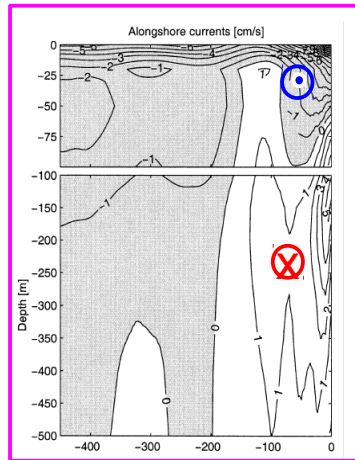


- Cold and productive water upwelled near the coast
- Equatoward surface currents
- Poleward subsurface currents

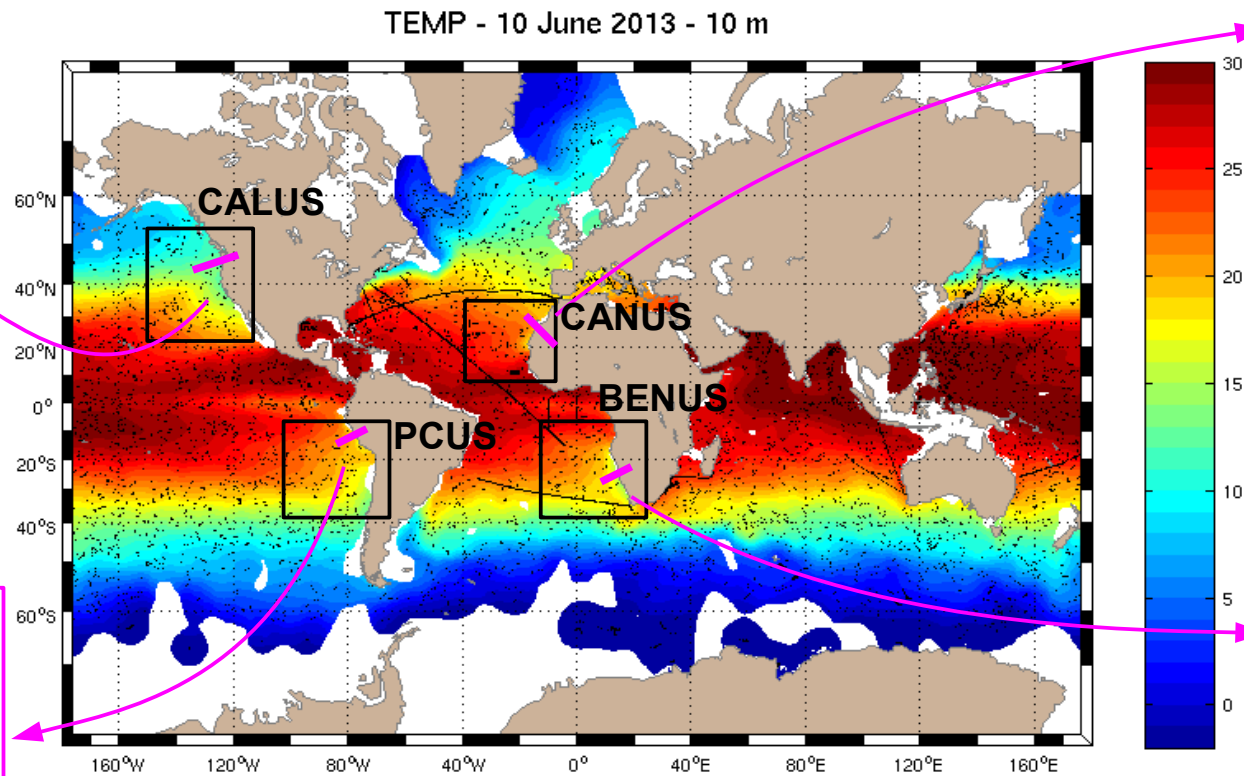
[Colas, 2008]

Introduction

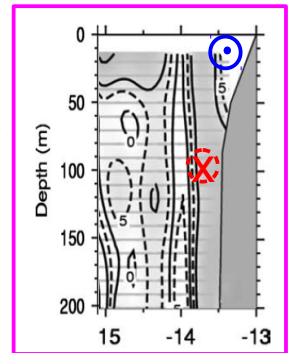
Eastern Boundary Upwelling Systems (EBUS) are characterized by:



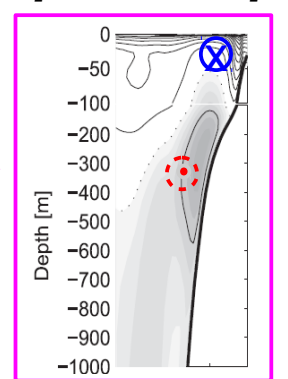
[Marchesiello, 2002]



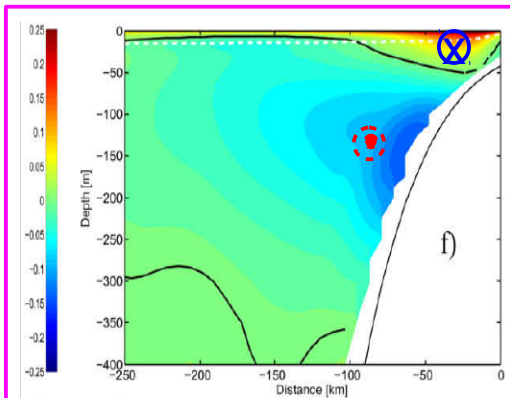
[Barton, 2004]



[Veitch, 2010]



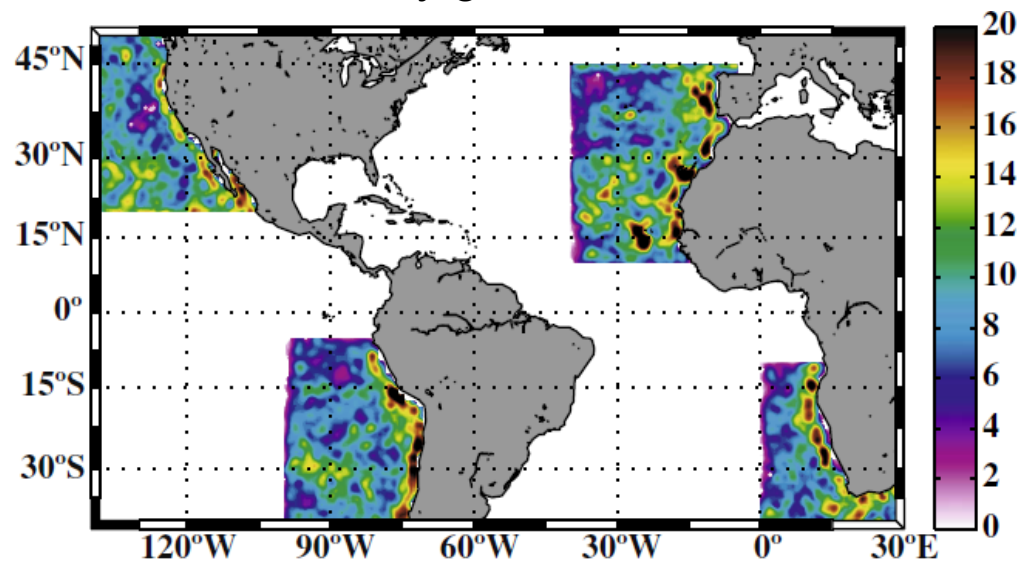
- Cold and productive water upwelled near the coast
- Equatorward surface currents
- Poleward subsurface currents
- Strong vertical shear



[Colas, 2008]

Introduction

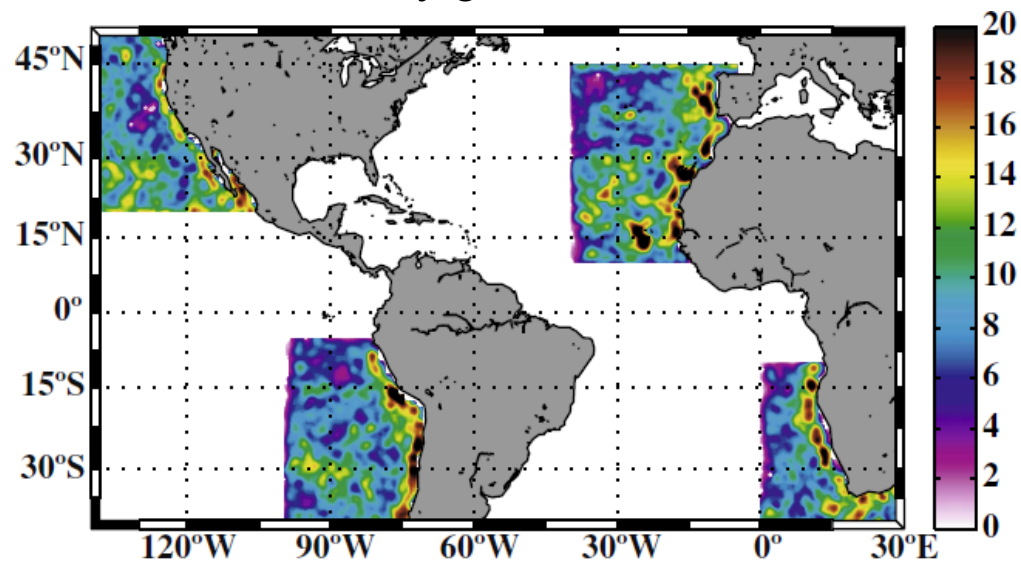
Eddy genesis



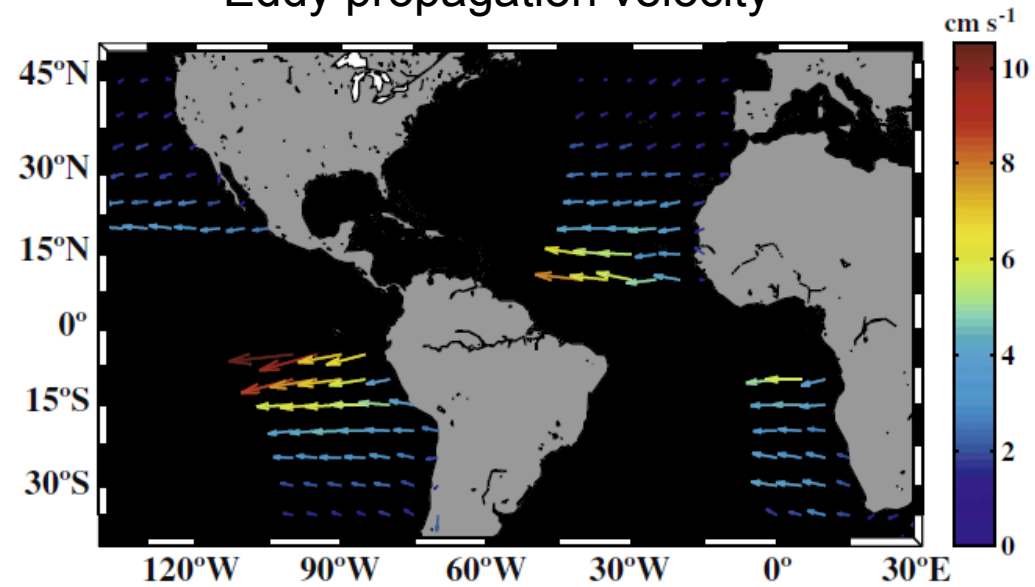
[Chaigneau et al., 2009]

Introduction

Eddy genesis



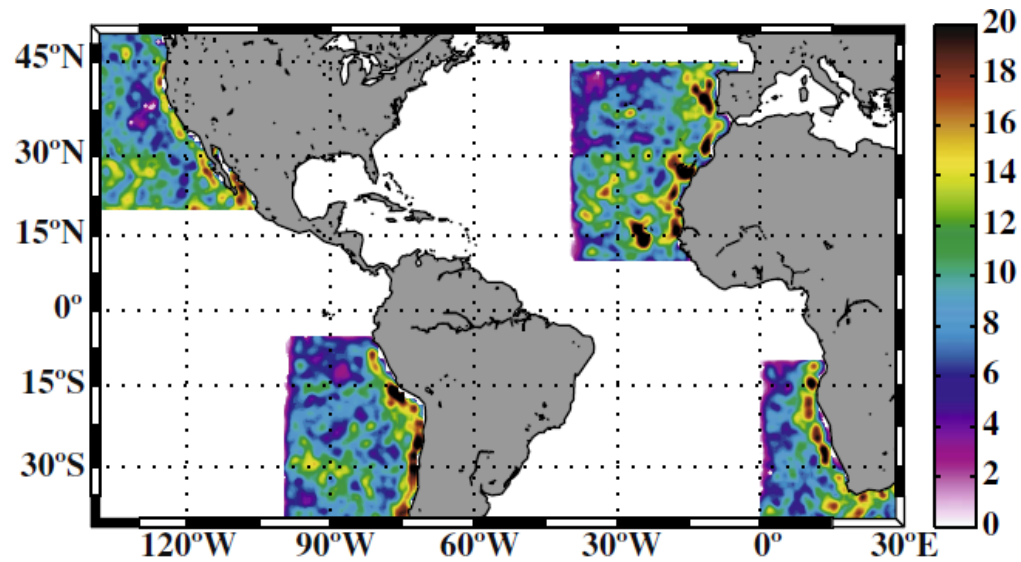
Eddy propagation velocity



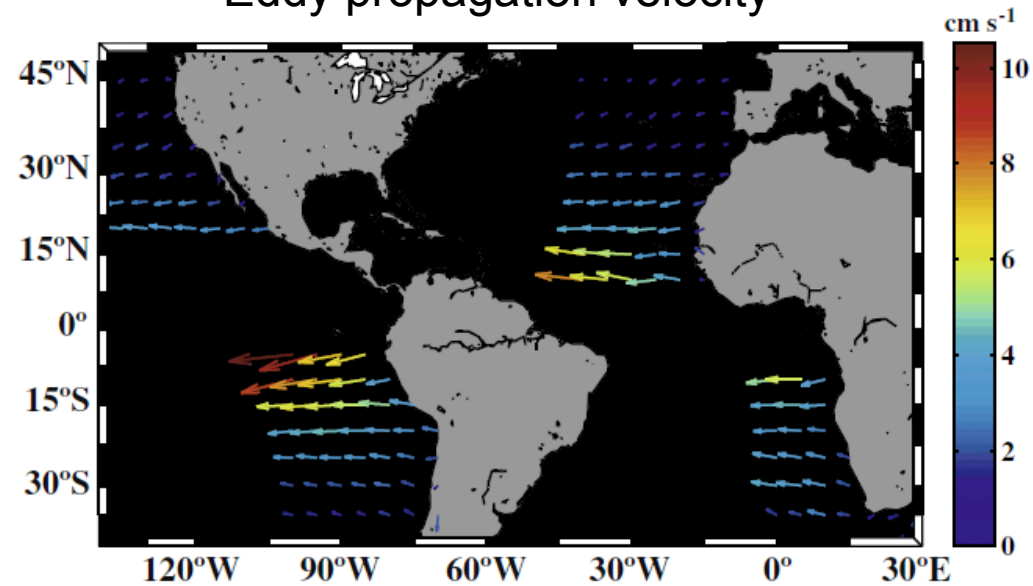
[Chaigneau et al., 2009]

Introduction

Eddy genesis



Eddy propagation velocity



[Chaigneau et al., 2009]

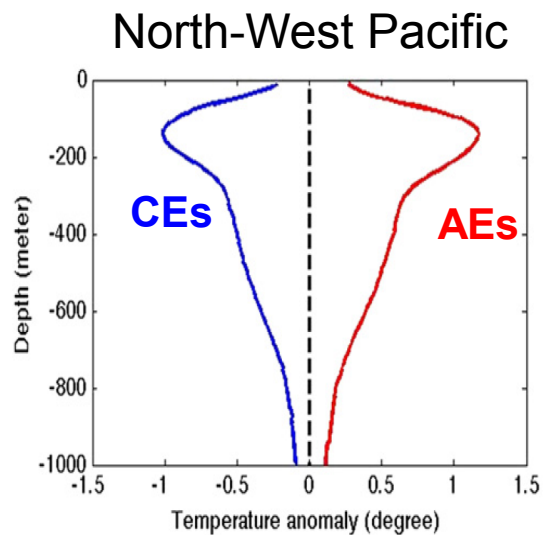
Do eddies also share similar vertical structure ?

Objective

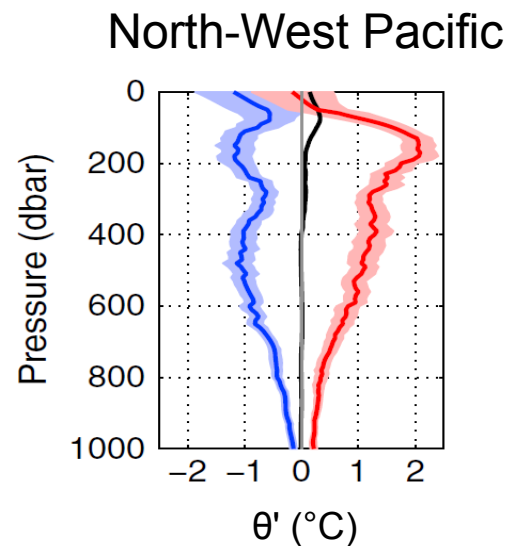
**Depict the eddy vertical structure in the 4 EBUS,
combining altimetry and ARGO floats profiles**

Objective

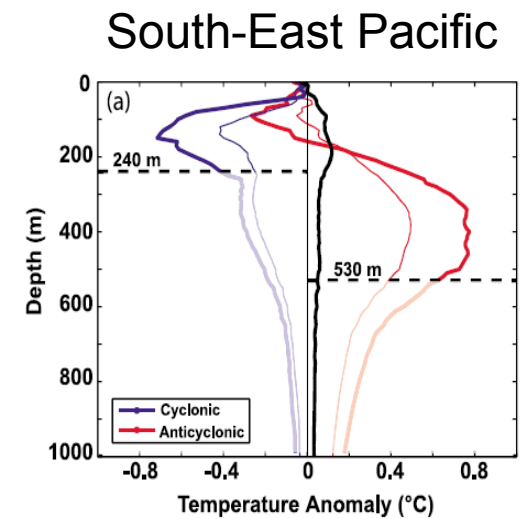
Depict the eddy vertical structure in the 4 EBUS, combining altimetry and ARGO floats profiles



[Yu et al., 2012]



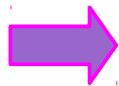
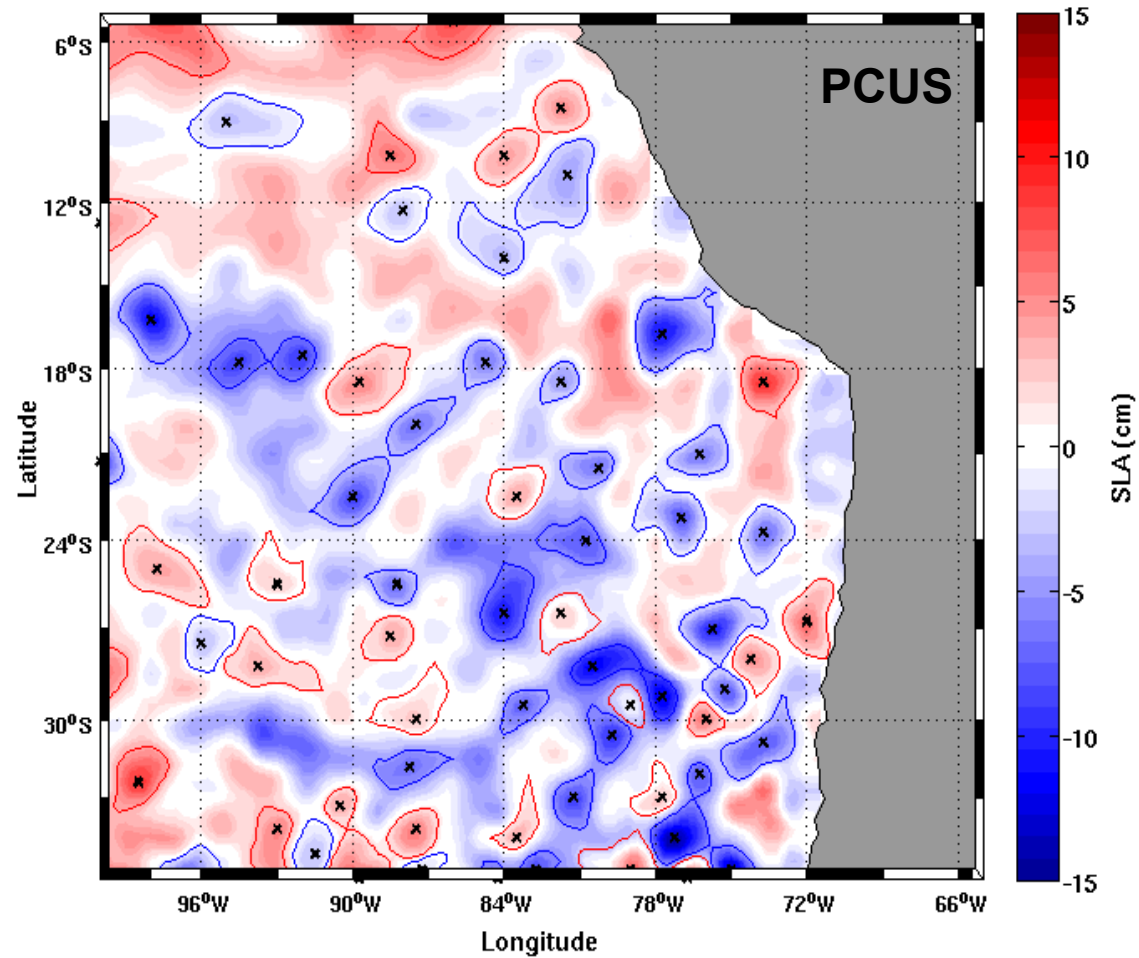
[Yang et al., 2013]



[Chaigneau et al., 2011]

Data & Method

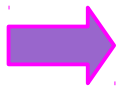
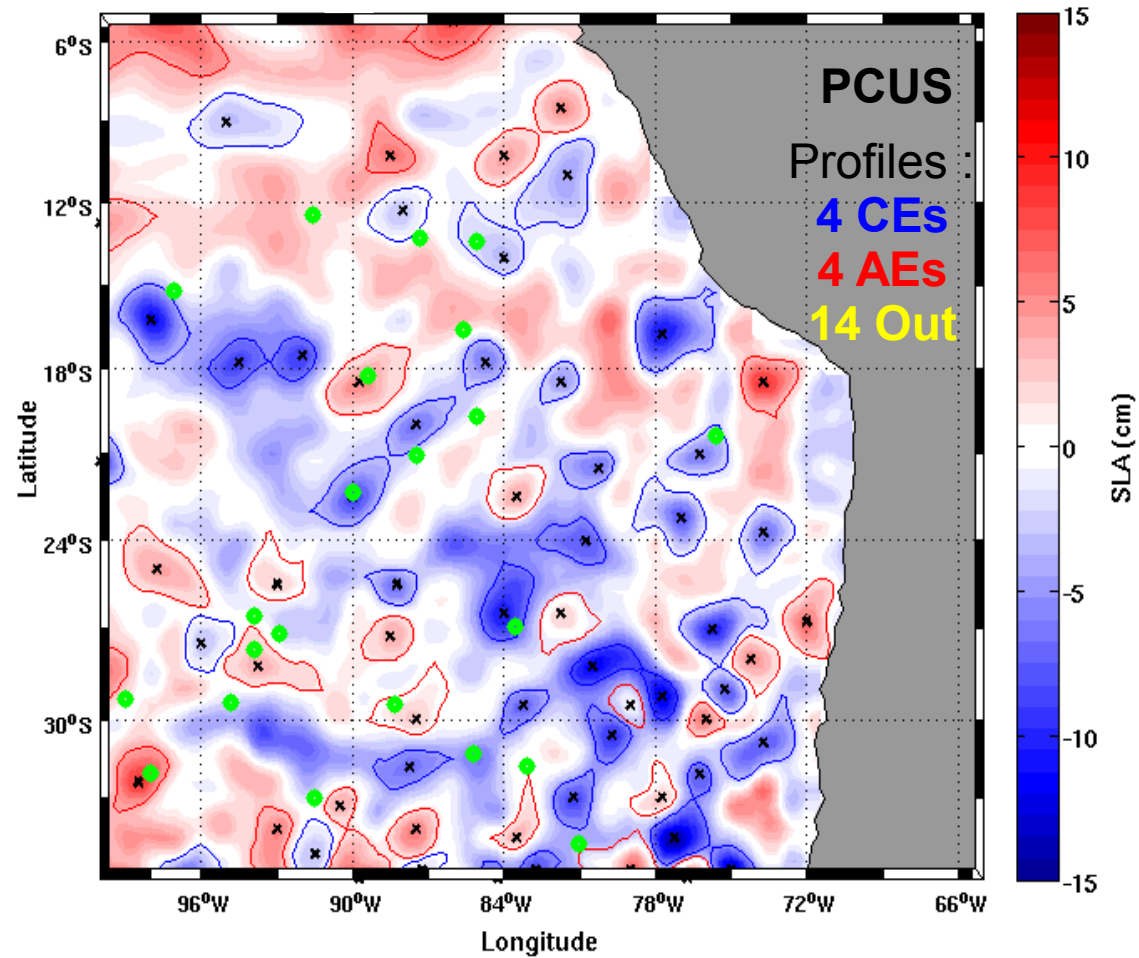
Weekly altimetry
maps
2001 - 2012



Automated eddy detection skills (amplitude > 2 cm)
[Chaigneau et al., 2008]

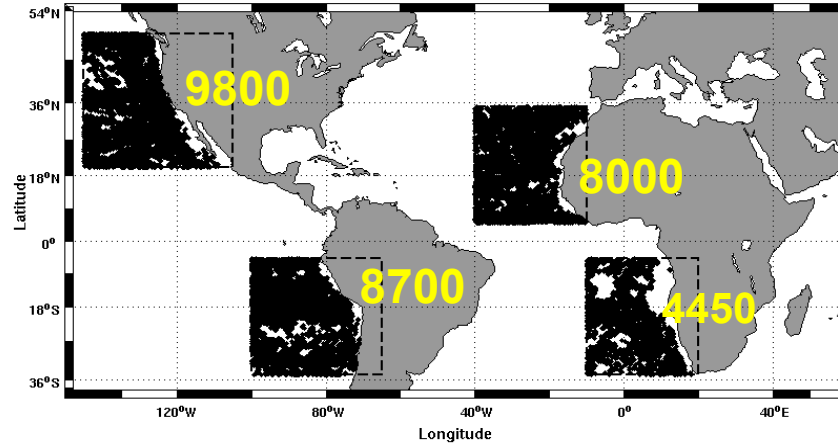
Data & Method

ARGO
profiles
+
altimetry

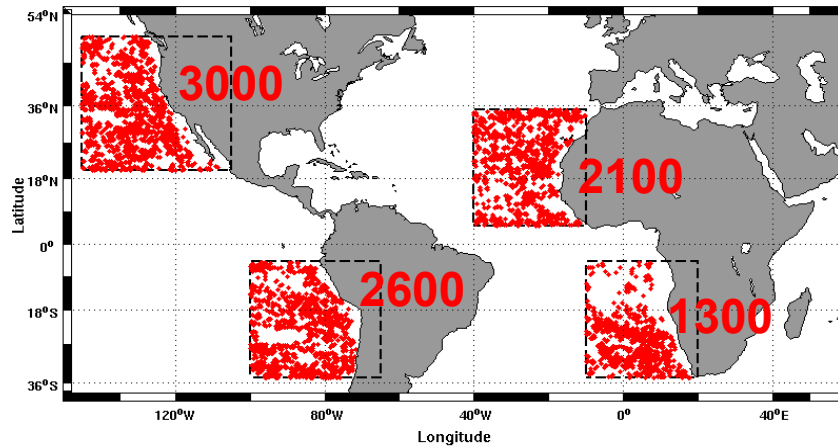


Classification of the ARGO profiles
within CE, AE or outside eddies

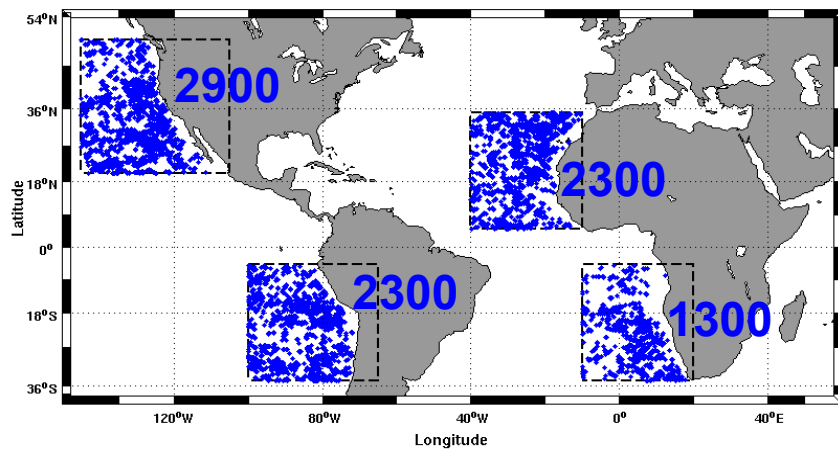
Data & Method



Outside Eddies (OEs)
~60 %

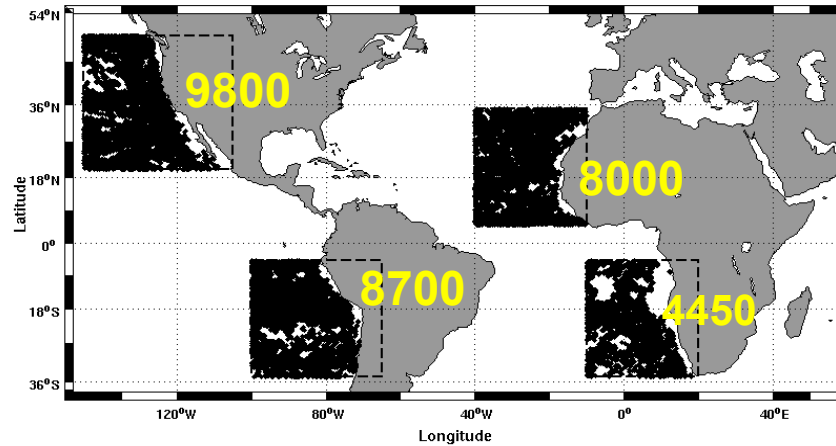


Anticyclonic Eddies (AEs)
~20 %

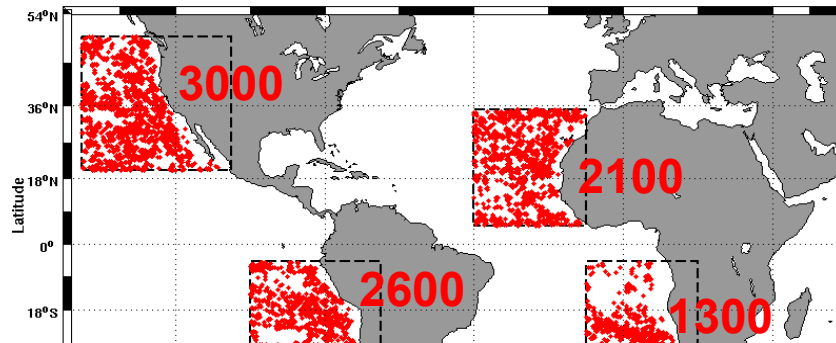


Cyclonic Eddies (CEs)
~20 %

Data & Method

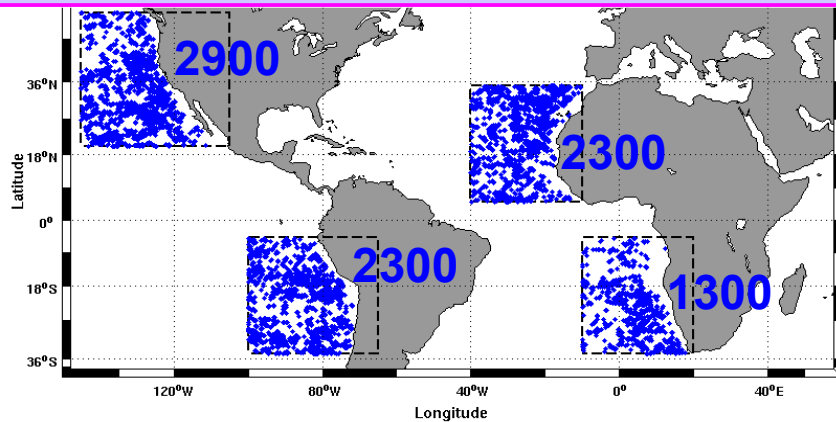


Outside Eddies (OEs)
~60 %



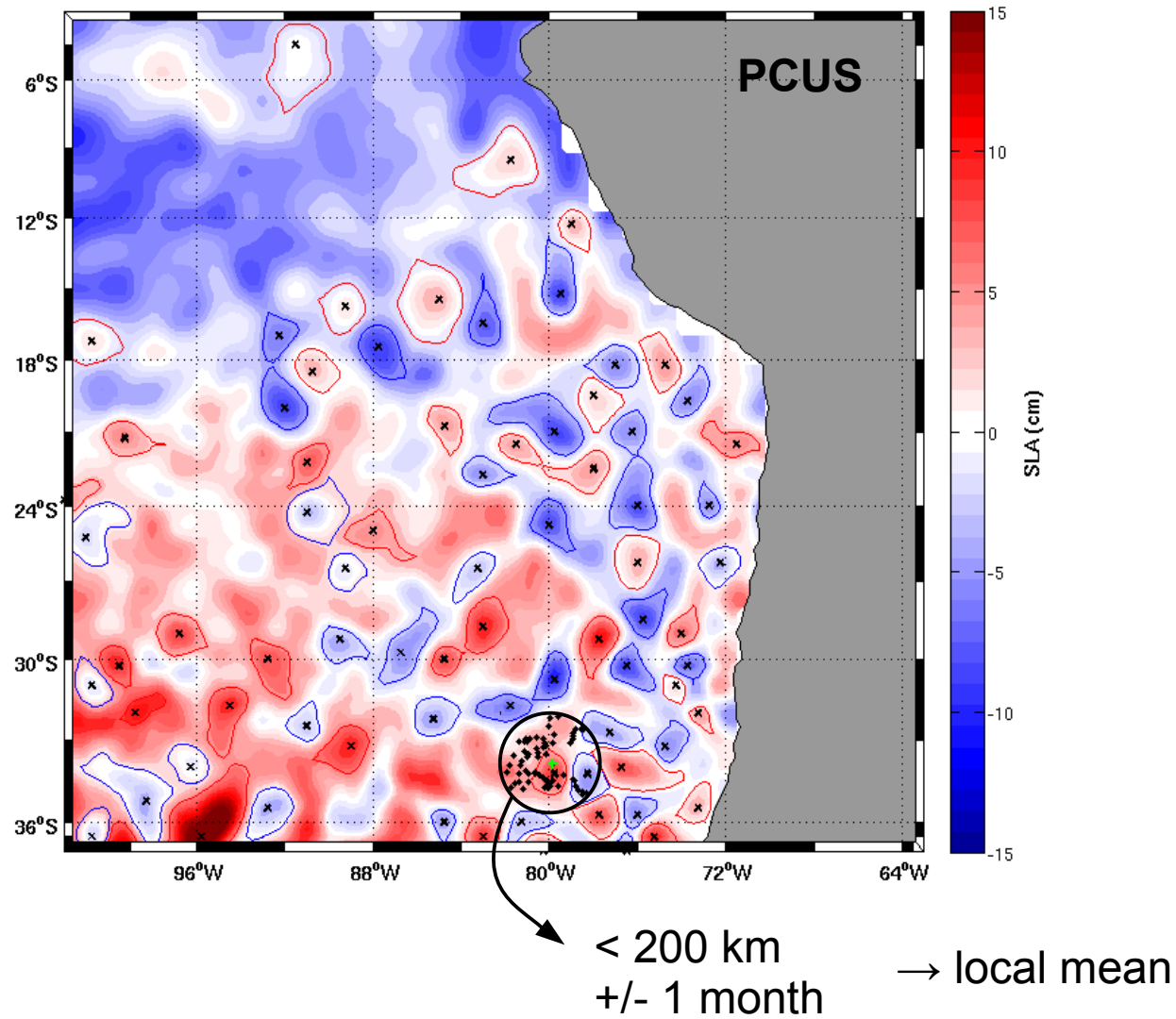
Anticyclonic Eddies (AEs)
~20 %

→ Temperature and salinity anomalies

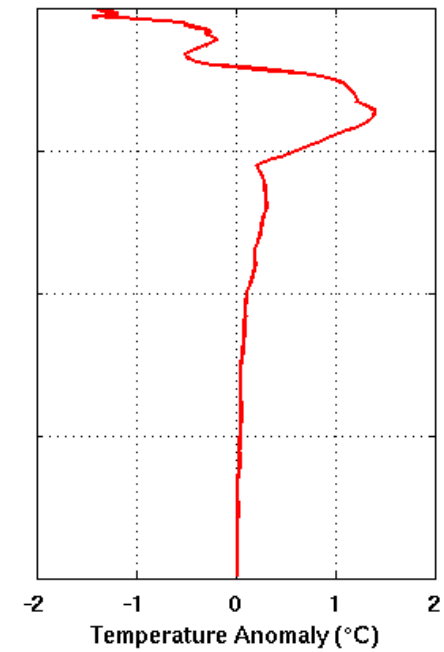
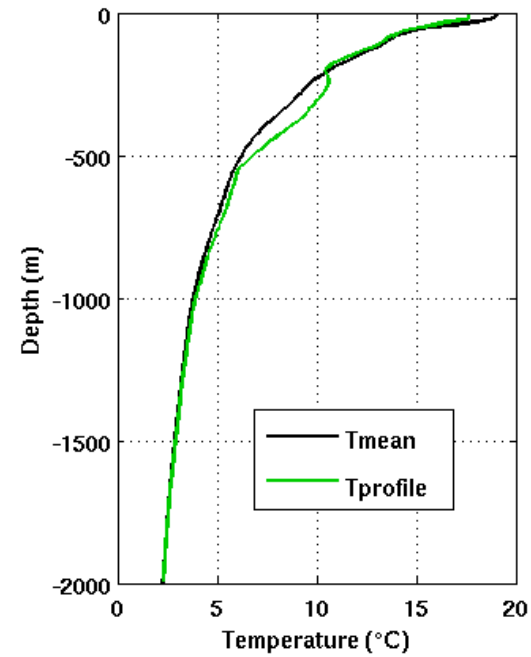
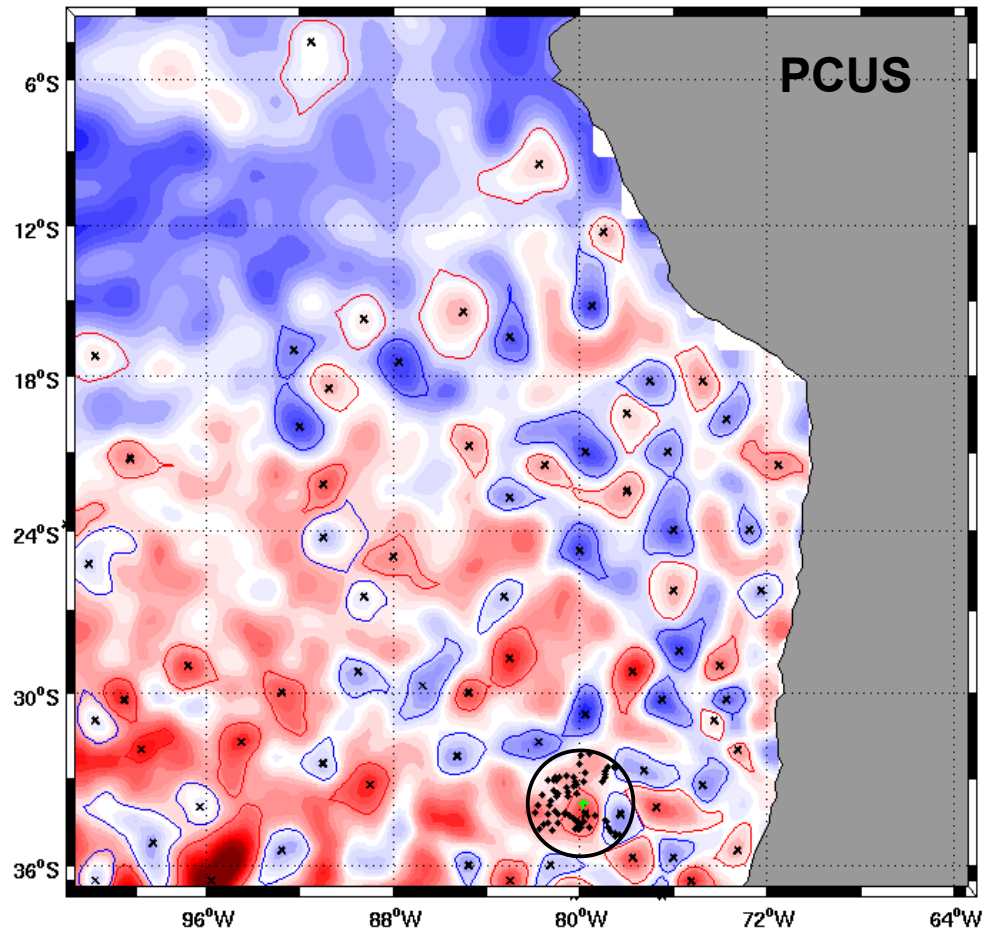


Cyclonic Eddies (CEs)
~20 %

Data & Method

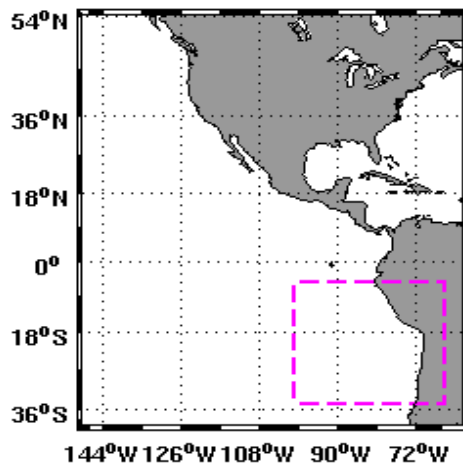
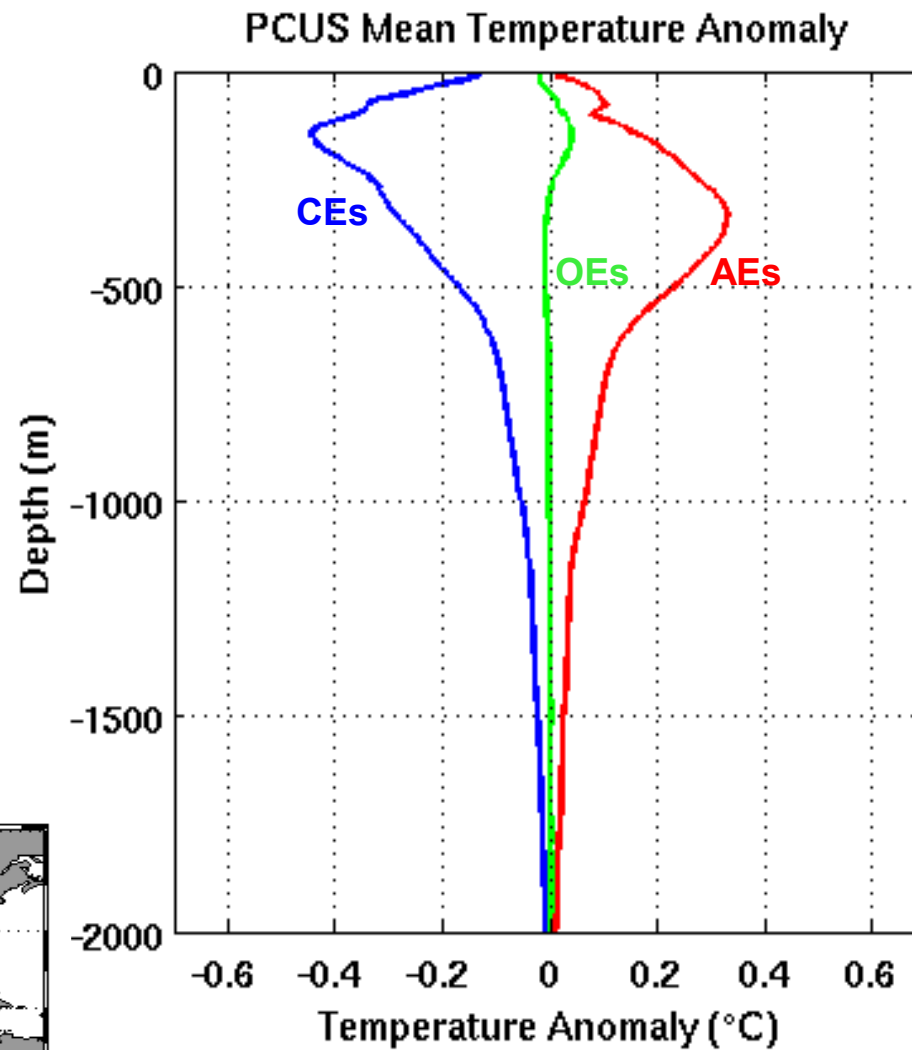


Data & Method

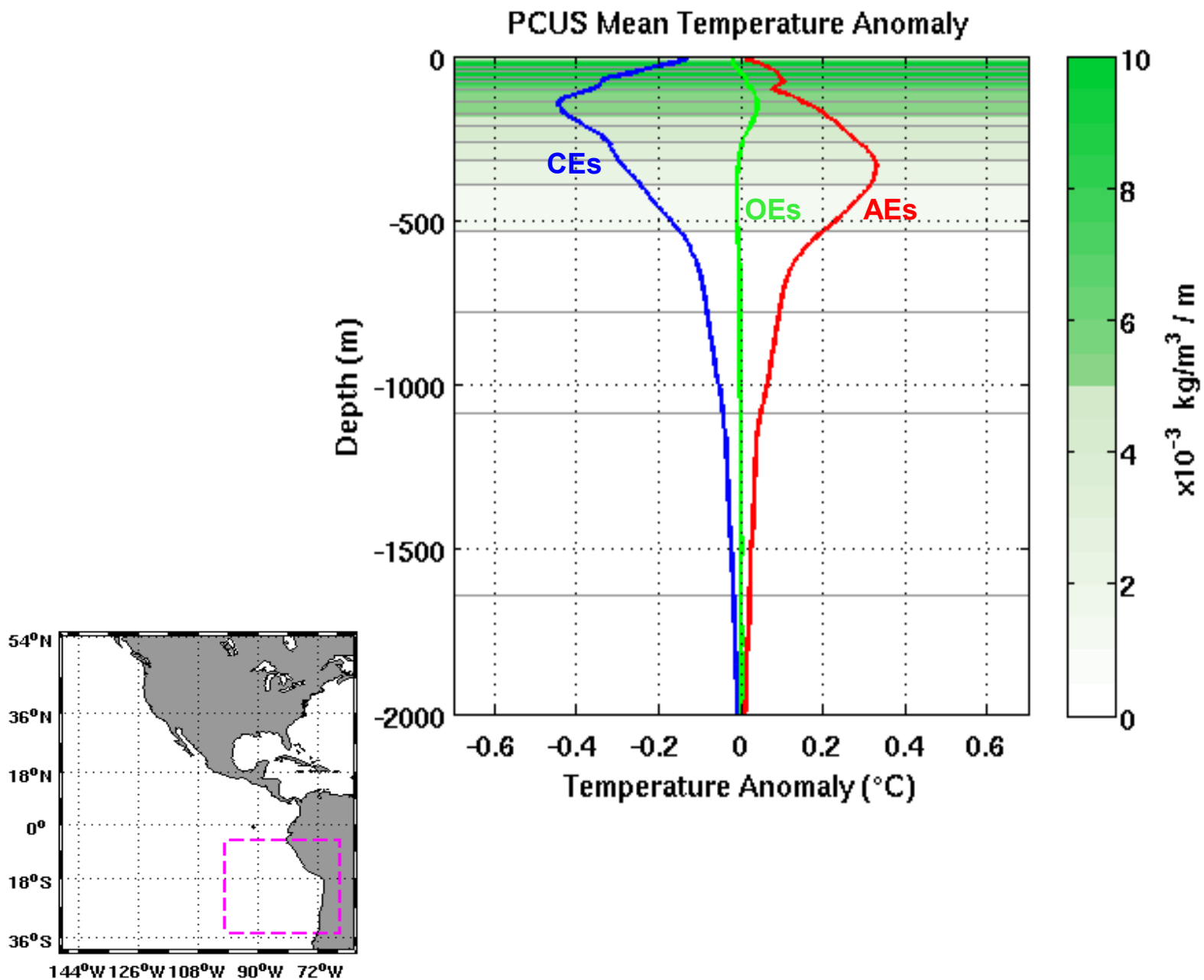


Done for all the available profiles
→ within AEs
→ within CEs
→ outside eddies

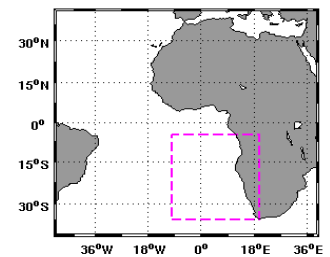
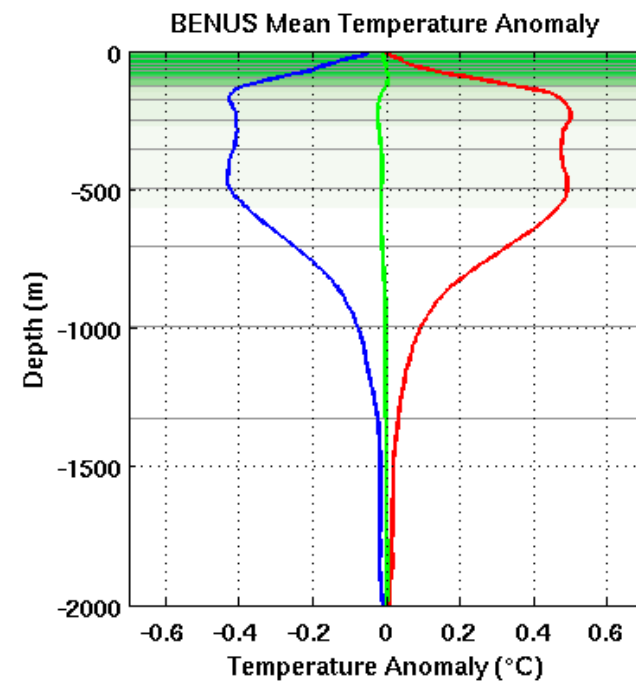
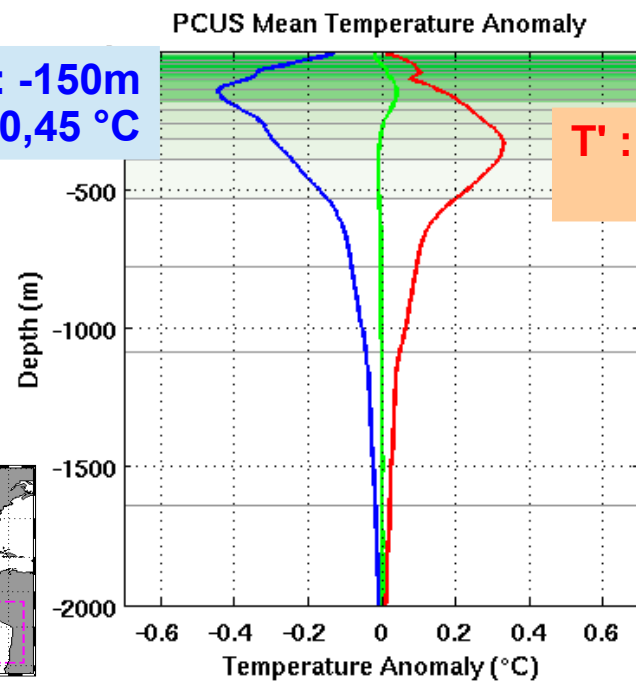
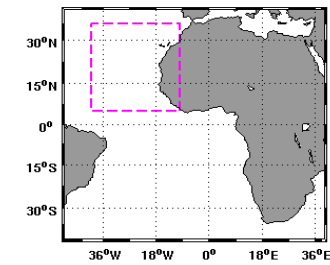
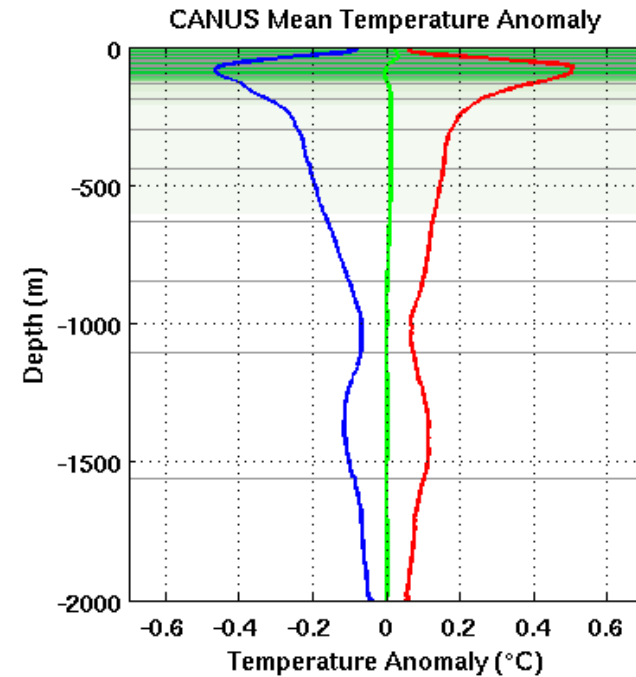
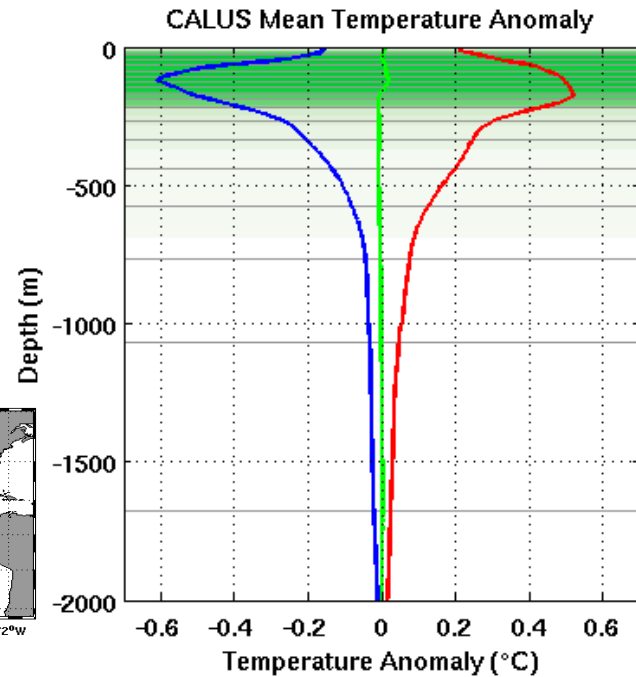
Results : Mean temperature anomaly



Results : Mean temperature anomaly



Results : Mean temperature anomaly

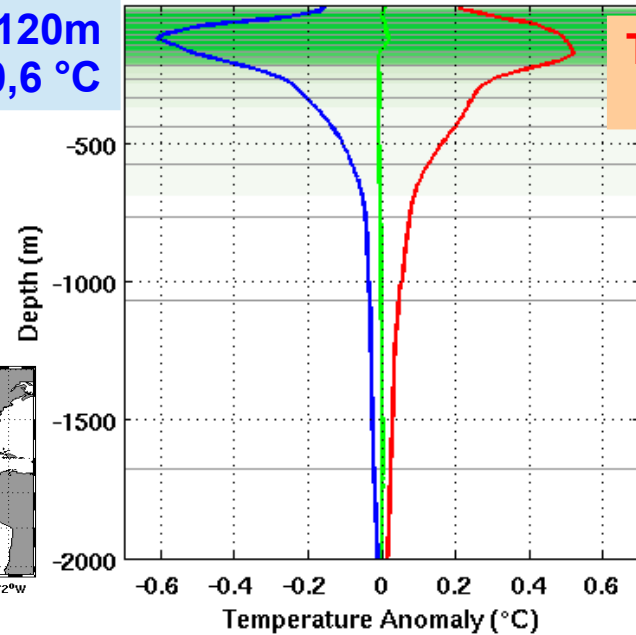


Results : Mean temperature anomaly

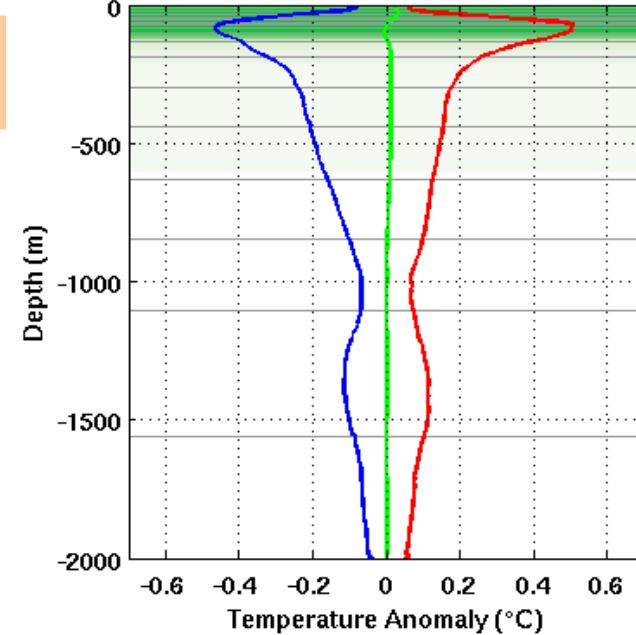
CALUS Mean Temperature Anomaly

T' : -120m
-0,6 °C

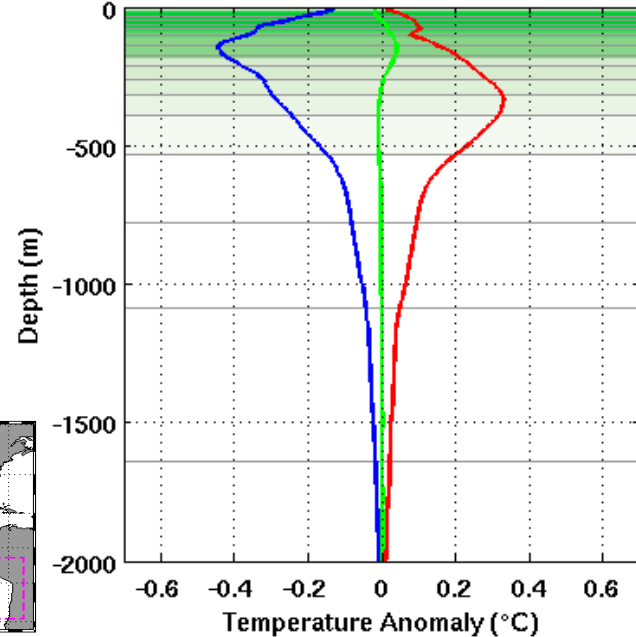
T' : -170m
0,5 °C



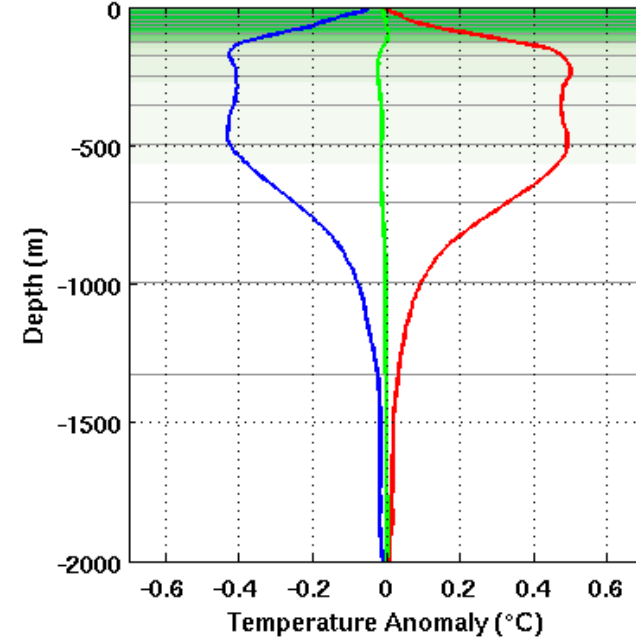
CANUS Mean Temperature Anomaly



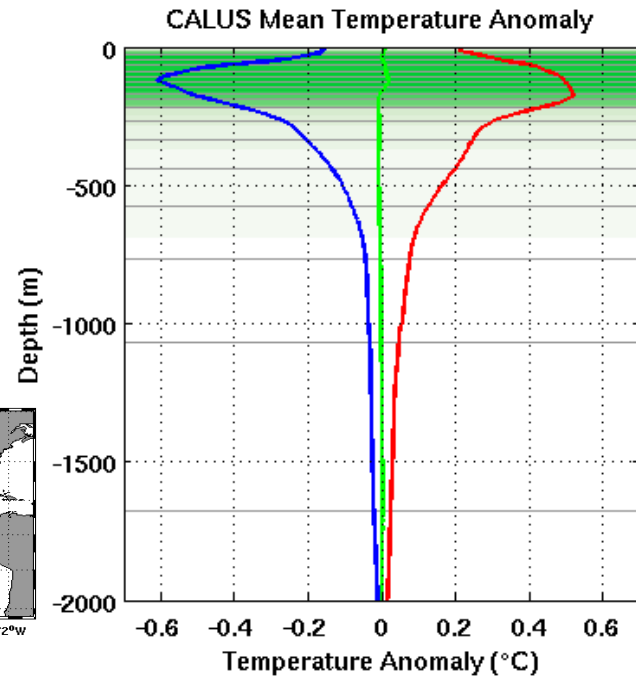
PCUS Mean Temperature Anomaly



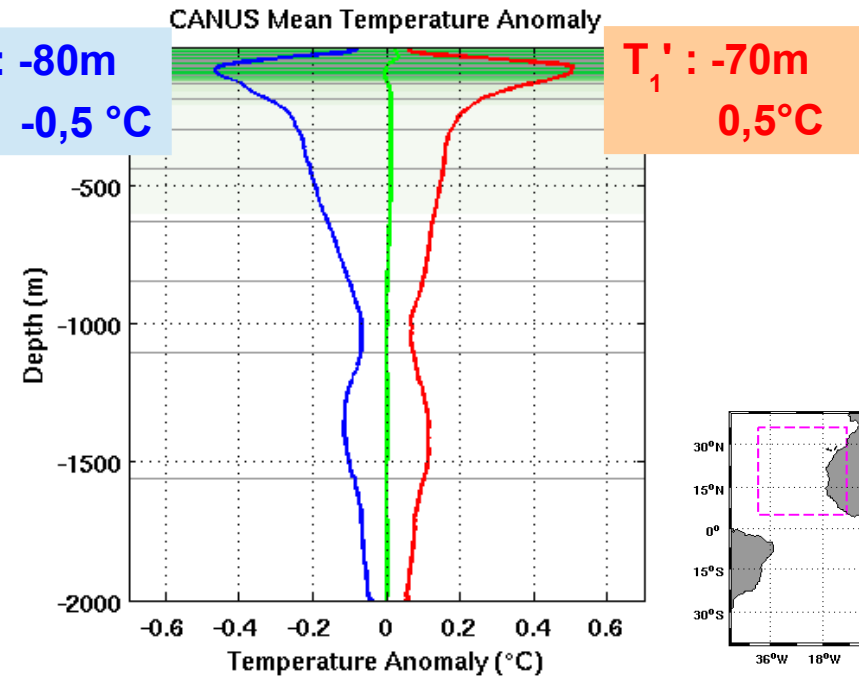
BENUS Mean Temperature Anomaly



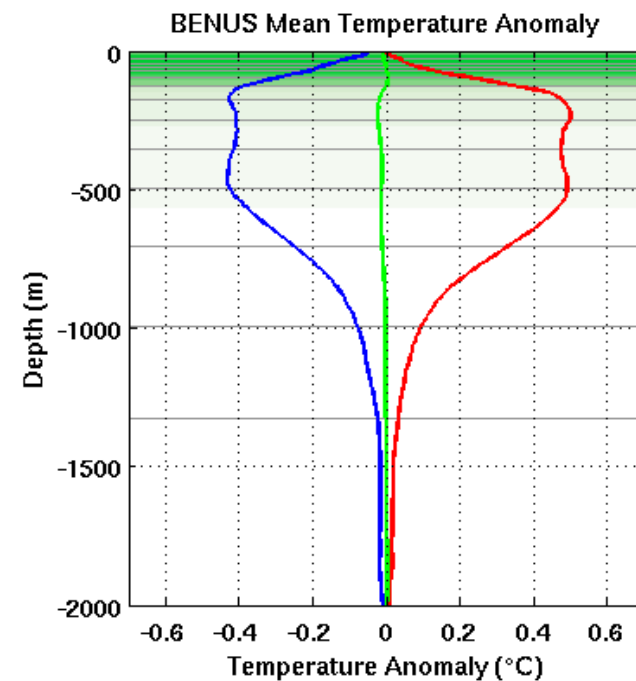
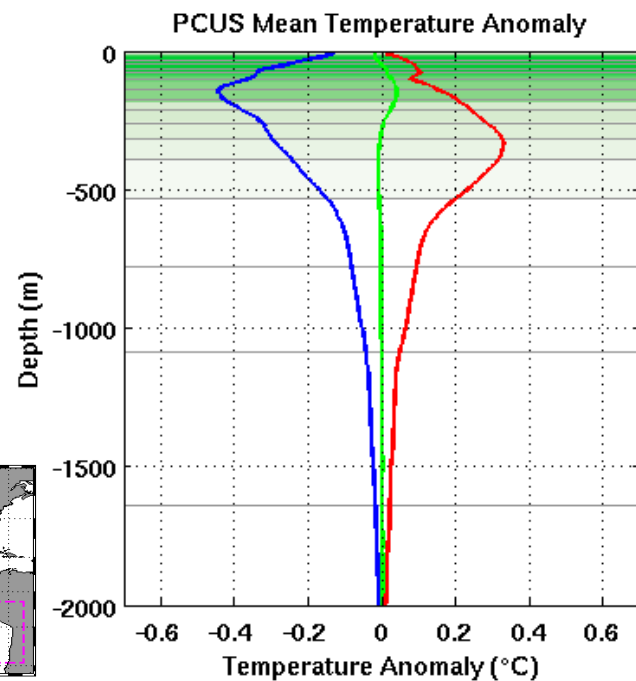
Results : Mean temperature anomaly



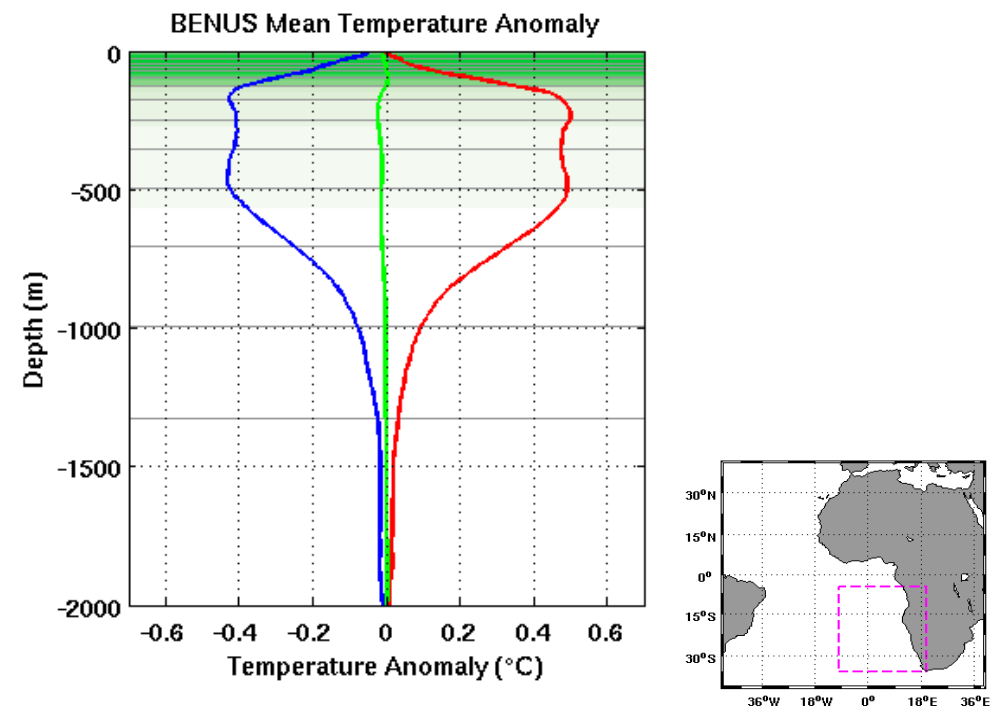
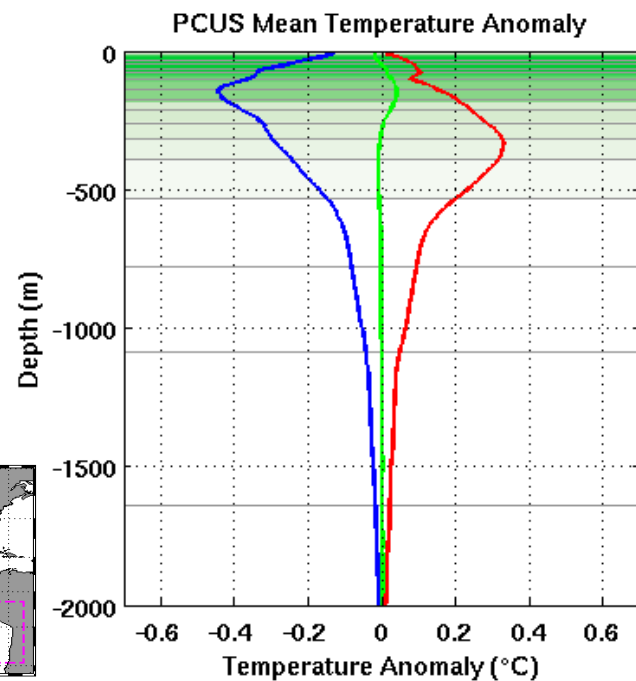
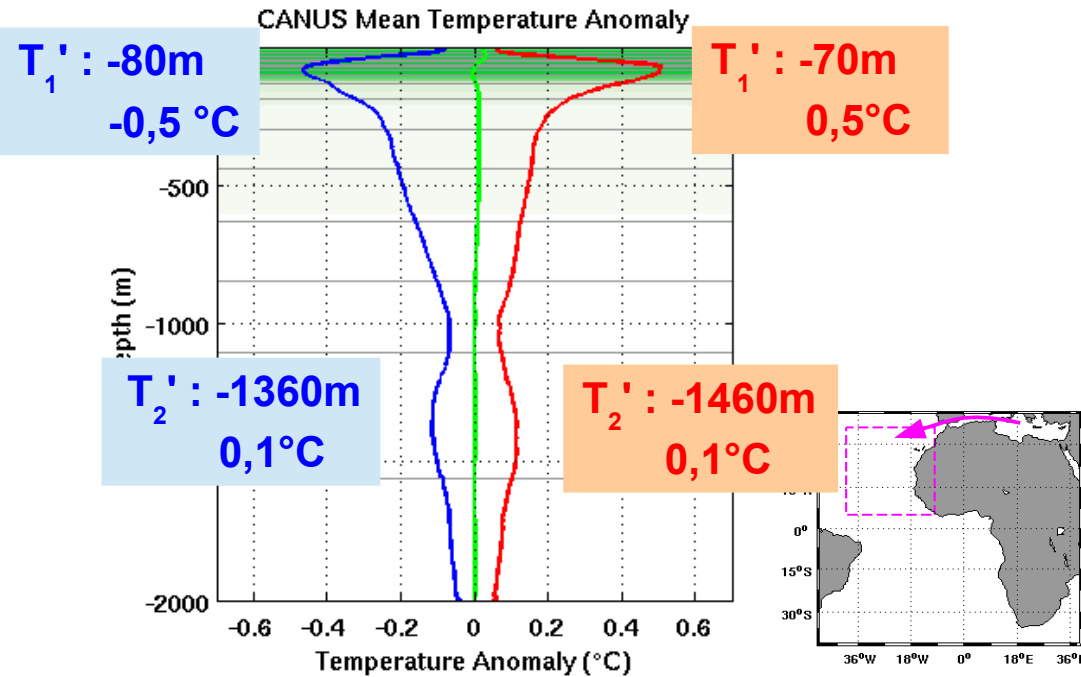
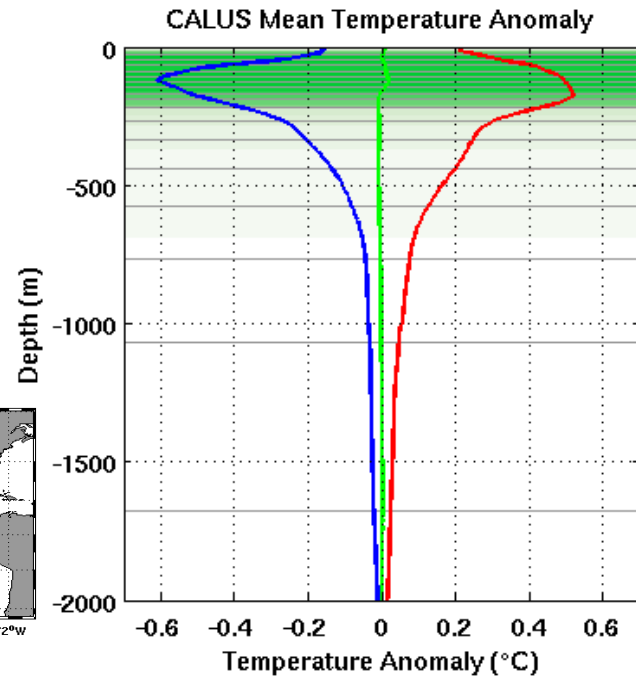
T_1' : -80m
-0,5 °C



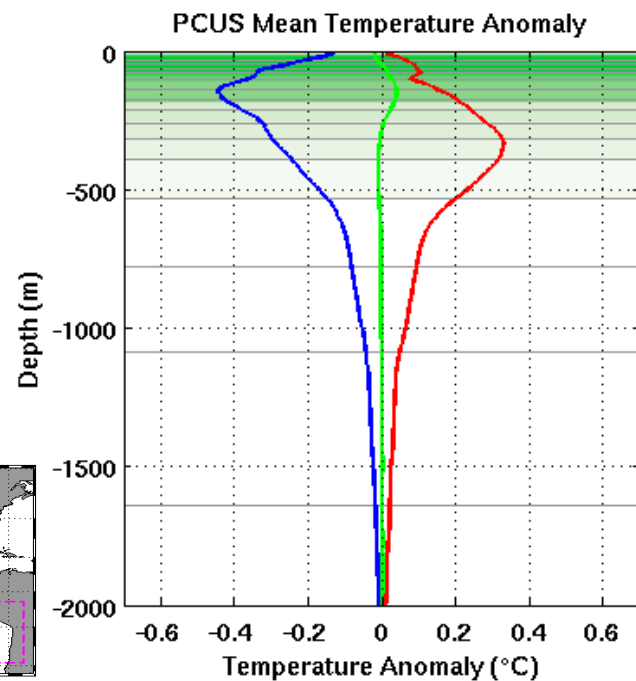
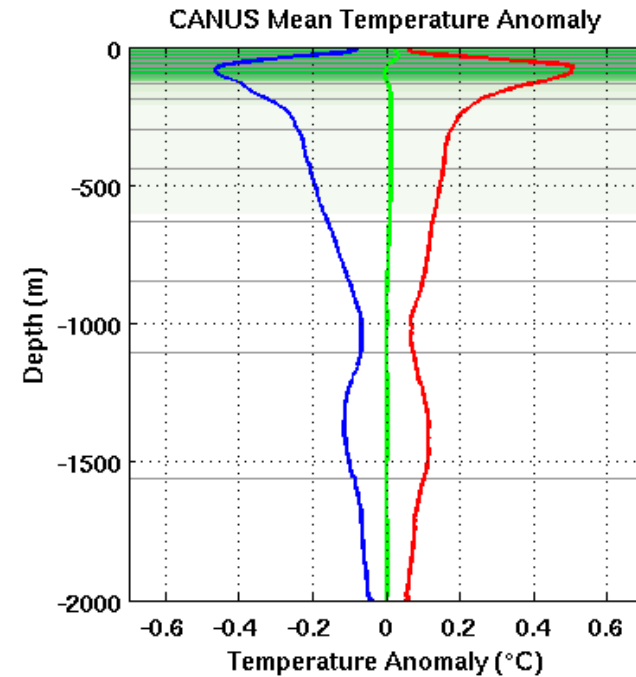
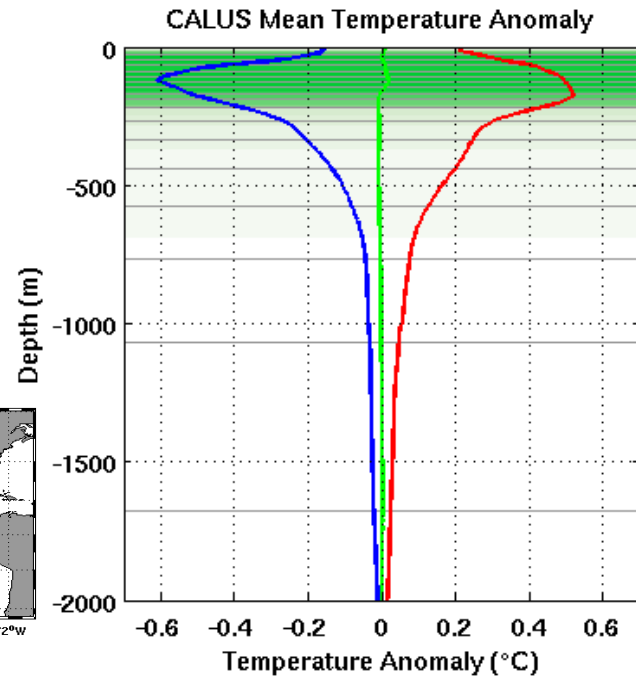
T_1' : -70m
0,5 °C



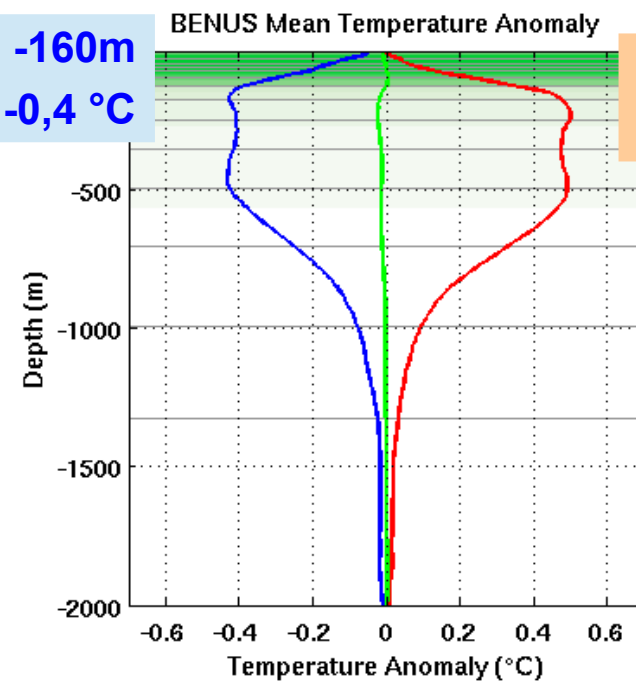
Results : Mean temperature anomaly



Results : Mean temperature anomaly

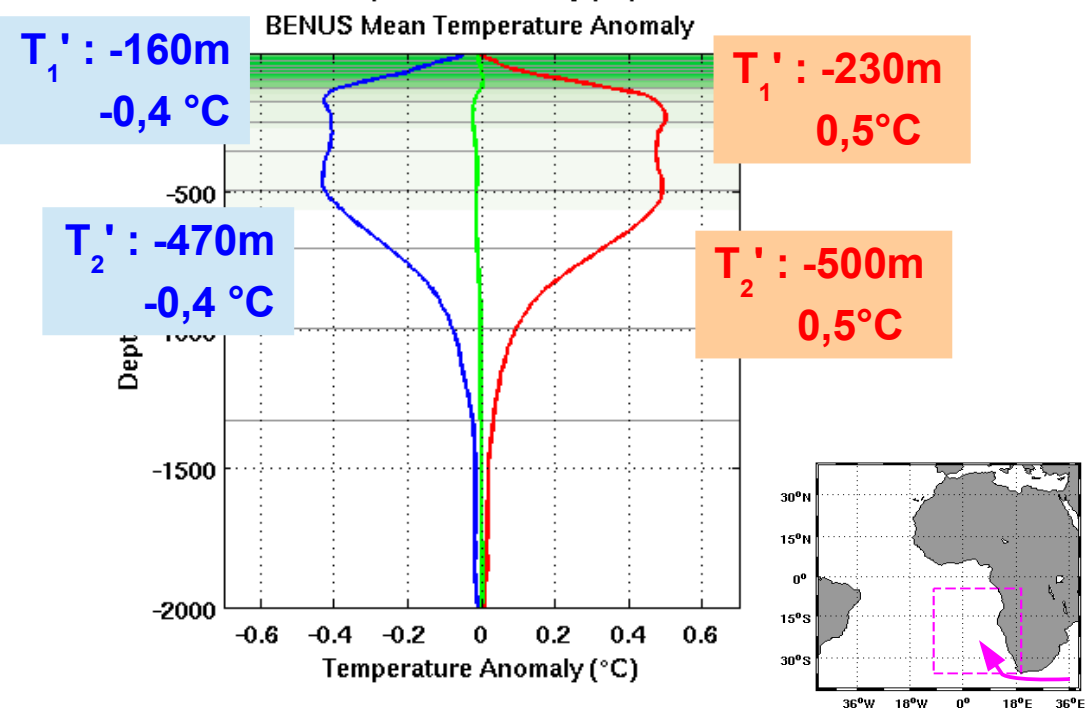
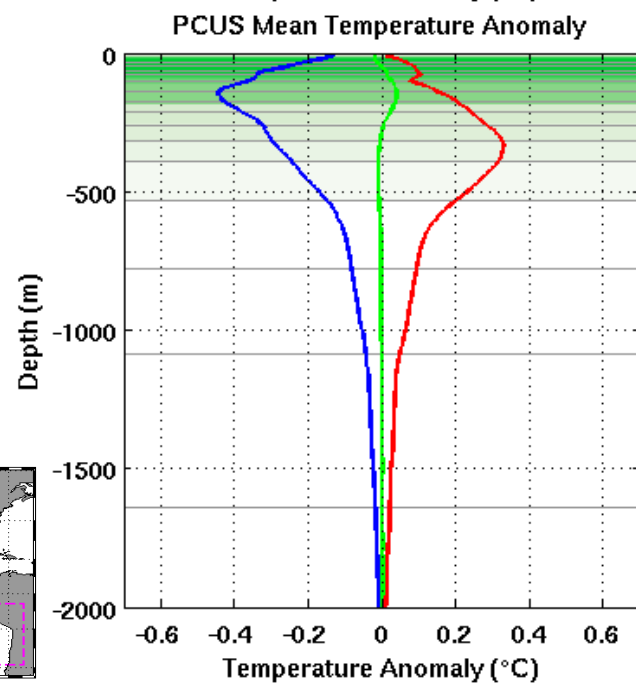
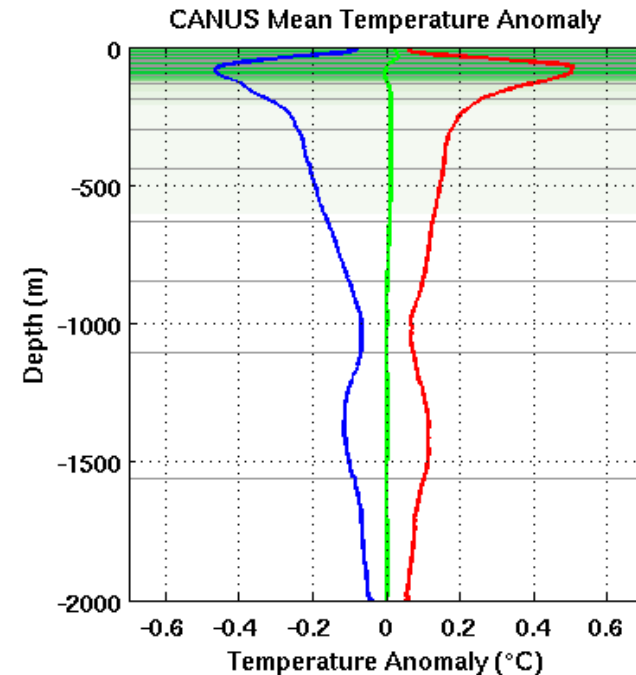
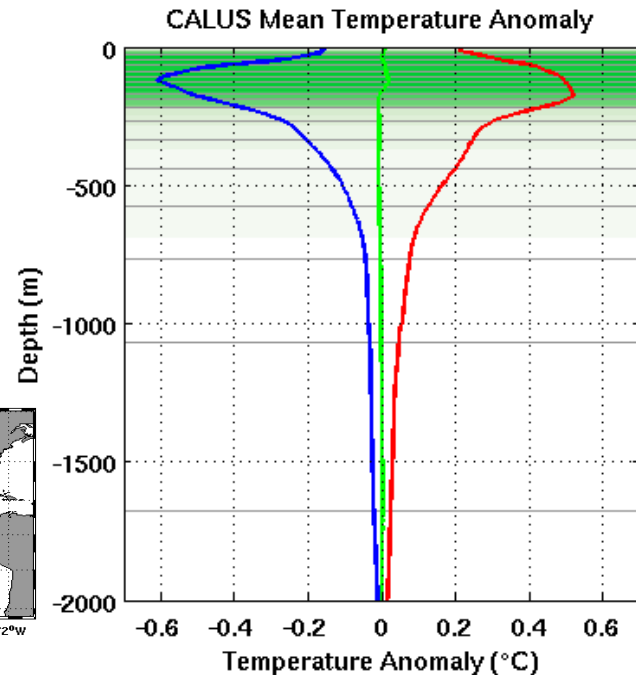


T_1' : -160m
-0,4 °C

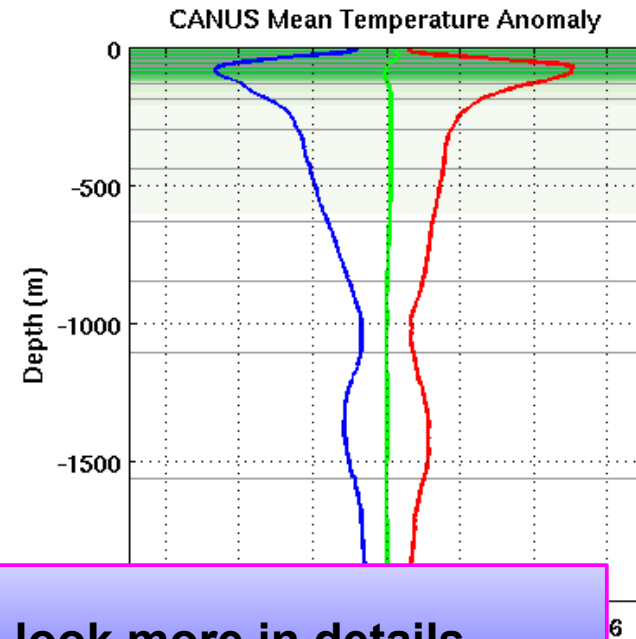
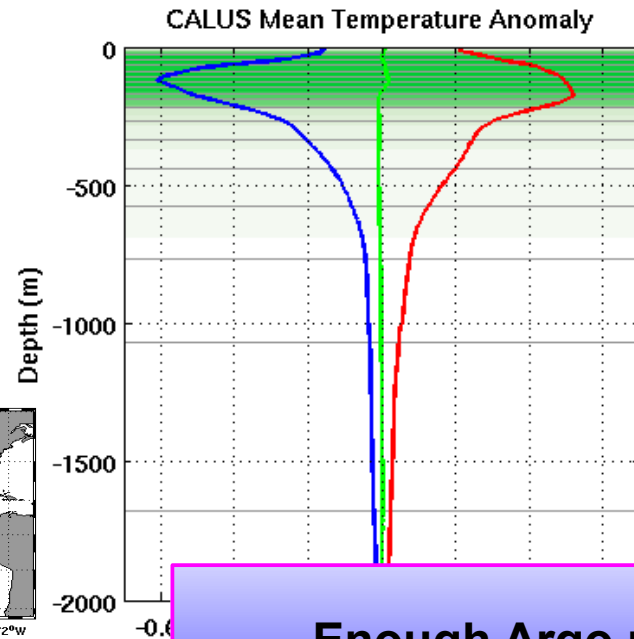


T_1' : -230m
0,5°C

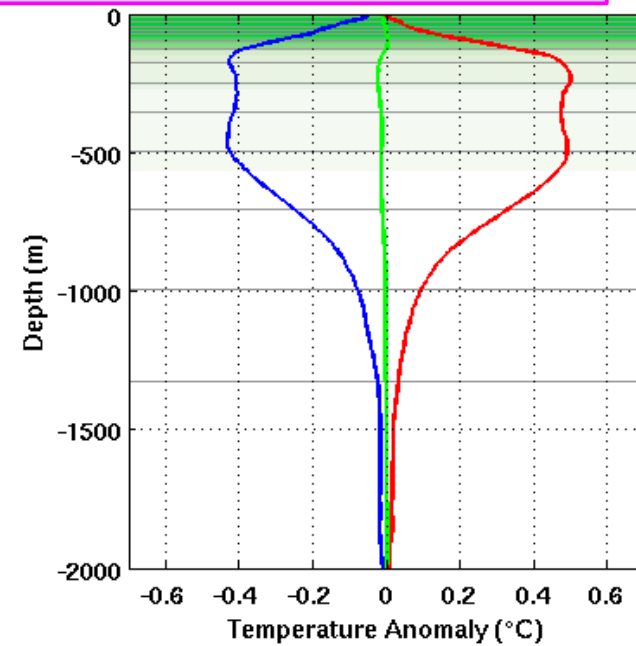
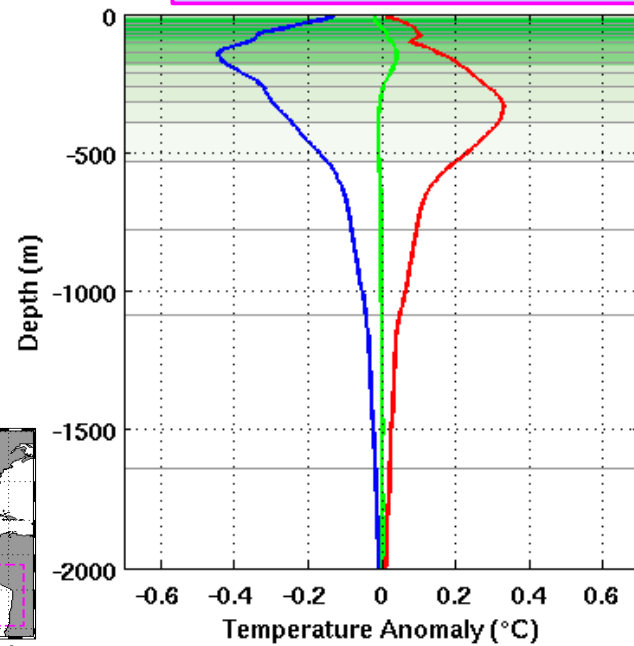
Results : Mean temperature anomaly



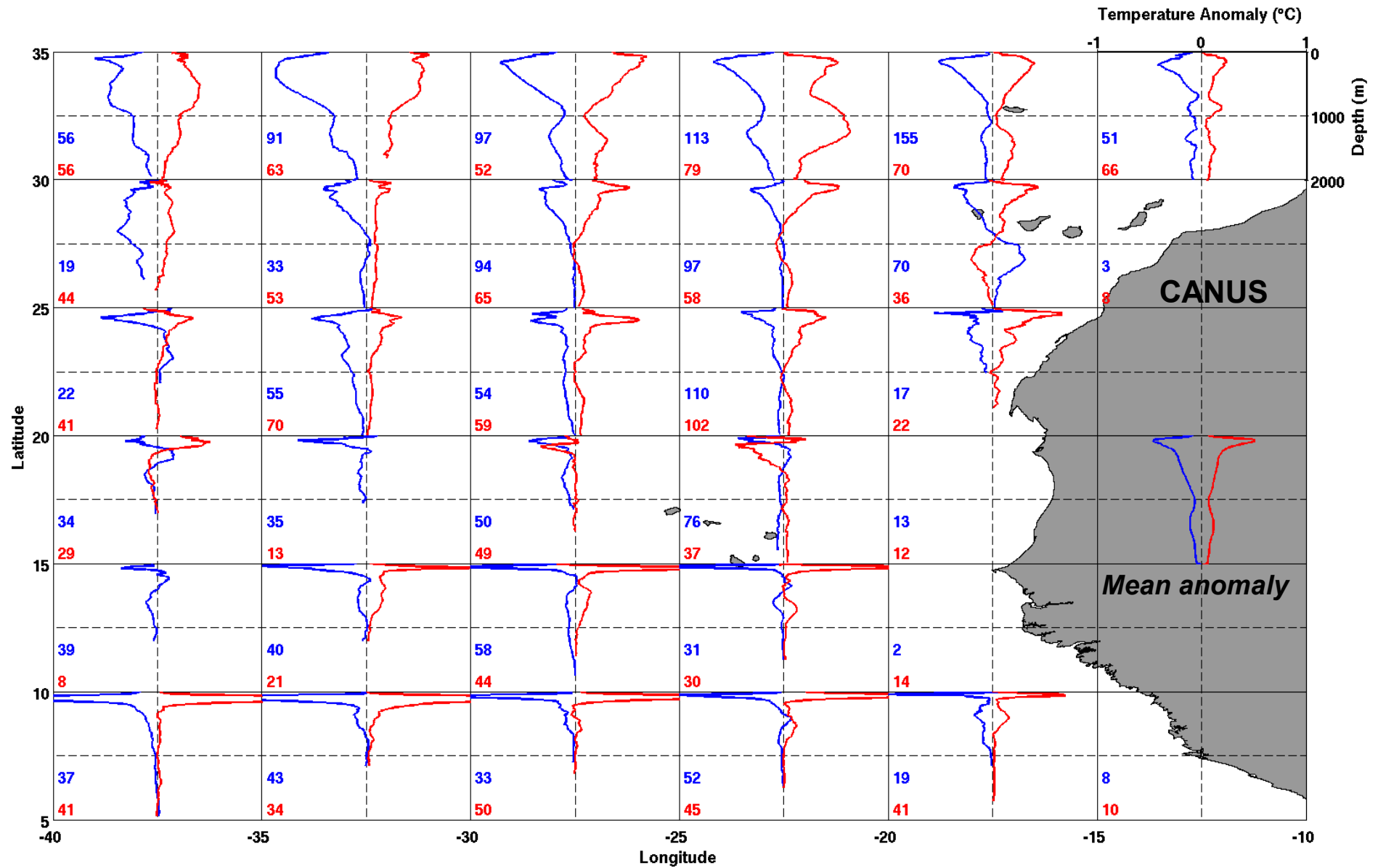
Results : Mean temperature anomaly



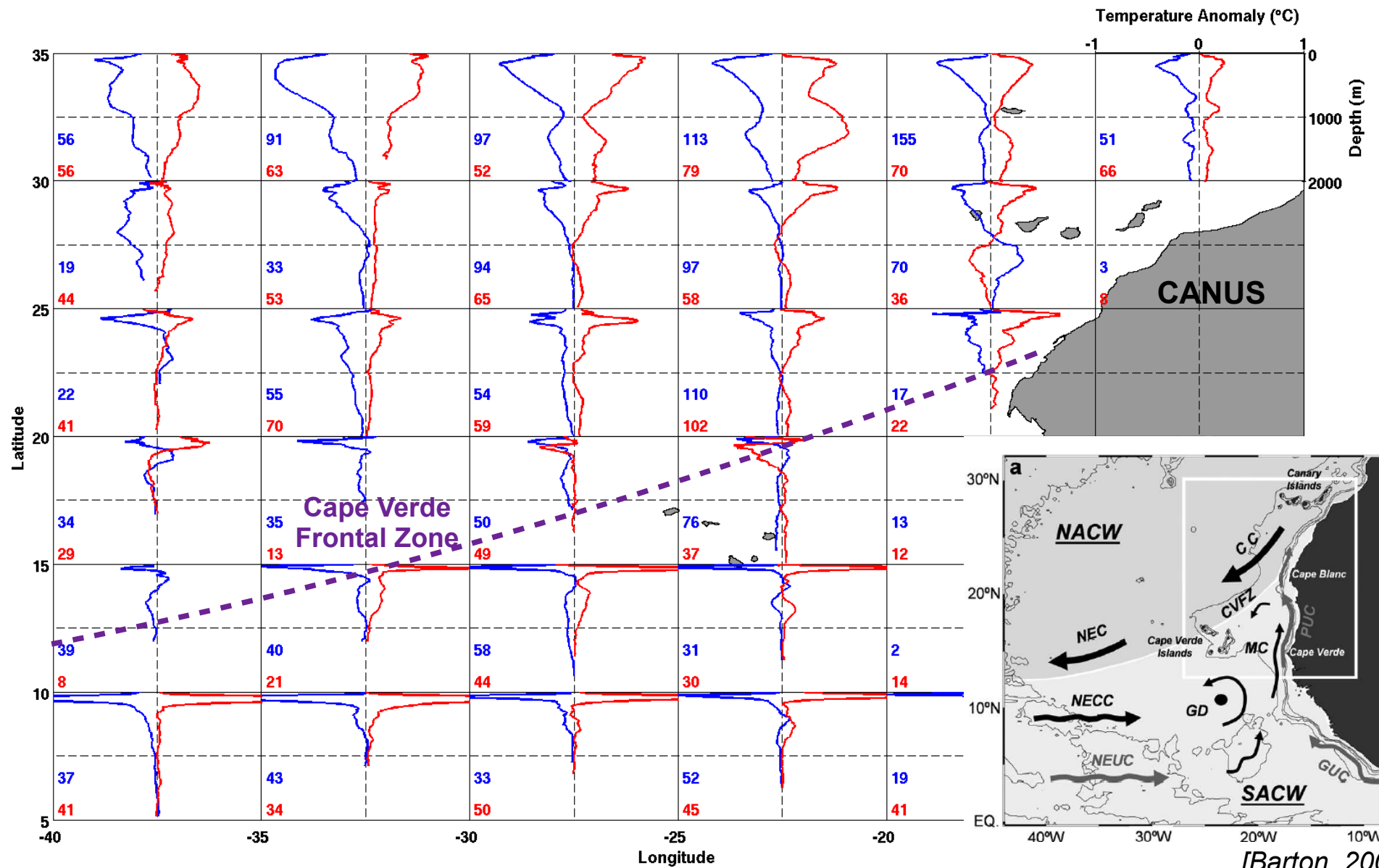
Enough Argo profiles to look more in details



Results : Mean temperature anomaly in subregions (CANUS)

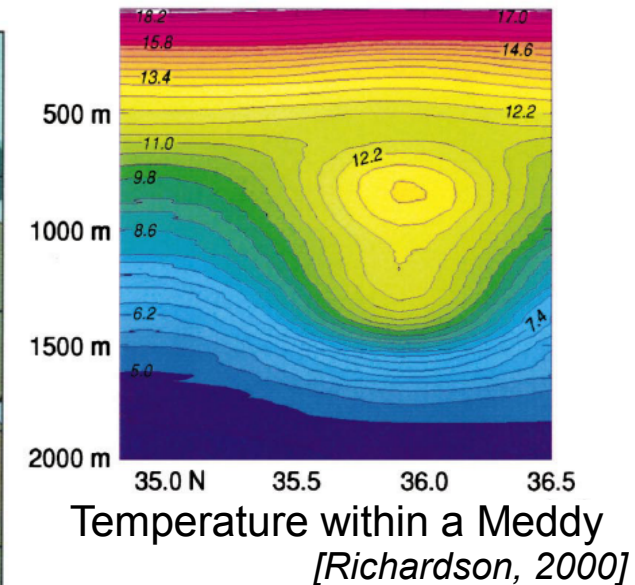
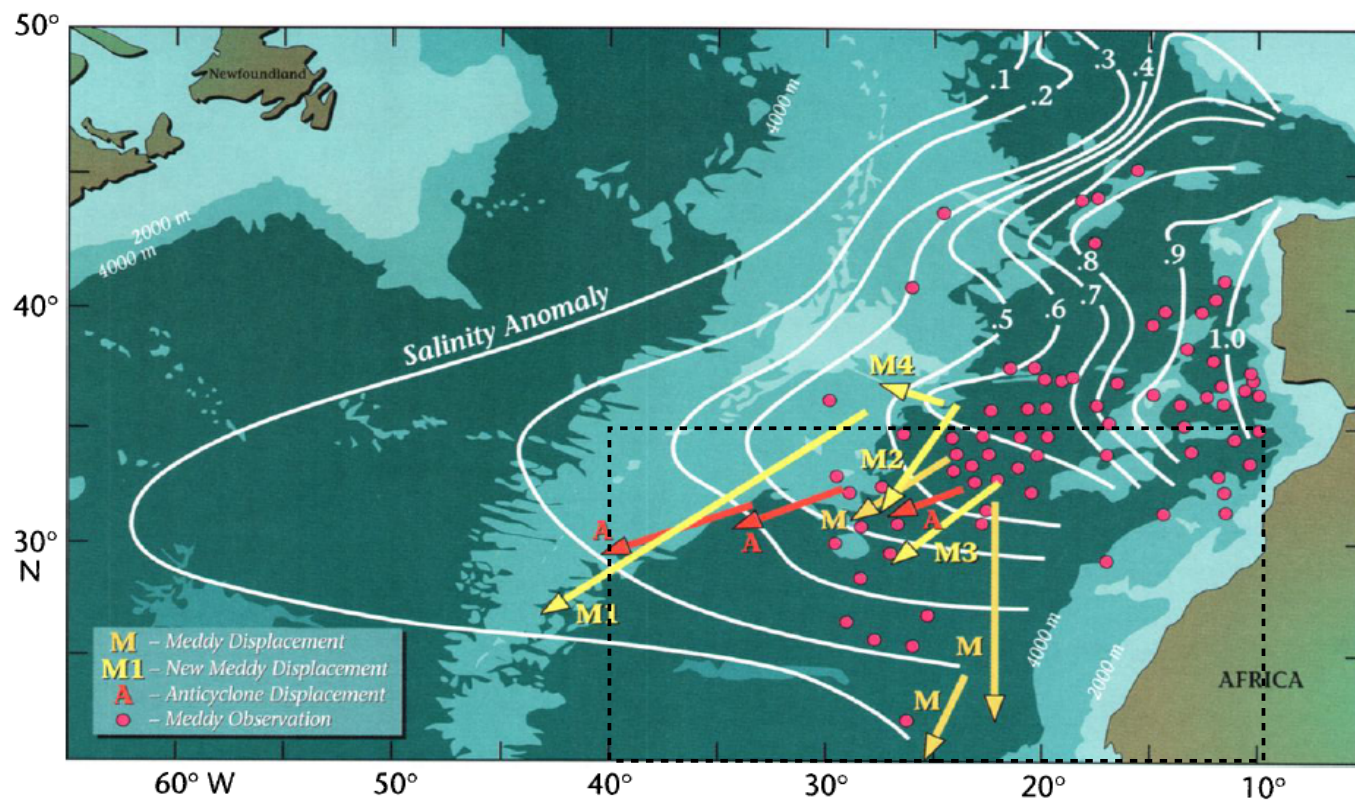
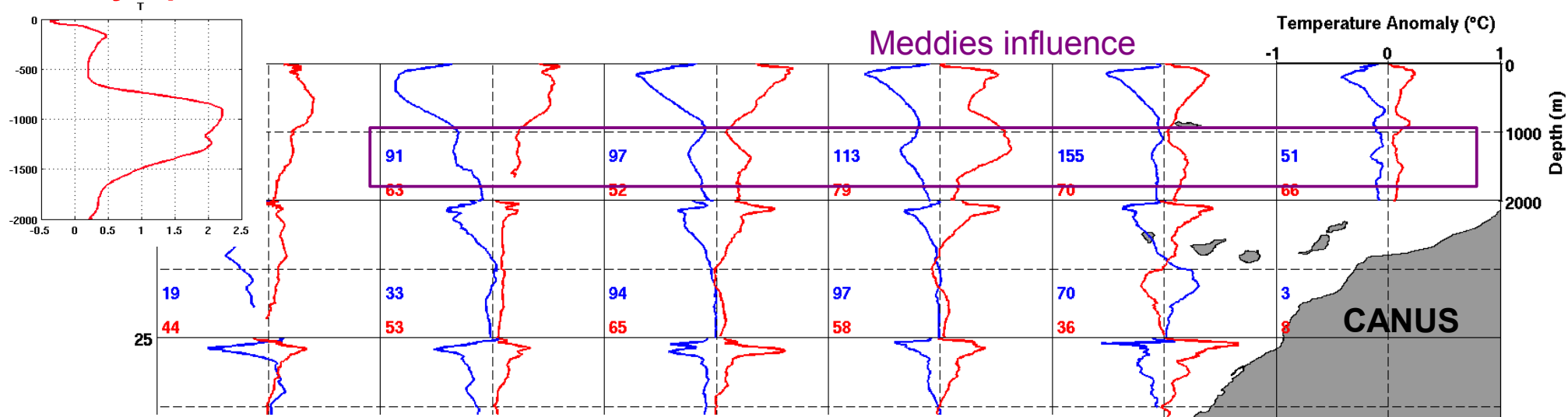


Results : Mean temperature anomaly in subregions (CANUS)



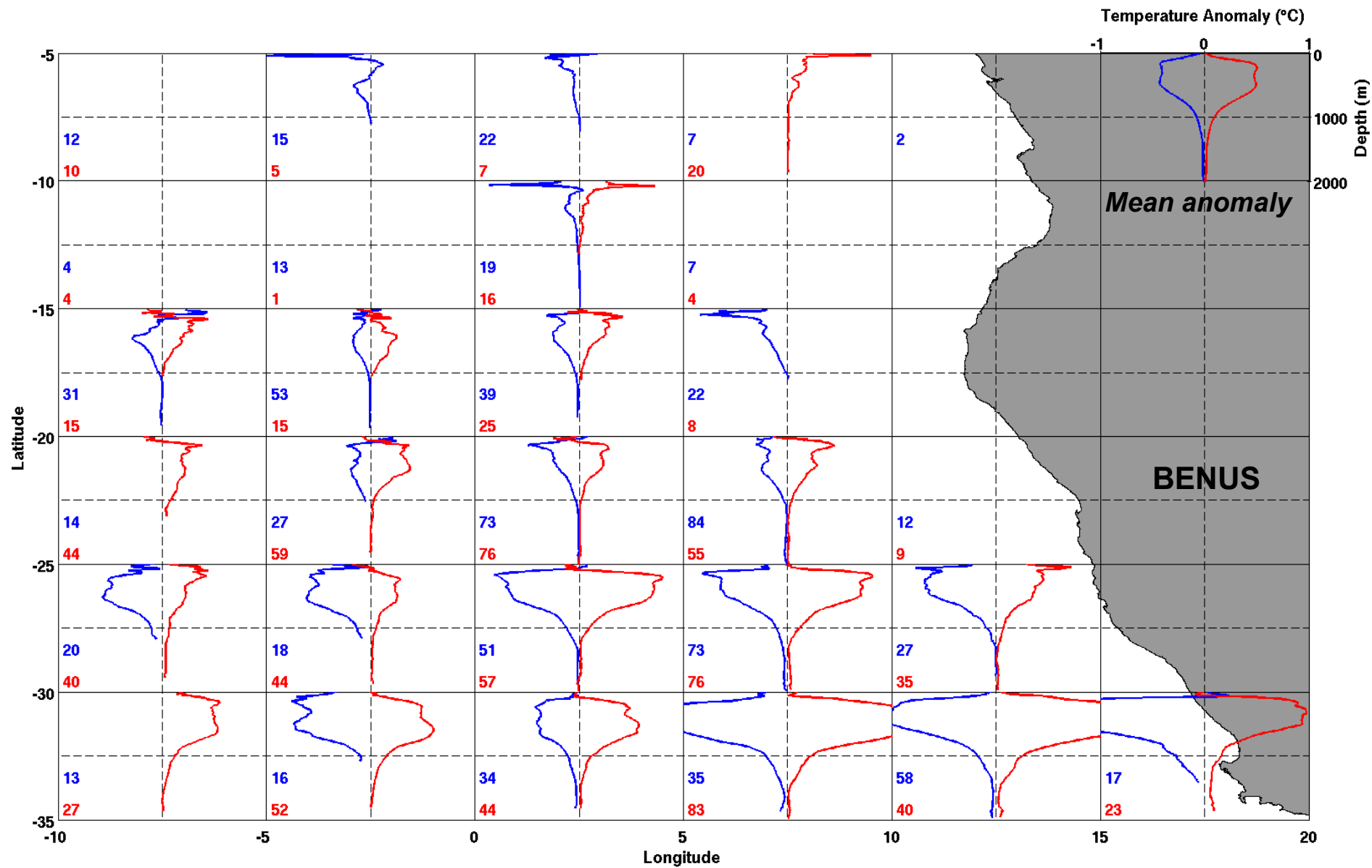
Results : Mean temperature anomaly in subregions (CANUS)

« Meddy » profile

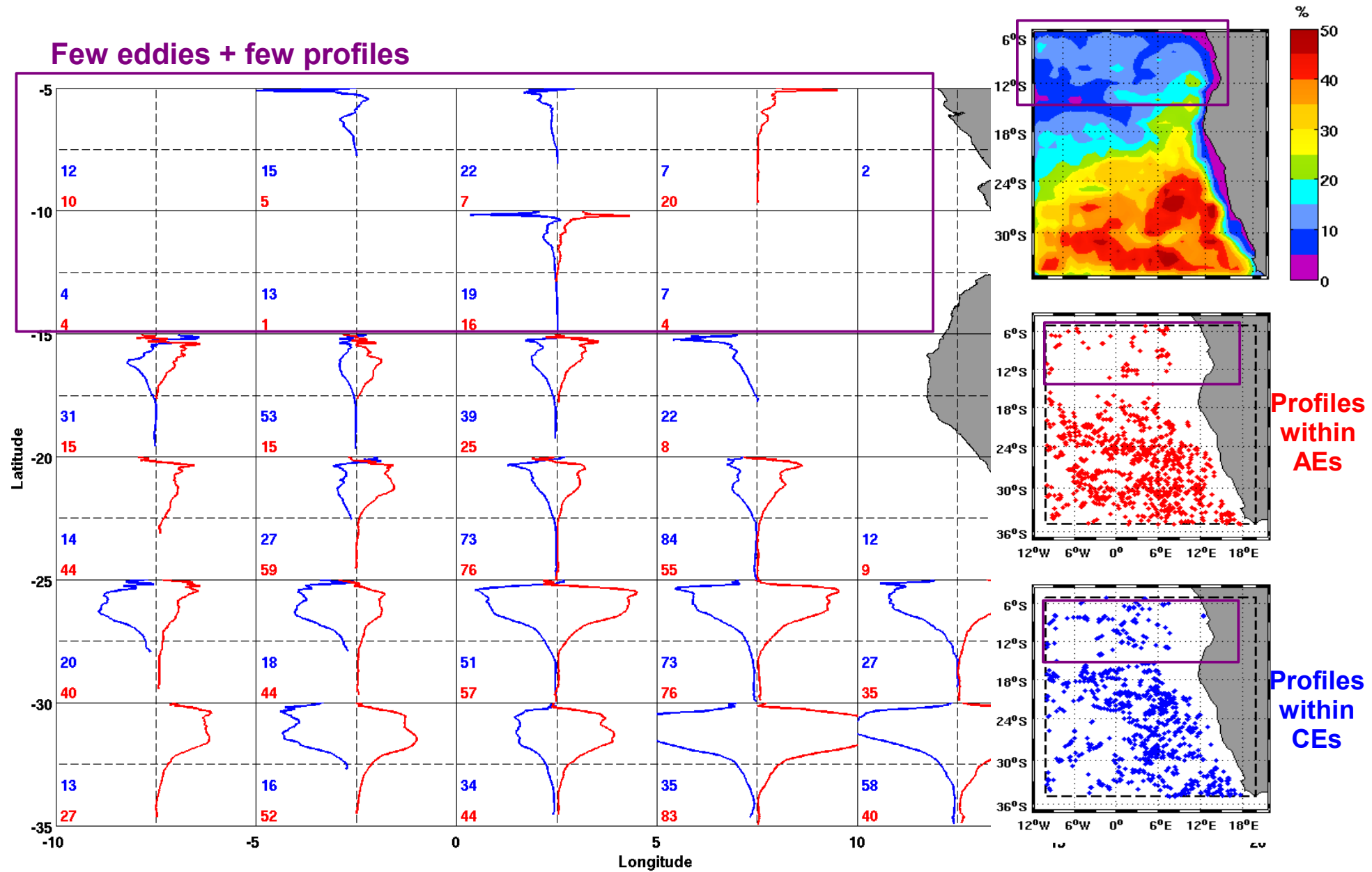


[Richardson, 1998]

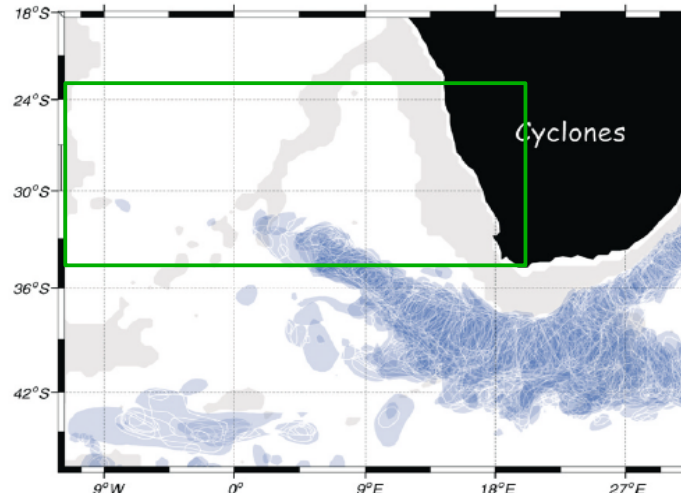
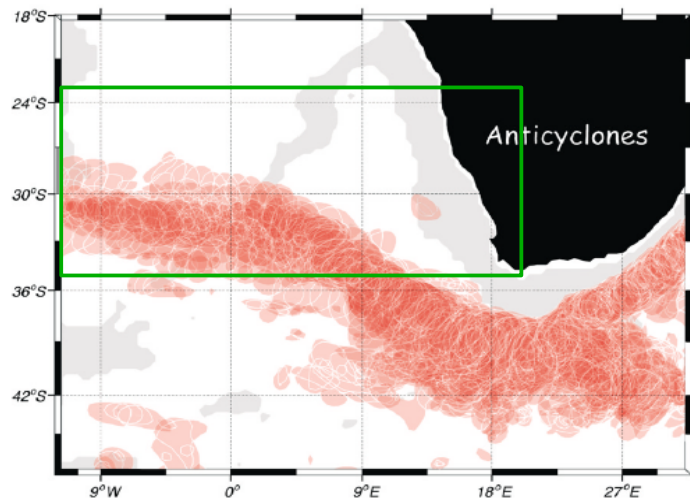
Results : Mean temperature anomaly in subregions (BENUS)



Results : Mean temperature anomaly in subregions (BENUS)

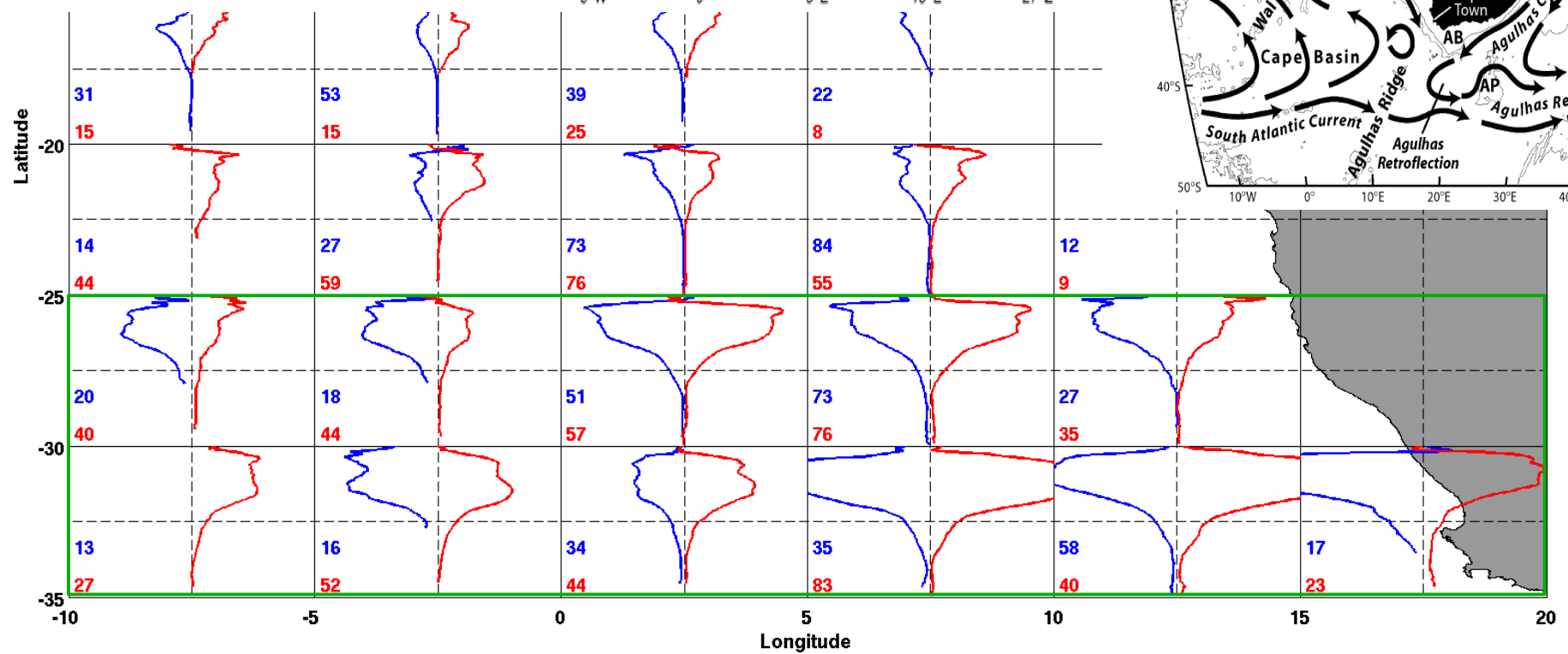
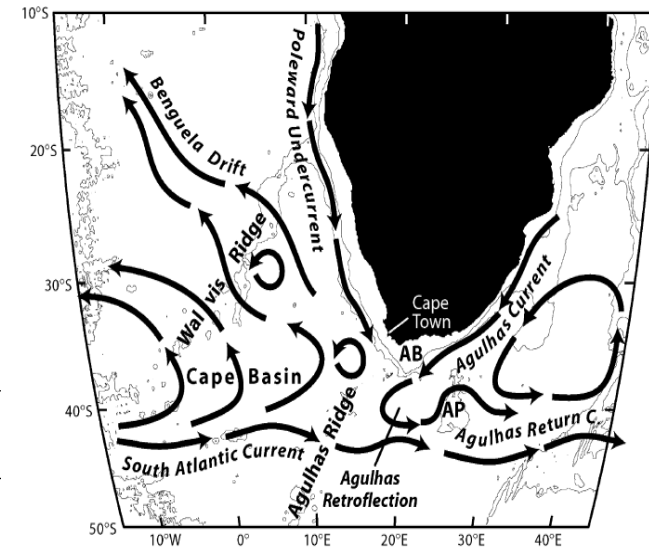


Results : Mean temperature anomaly in subregions (BENUS)



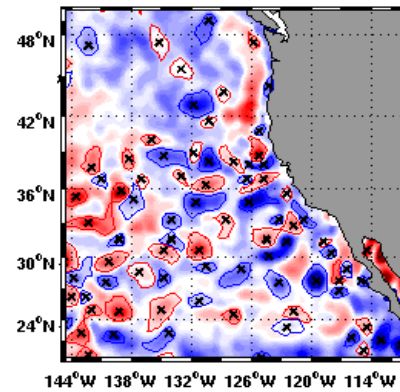
[Matano, 2003]

[Veitch, 2010]

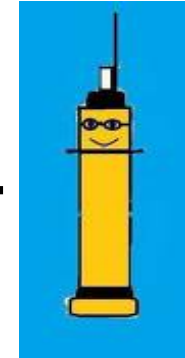


Conclusions

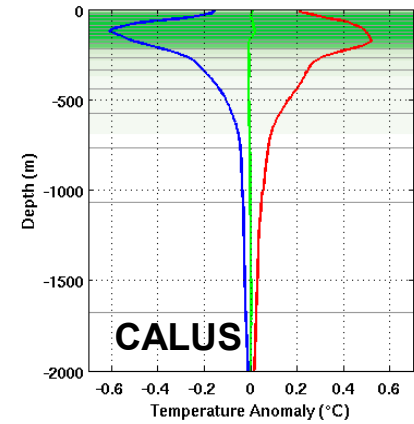
- Altimetry + Argo floats profiles
→ efficient tool to reconstruct
the eddy vertical structure



+

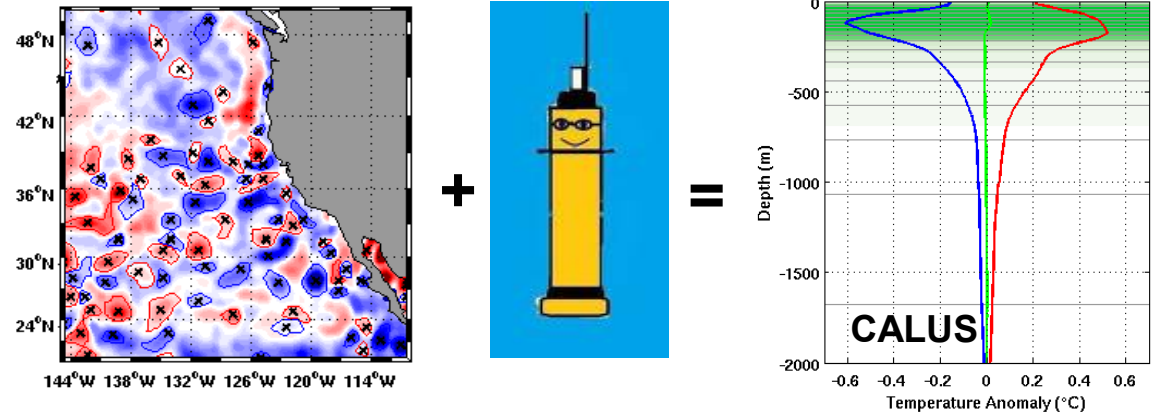


=

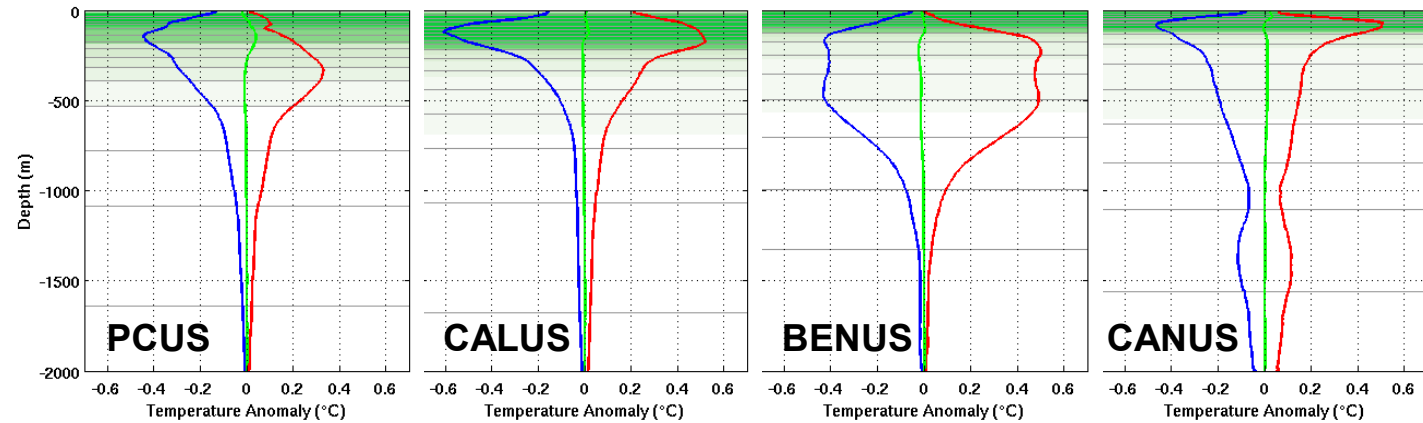


Conclusions

- Altimetry + Argo floats profiles
→ efficient tool to reconstruct
the eddy vertical structure

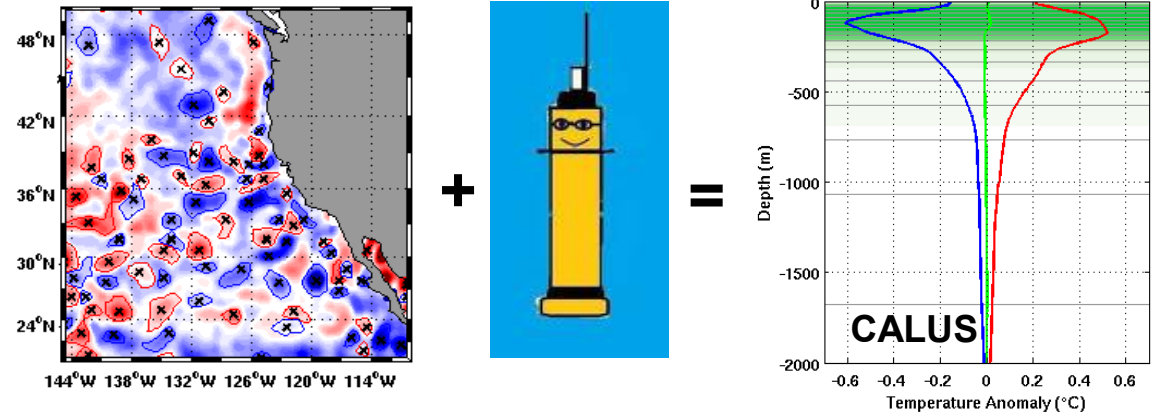


- Strong differences between
each EBUS

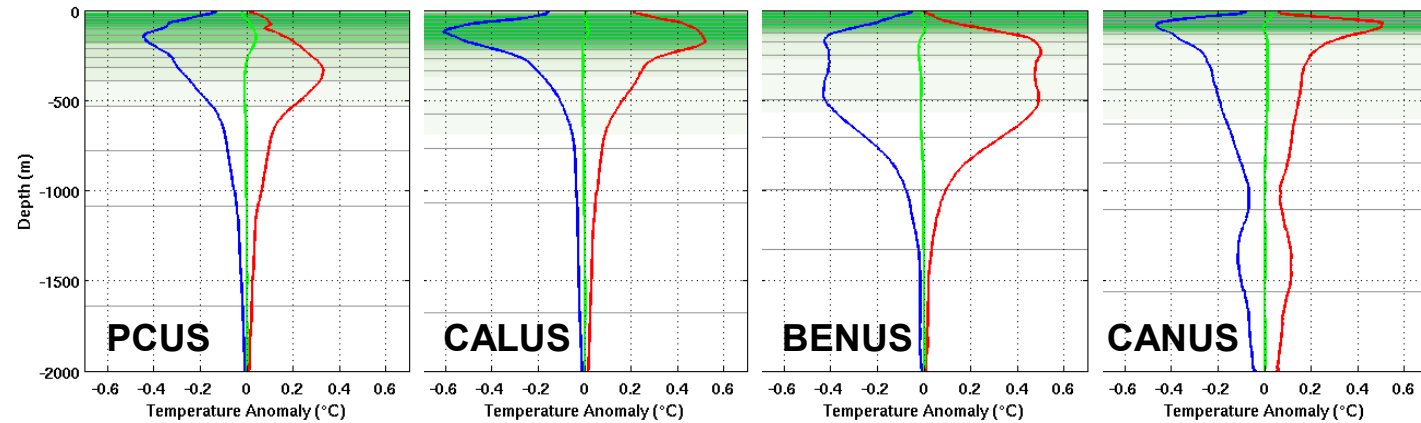


Conclusions

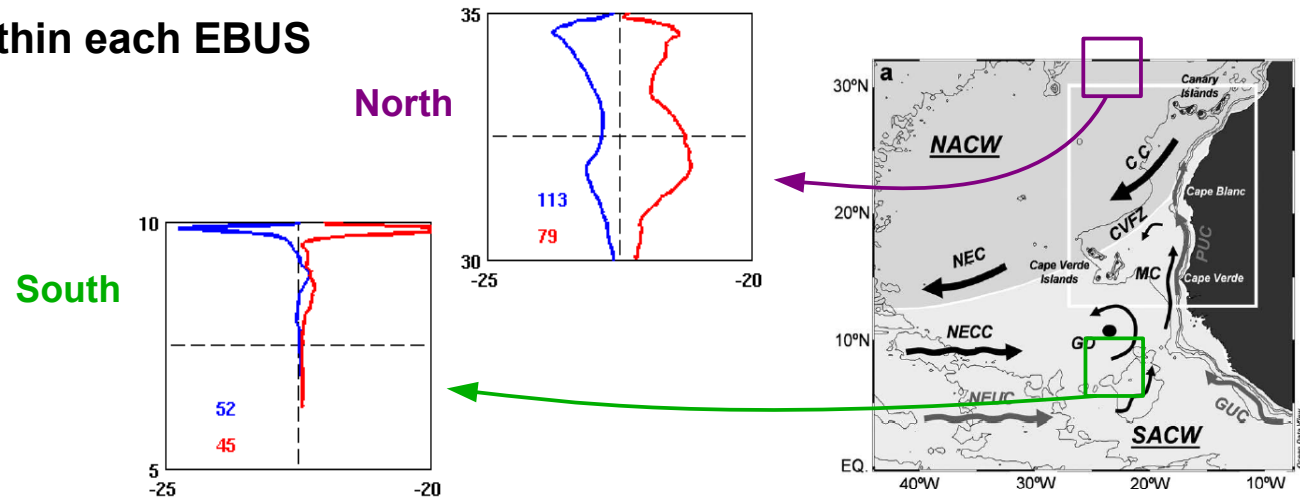
- Altimetry + Argo floats profiles
→ efficient tool to reconstruct the eddy vertical structure



- Strong differences between each EBUS

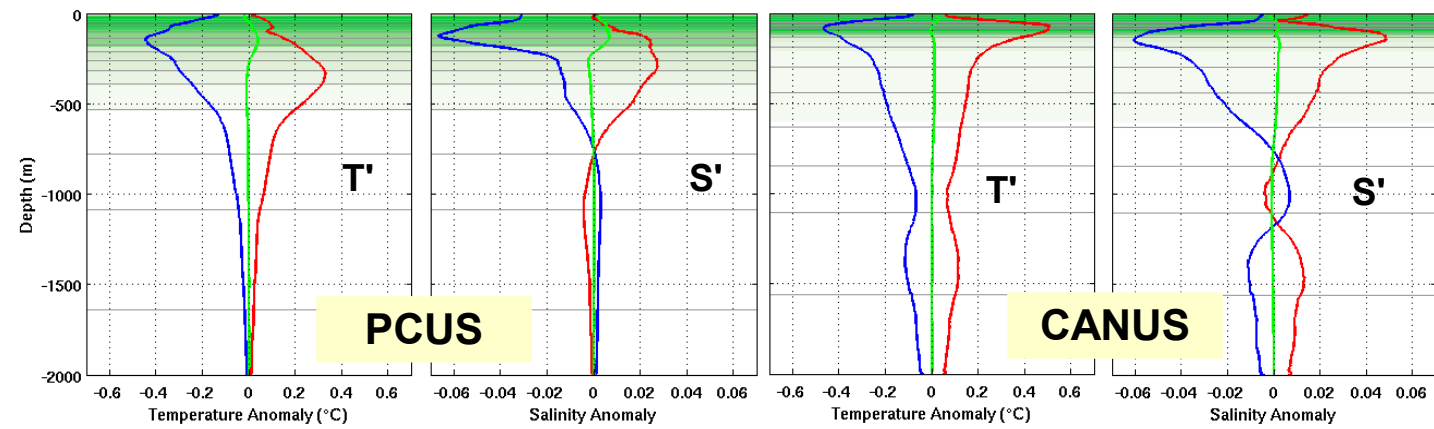


- Strong heterogeneity within each EBUS



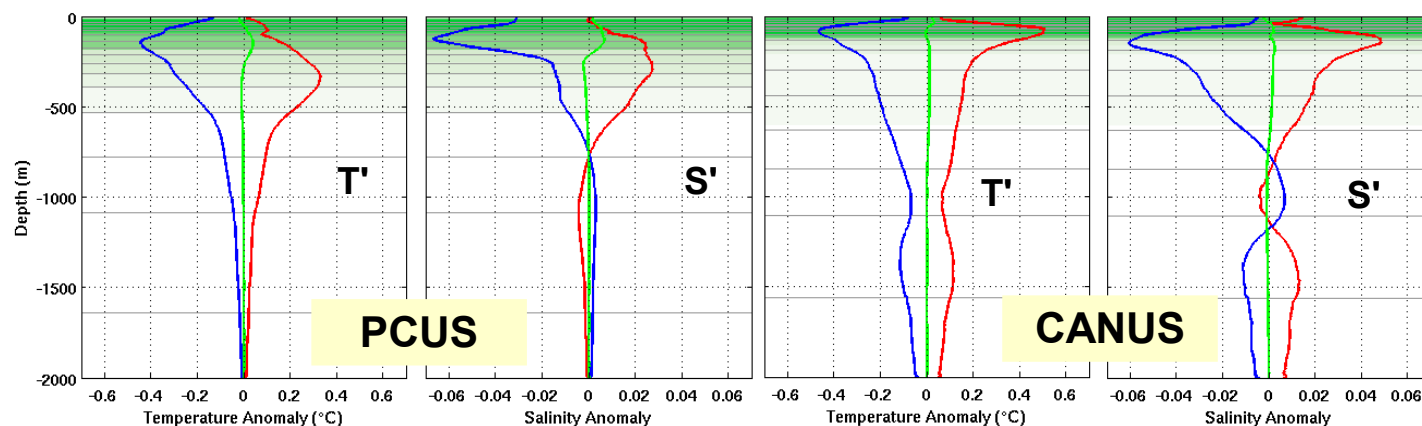
Perspectives

- Work on salinity anomalies

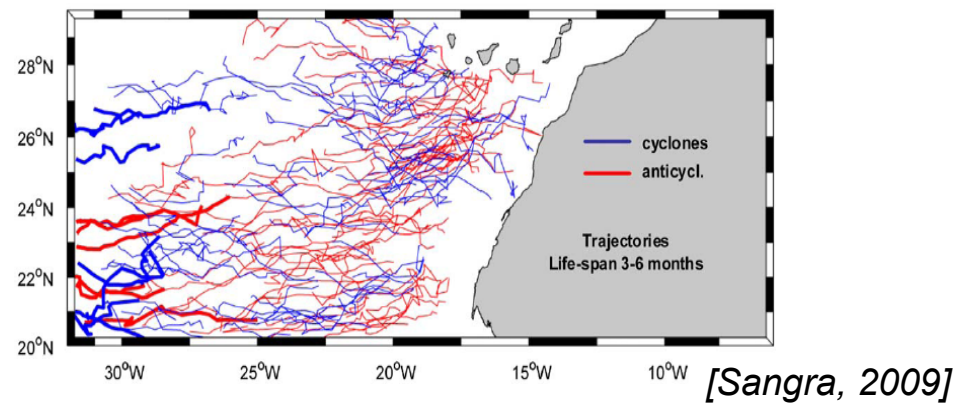


Perspectives

- Work on salinity anomalies

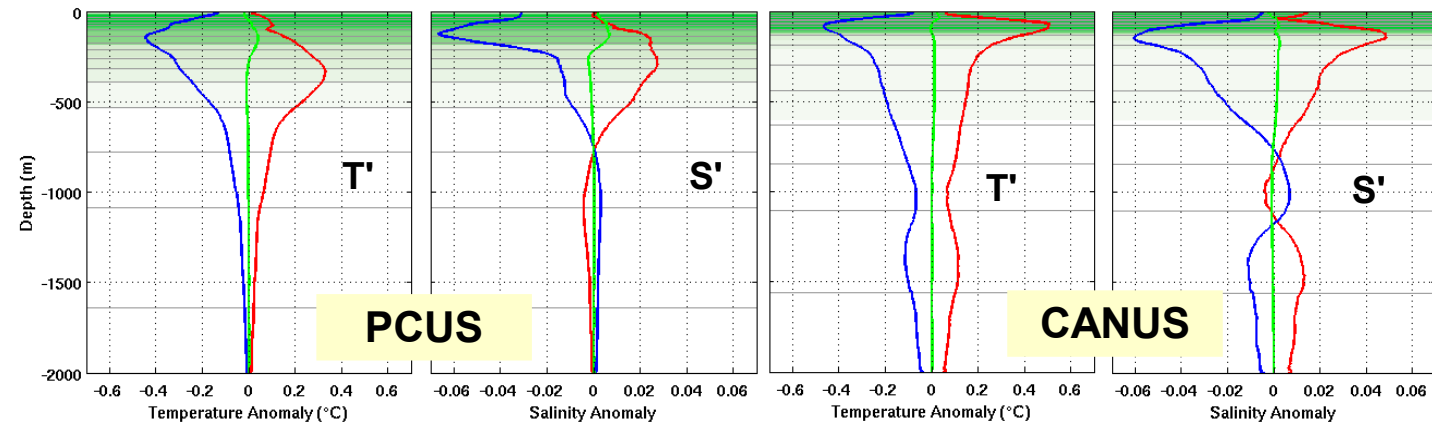


- Track eddies in time and space to depict the evolution of their vertical structure

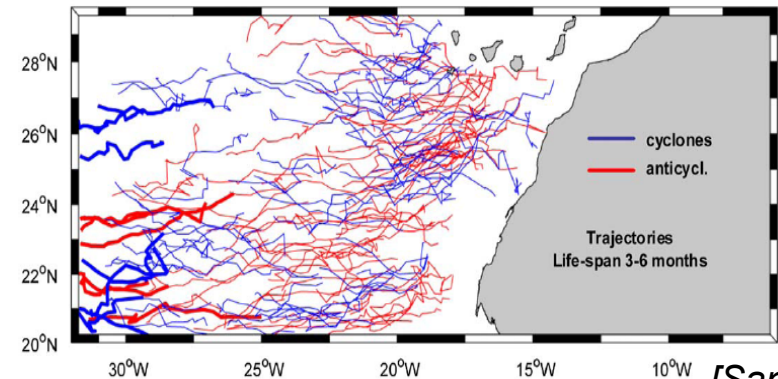


Perspectives

- Work on salinity anomalies

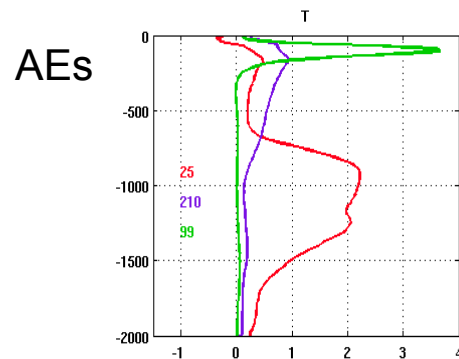


- Track eddies in time and space to depict the evolution of their vertical structure

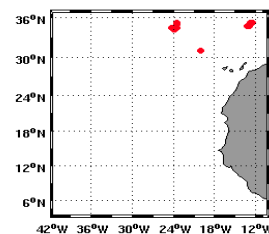


[Sangra, 2009]

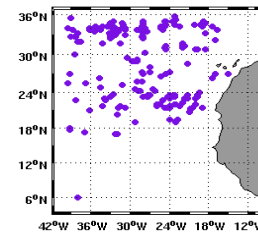
- Separate the different kinds of eddies



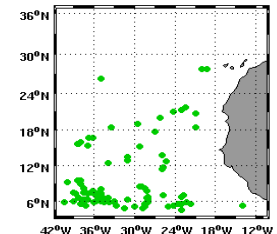
→ « Meddy » profile



→ « North » profile

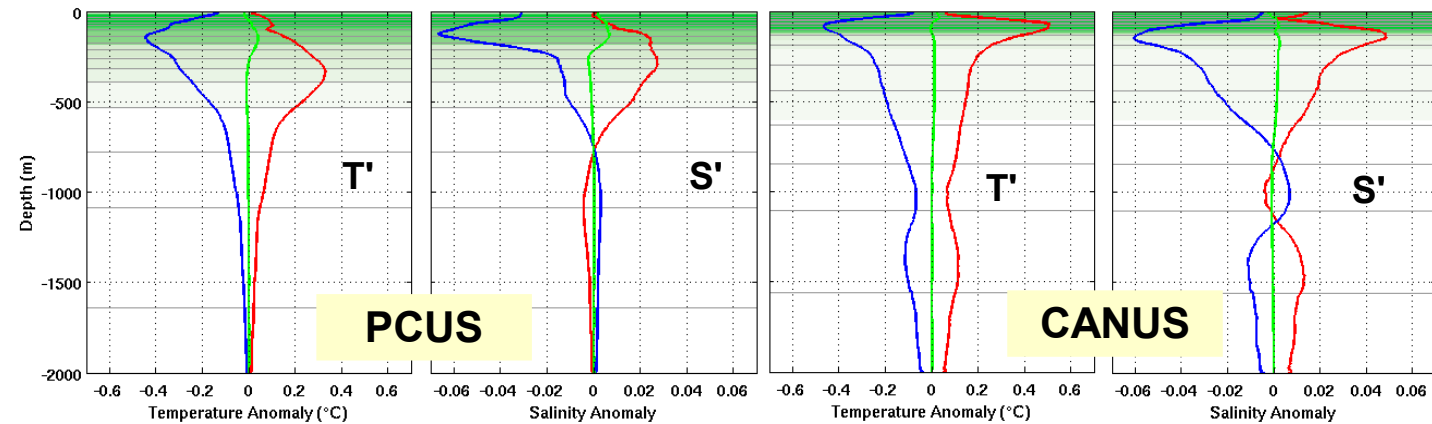


→ « South » profile

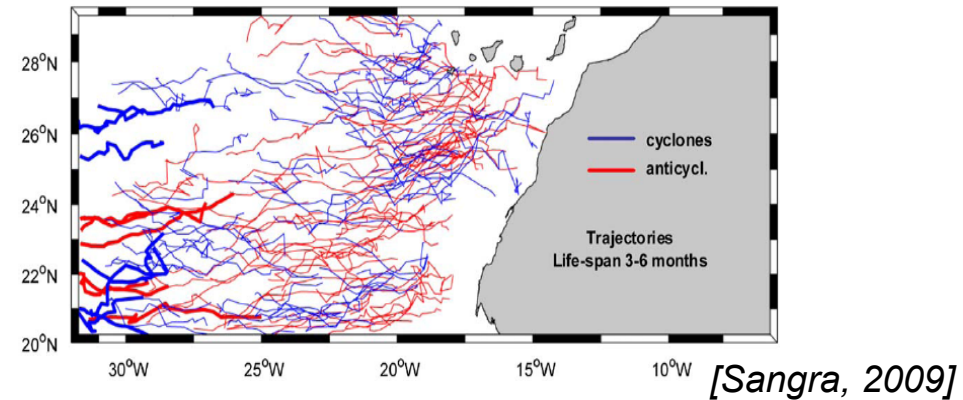


Perspectives

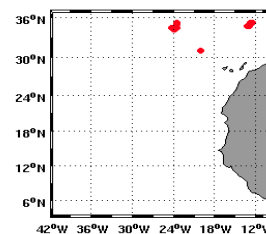
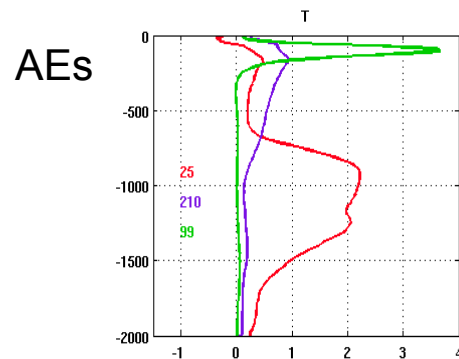
- Work on salinity anomalies



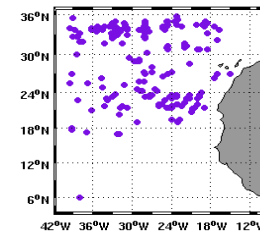
- Track eddies in time and space to depict the evolution of their vertical structure



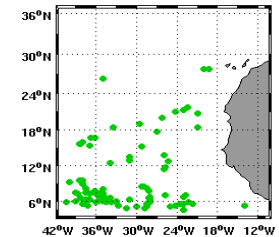
- Separate the different kinds of eddies



→ « Meddy »
profile



→ « North »
profile

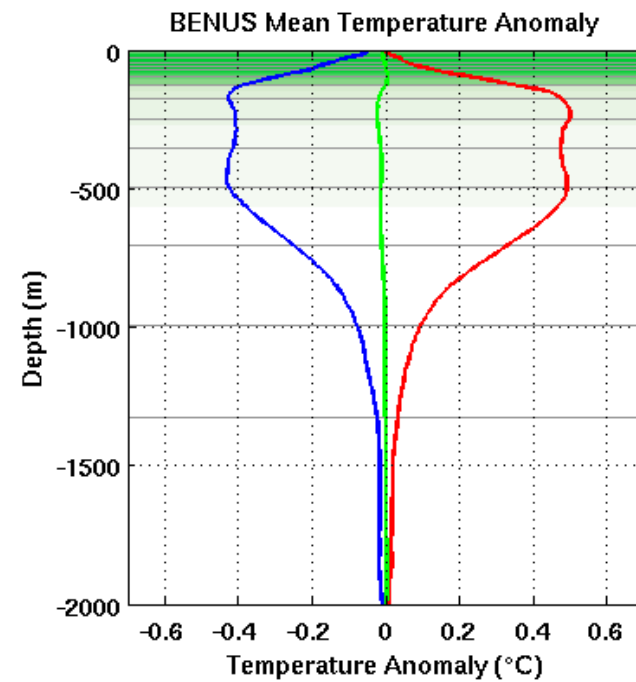
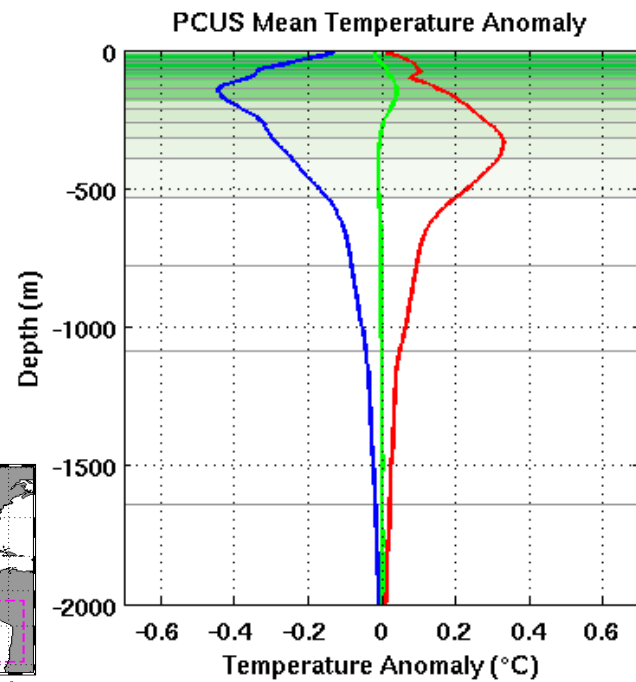
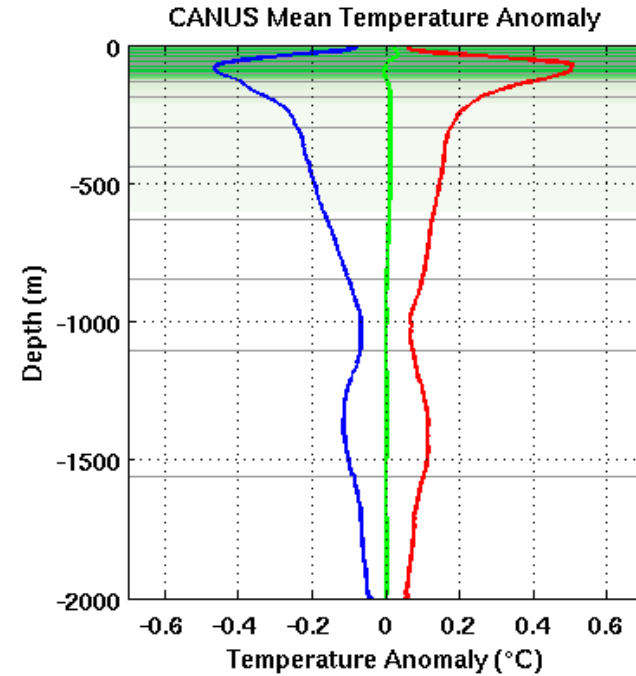
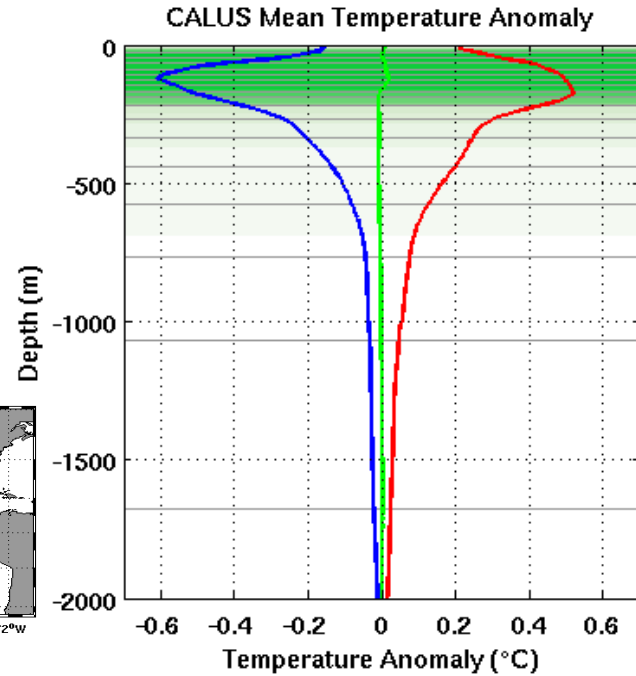


→ « South »
profile

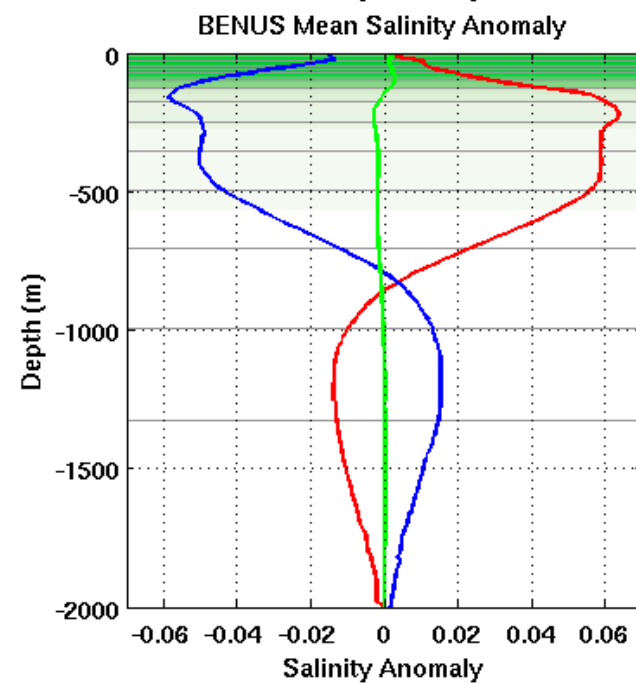
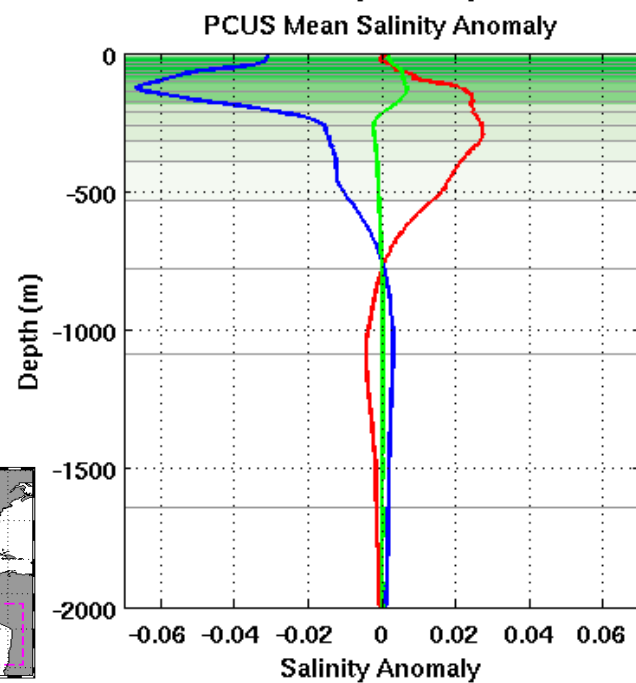
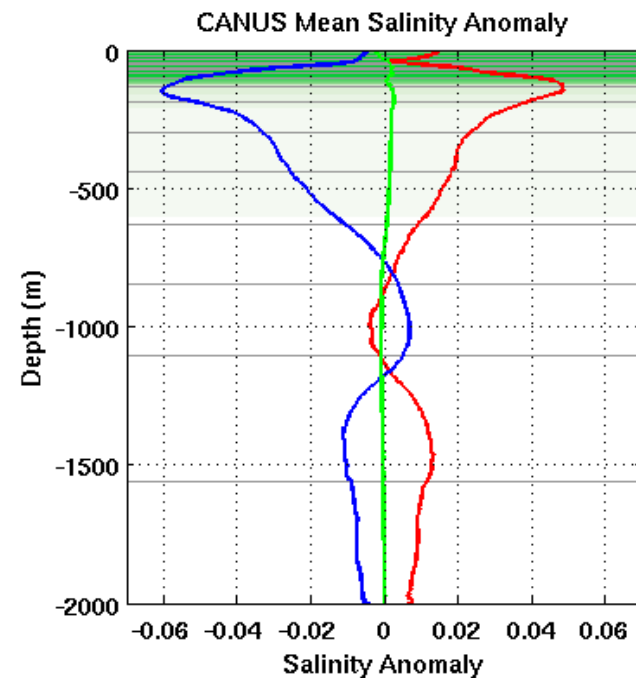
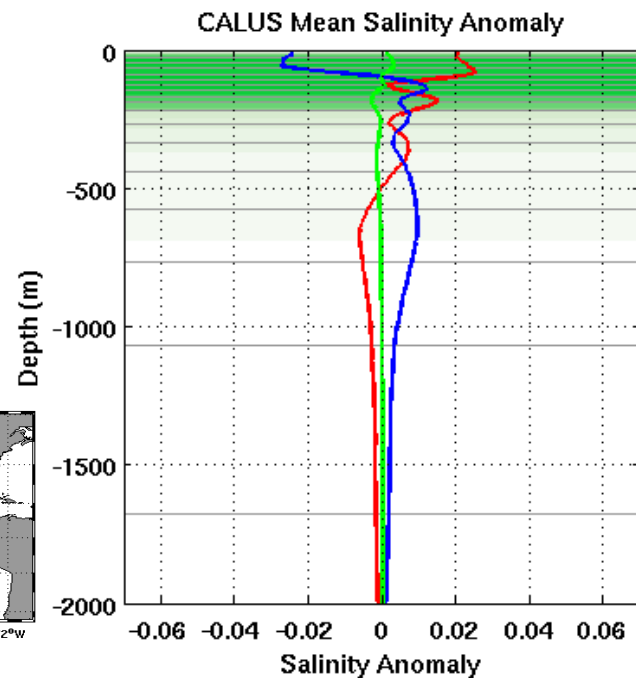
- Find the dynamical mechanisms leading to such different structures



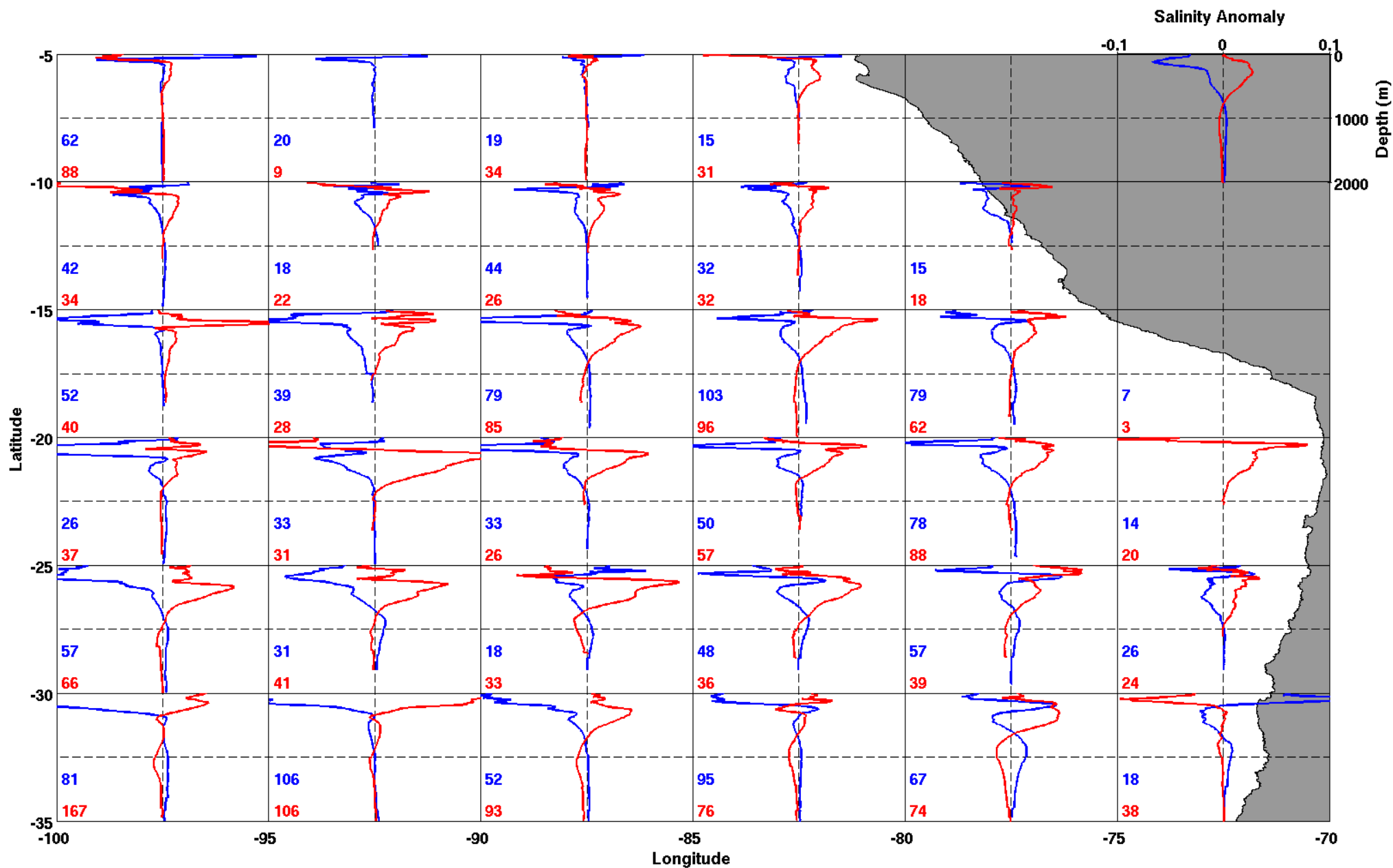
Mean Temperature anomaly



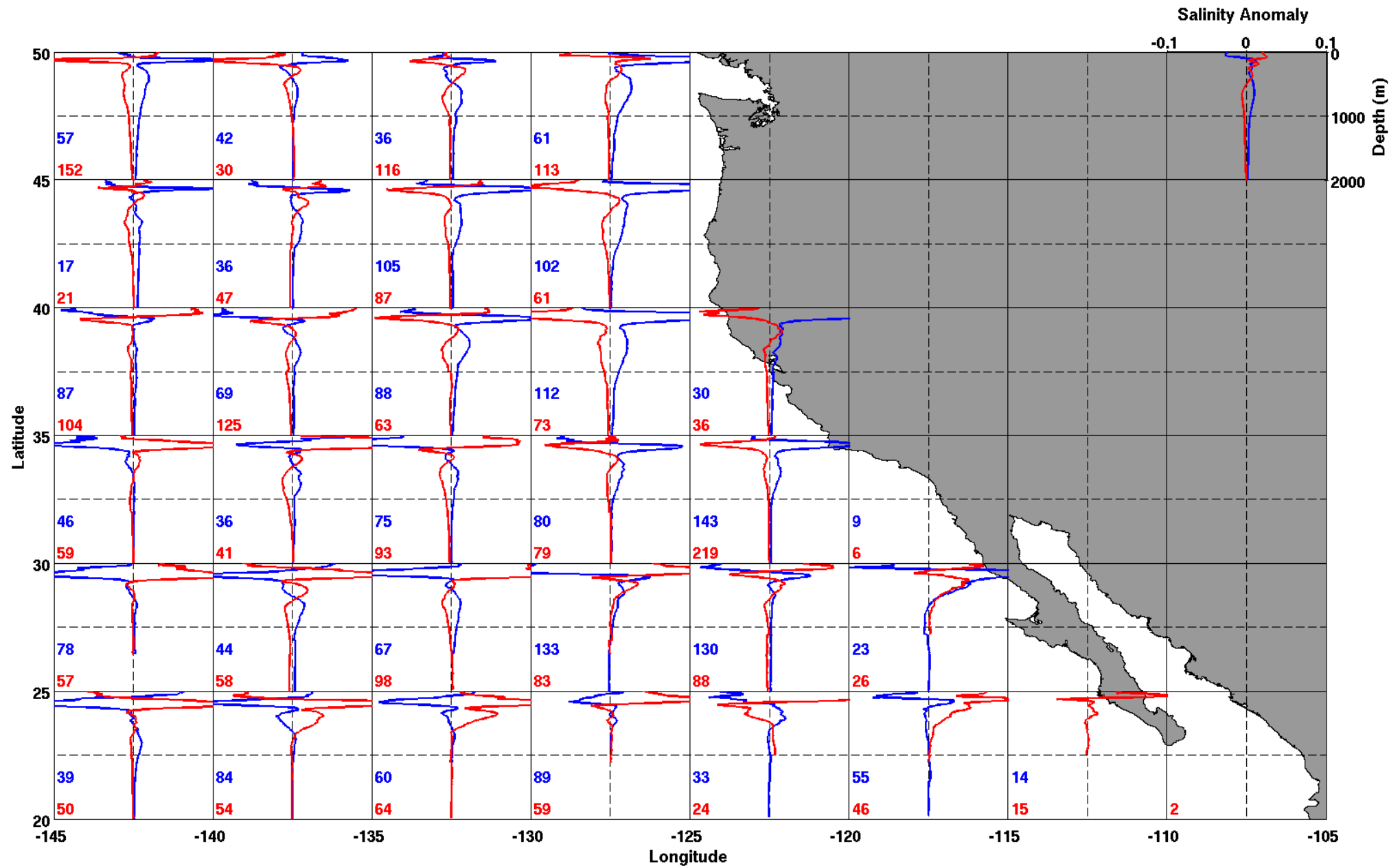
Mean Salinity anomaly



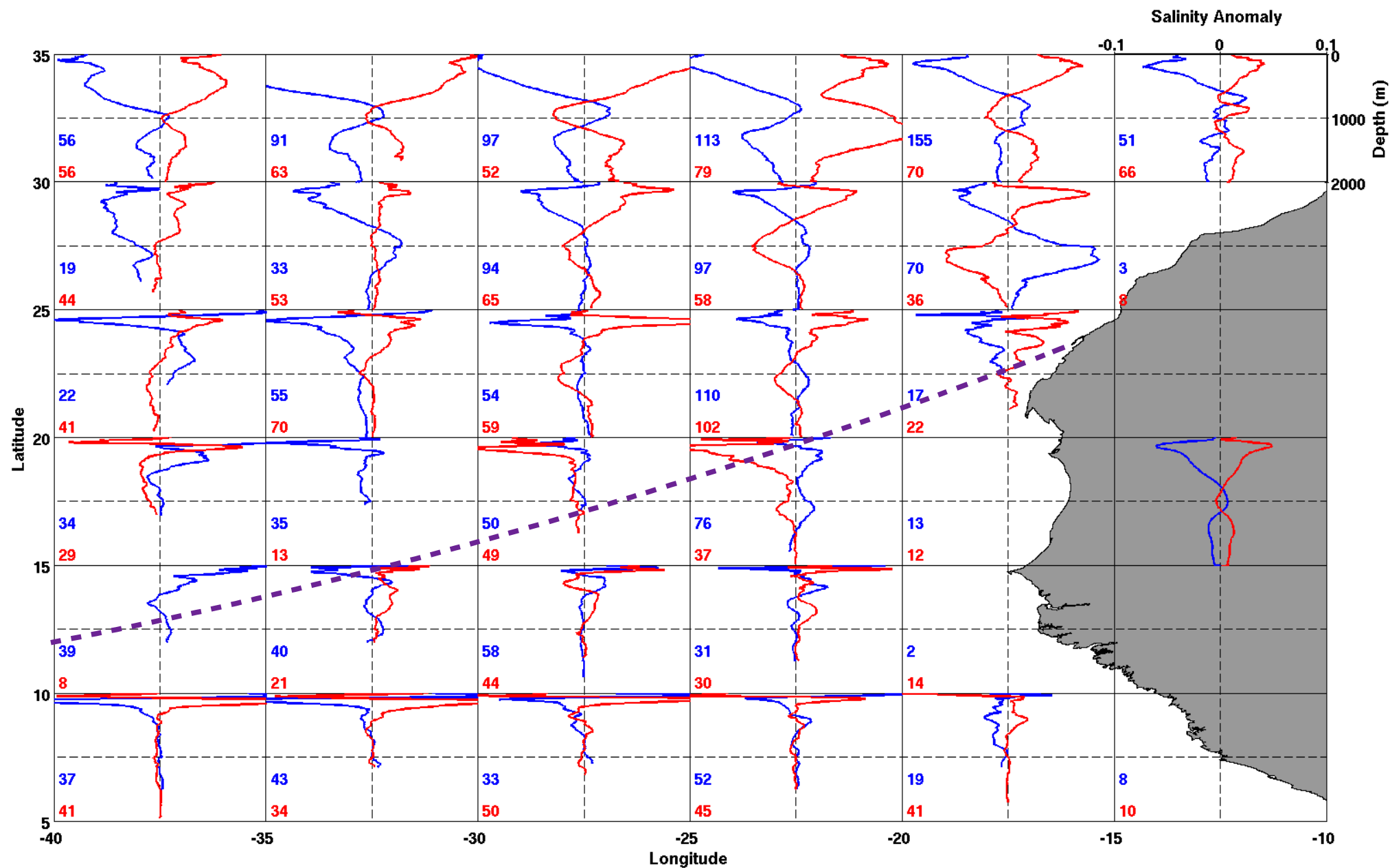
PCUS Subregions : Salinity anomaly



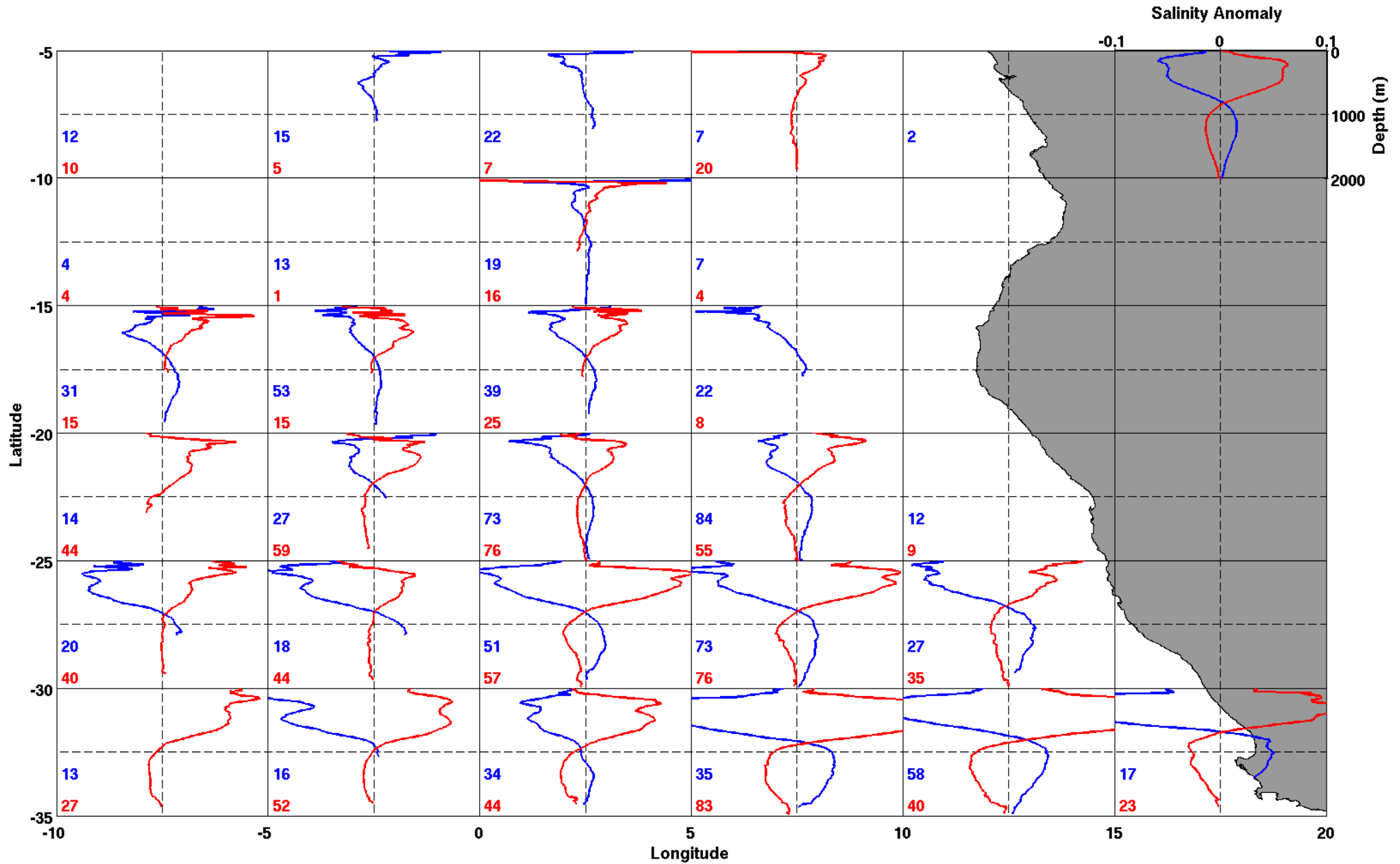
CALUS Subregions : Salinity anomaly



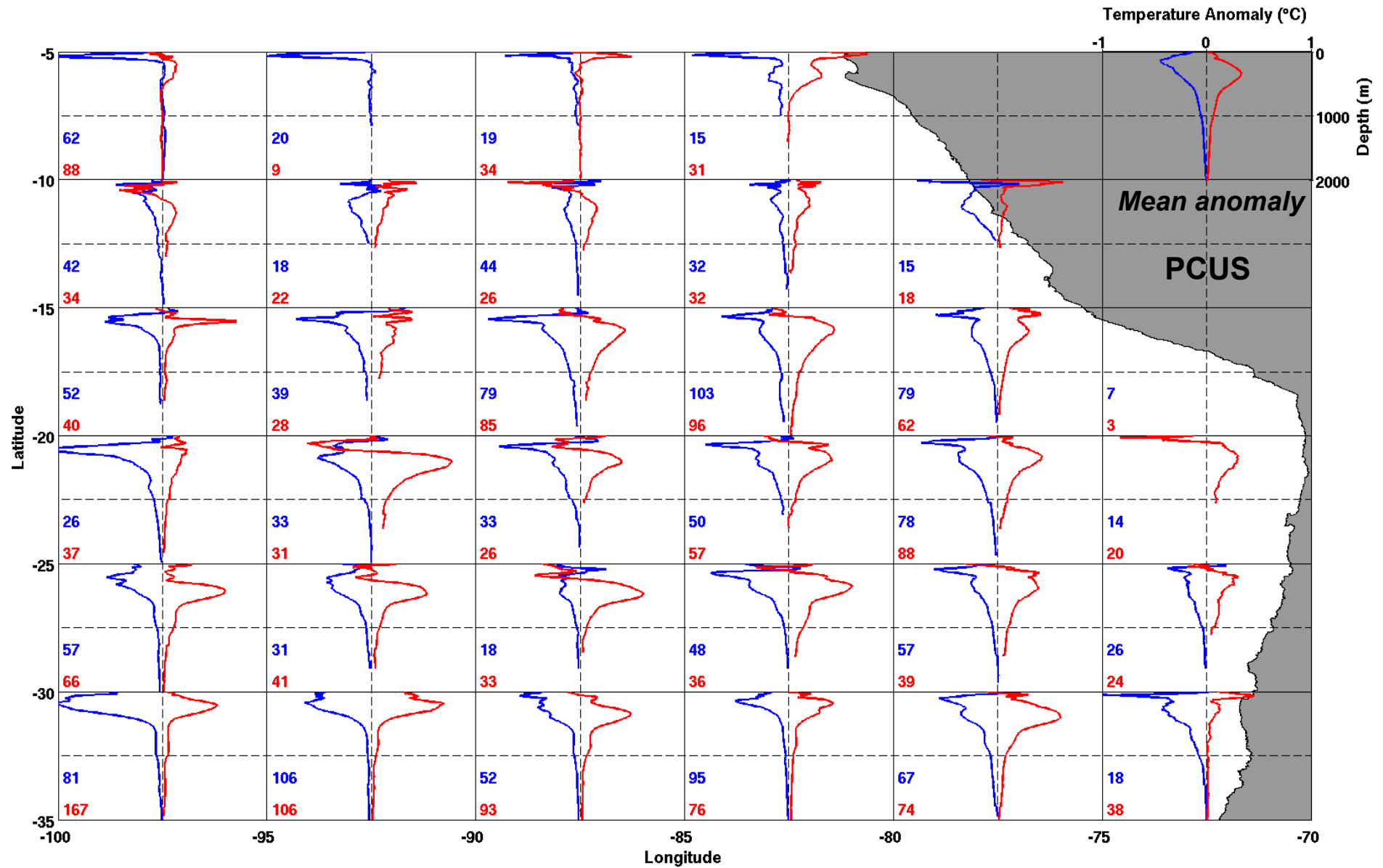
CANUS Subregions : Salinity anomaly



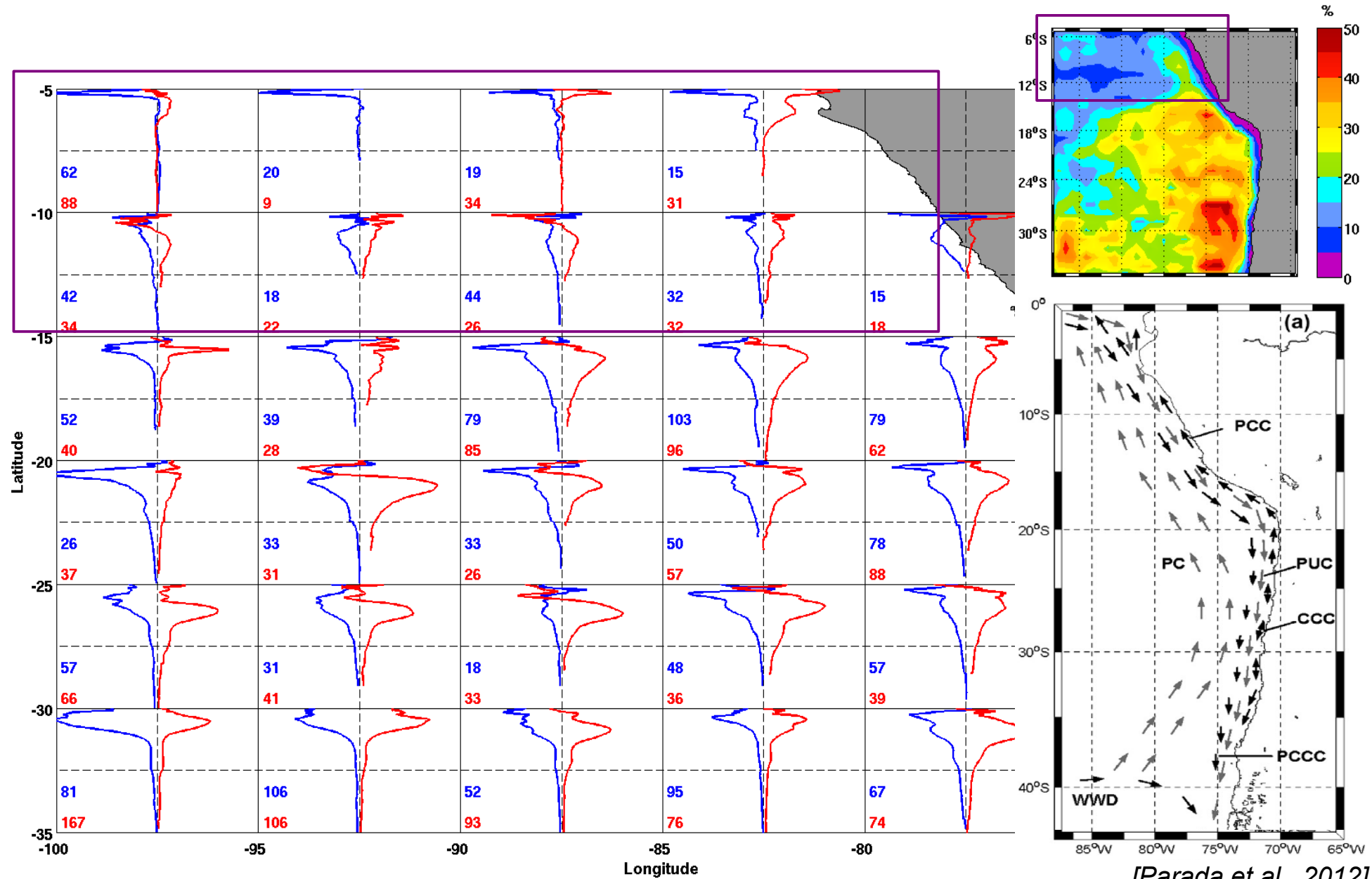
BENUS Subregions : Salinity anomaly



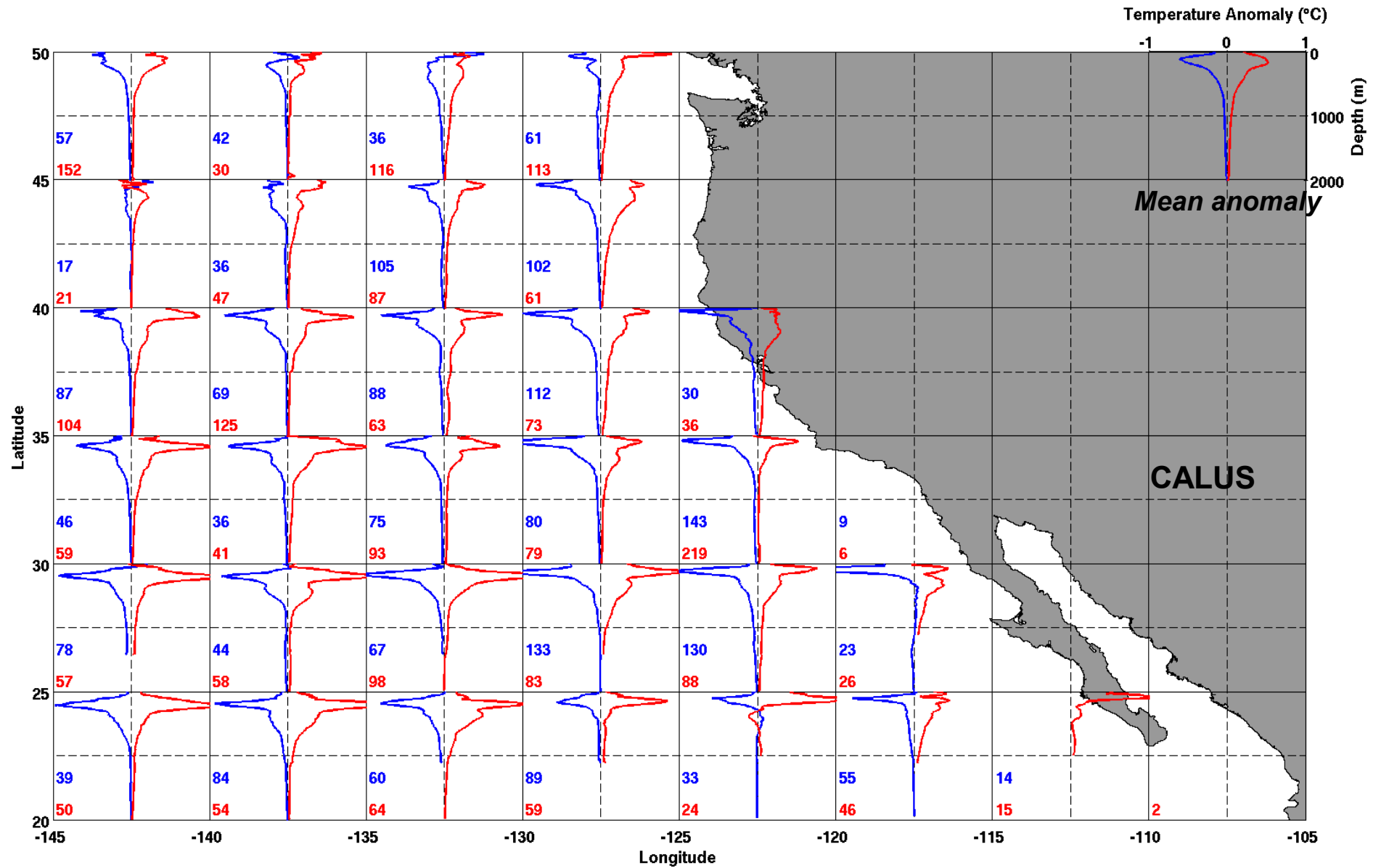
PCUS Subregions : Temperature anomaly



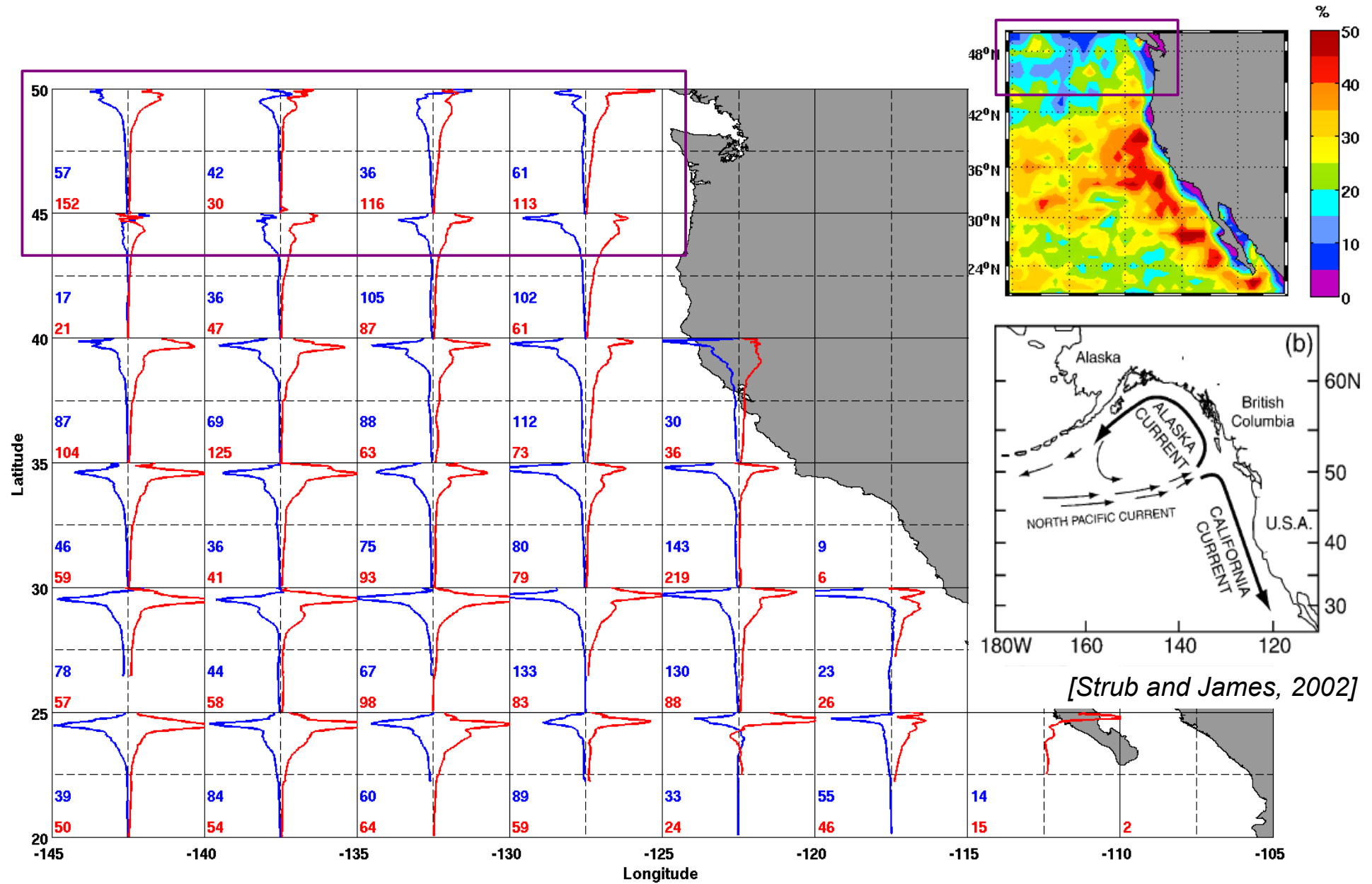
PCUS Subregions : Temperature anomaly



CALUS Subregions : Temperature anomaly



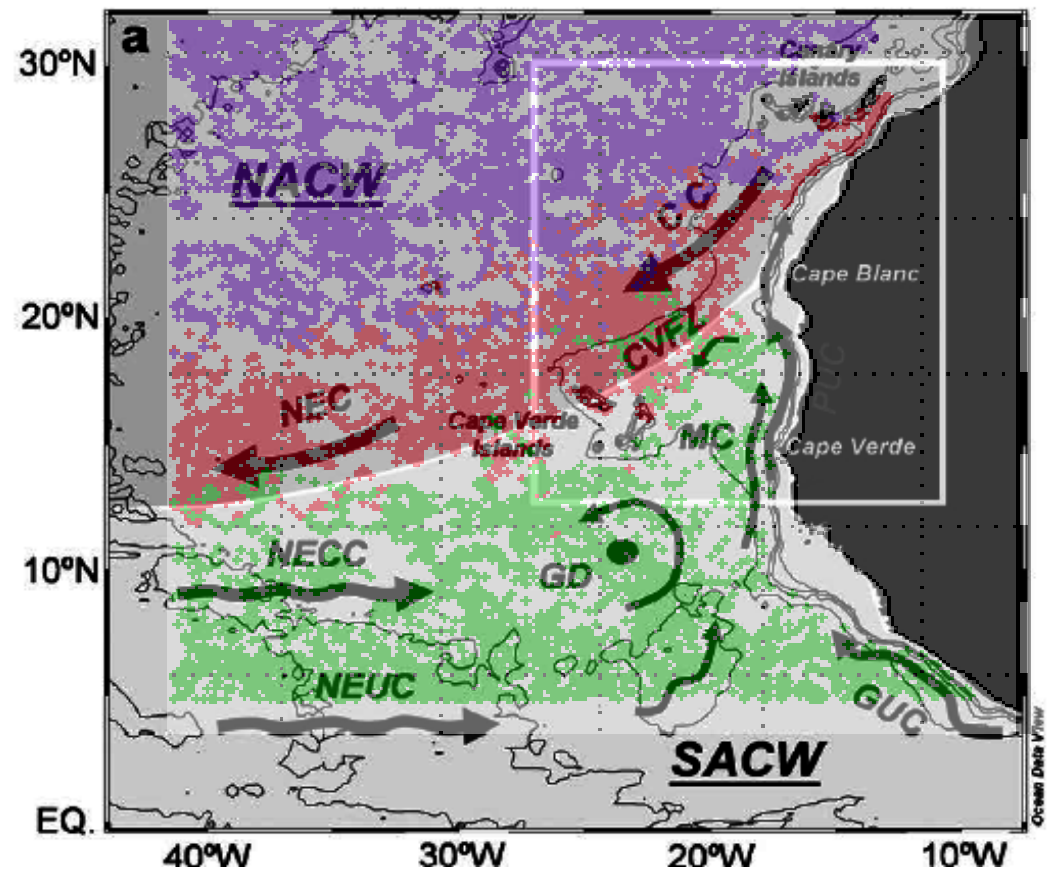
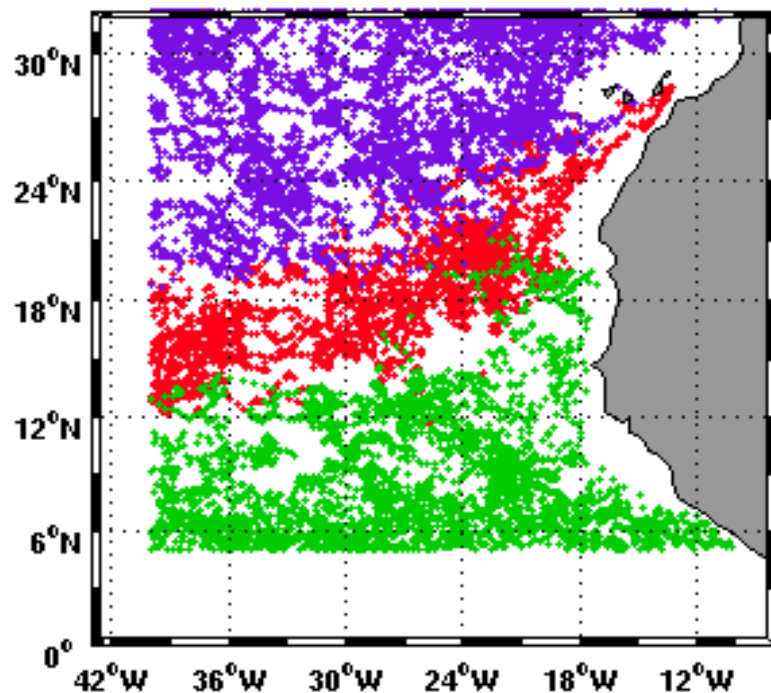
CALUS Subregions : Temperature anomaly



Clustering : « water classes »

- Cluster analysis (comparing similarities)

→ Between T and S profiles :

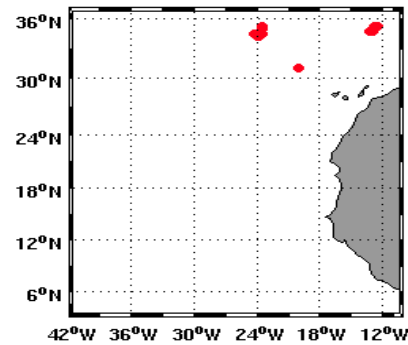
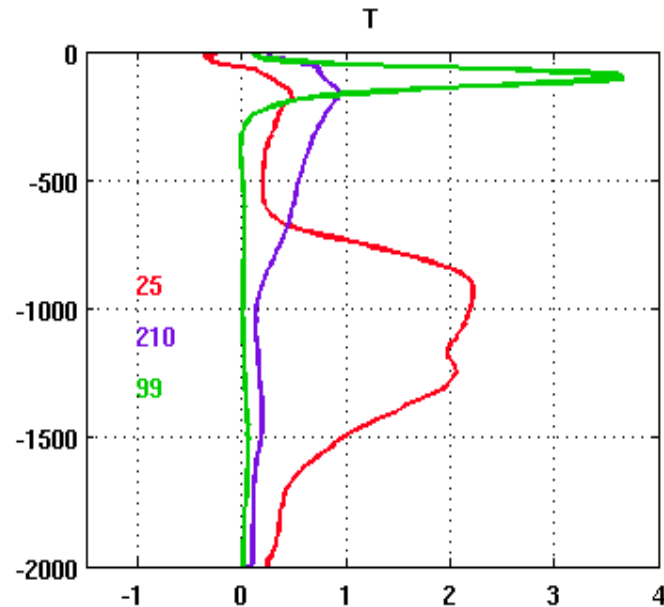


→ Consistent with the local circulation

Clustering : AEs of CANUS

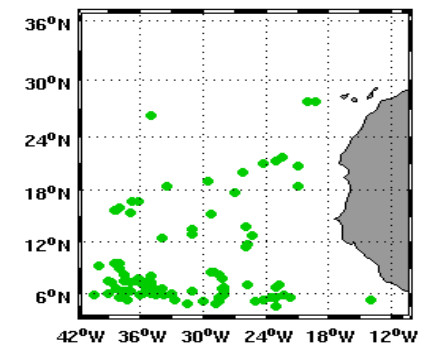
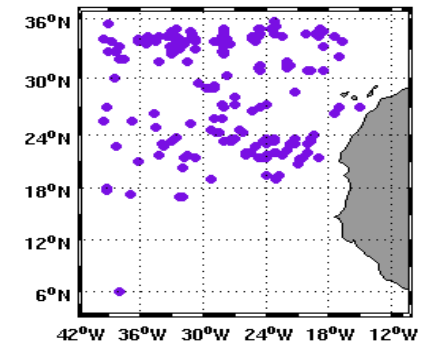
- Cluster analysis (comparing similarities)

- Between T and S profiles
- Between T and S anomalies profiles within AEs



→ « Meddy » profile

→ « North » profile

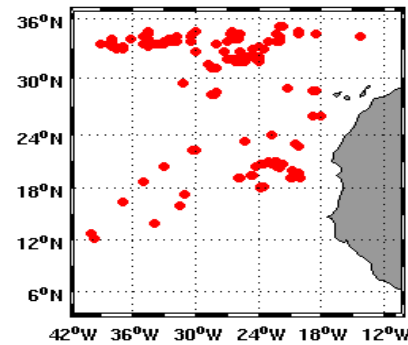
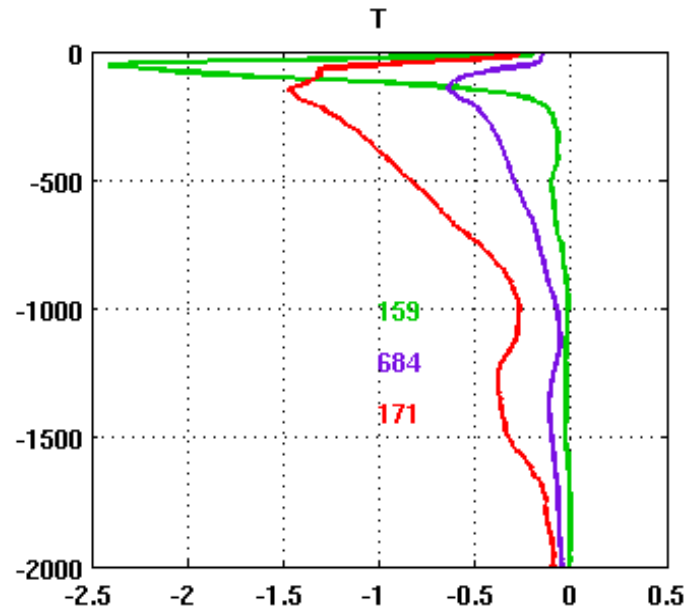


→ « South » profile

Clustering : CEs of CANUS

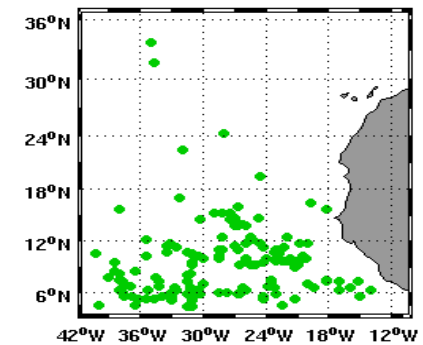
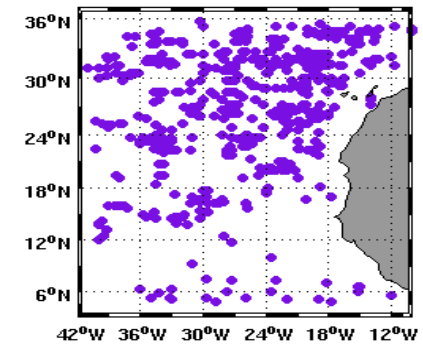
- Cluster analysis (comparing similarities)

- Between T and S profiles
- Between T and S anomalies profiles within AEs
- Between T and S anomalies profiles within CEs



→ « Meddy ? » profile

→ « North » profile



→ « South » profile