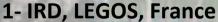




# Sub-thermocline and Intermediate Zonal Currents in the Tropical Pacific Ocean: Vertical structure and paths

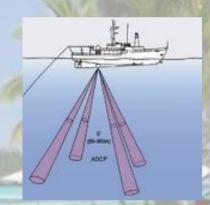


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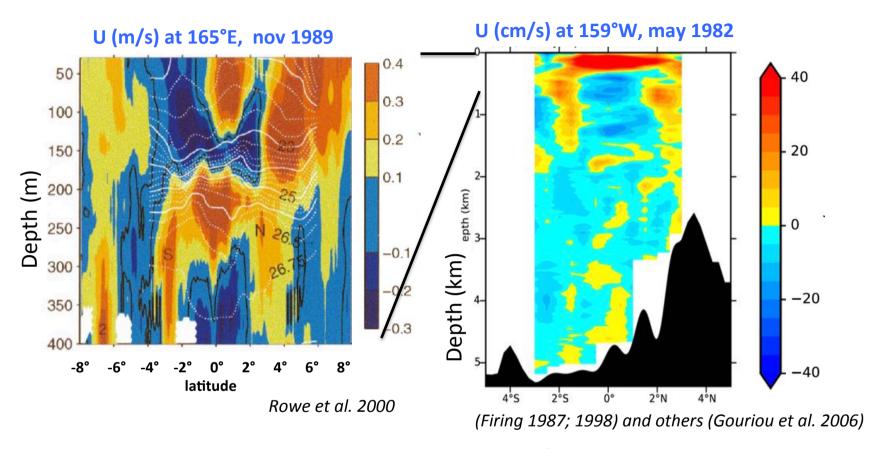
2-LDEO, USA

3-University of Hawaii at Manoa, USA



Cravatte et al., in revision for JPO

## **Subthermocline currents in the Equatorial Pacific**



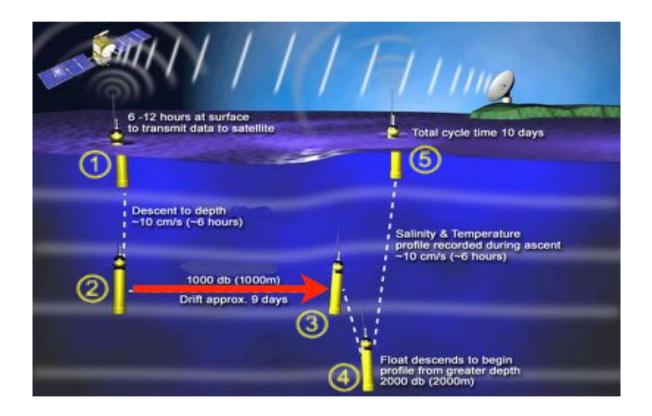
- Some years ago... the intermediate circulation (below 400/500m) was only known through few synoptic cruises sections.
- Questions from Firing, 1998: Meridional extension? Mean and variability?
  Zonal coherence? Transport?



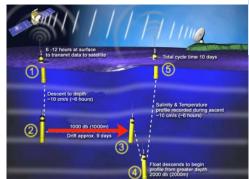
## **Circulation at 1000m from Argo floats**

## -The motion of Argo floats shows the absolute 1000m circulation

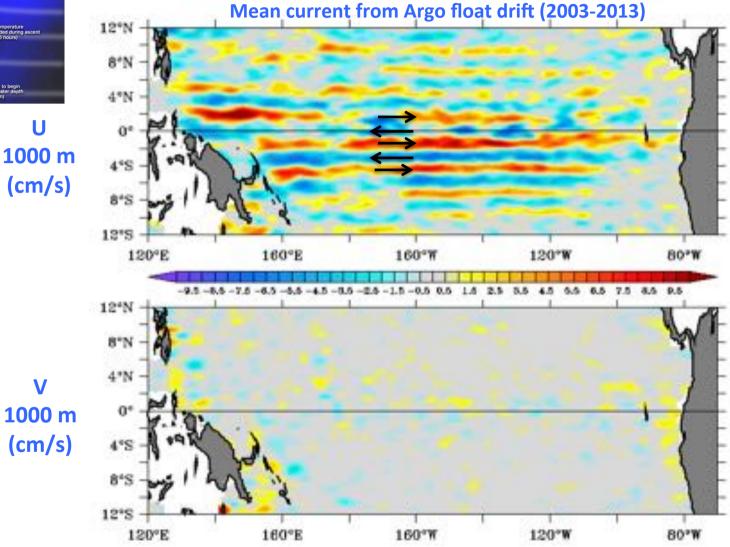
(Lebedev et al., 2007; Ascani et al. 2010; Davis et al. 2005; Cravatte et al. 2012, Ollitrault et al. 20013, 2014, Colin de Verdiere et al., 2016, others...)



We selected all Argo floats between 15°S-15°N, from 1/2003 to 12/2013 We computed subsurface velocities from float motion => Gridded mean seasonal product of velocity at 1000m

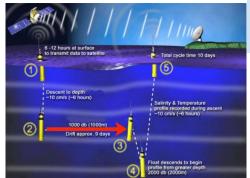


# **Circulation at 1000m from Argo floats**

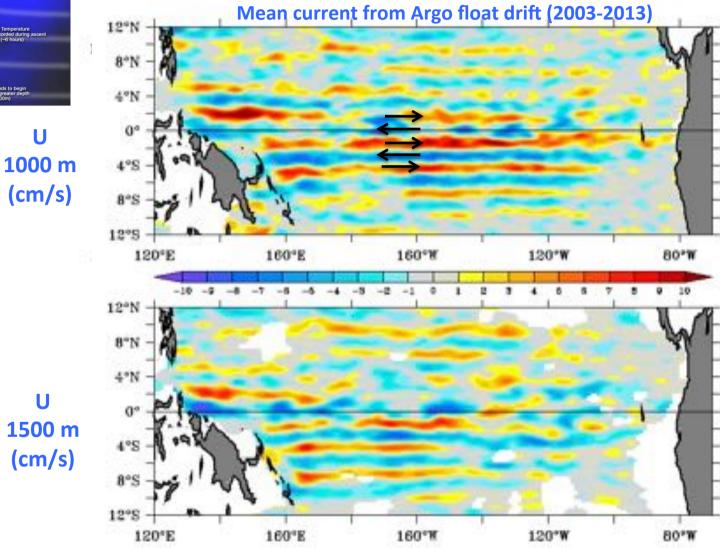


• Coherent alternating zonal jets ~10 cm/s

Updated from Cravatte et al. 2012



# **Circulation at 1000m from Argo floats**



Vertical consistency between 1000 and 1500m: what is the vertical extent of these jets?

## **Tools**

1-Argo T and S gridded climatology (1/6°x1/6°)

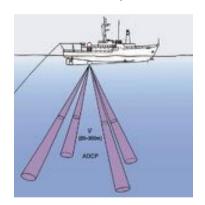
from Roemmich and Gilson (Scripps) geostrophic currents relative to 1000m, + current at 1000m (argo drift)



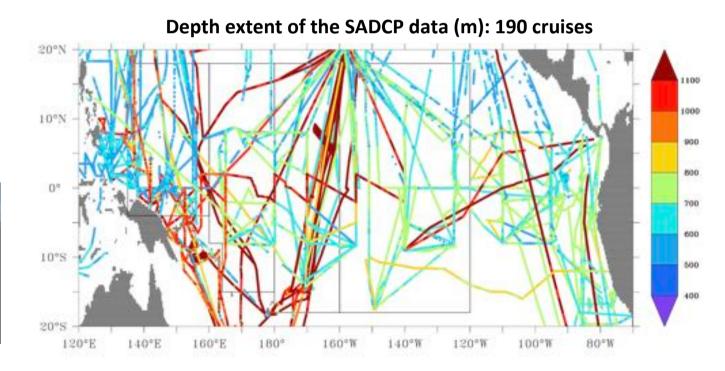
→ absolute geostrophic currents above 2000m: Argo-velocity

### 2-Shipboard ADCP data (1999-2015):

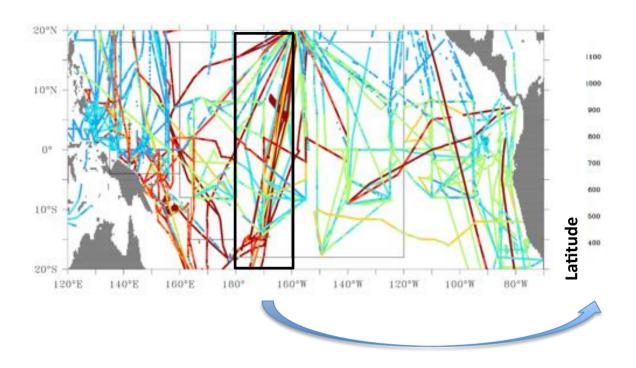
os75kHz (700/800m) et os38kHz (1300m)



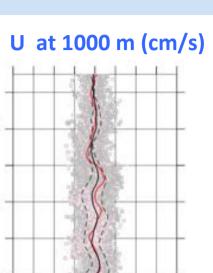


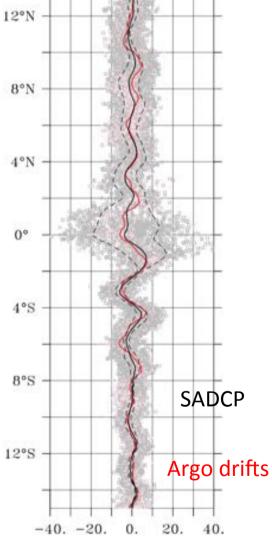


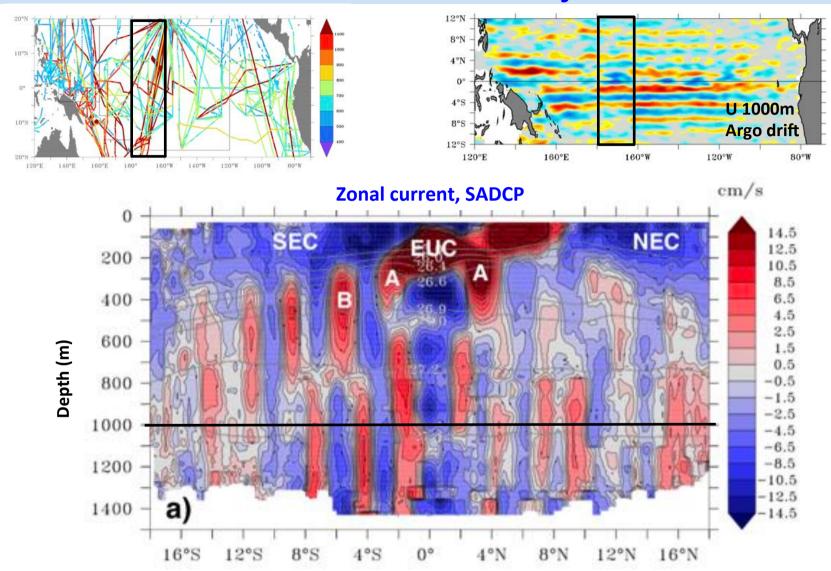
## **Tools**



- Excellent agreement between SADCP and Argo floats drift at 1000m
- Zonal currents highly variable: need a temporal average

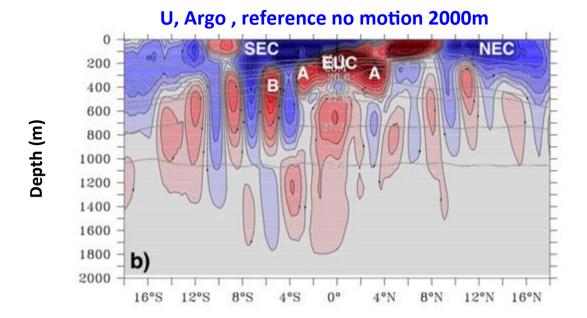




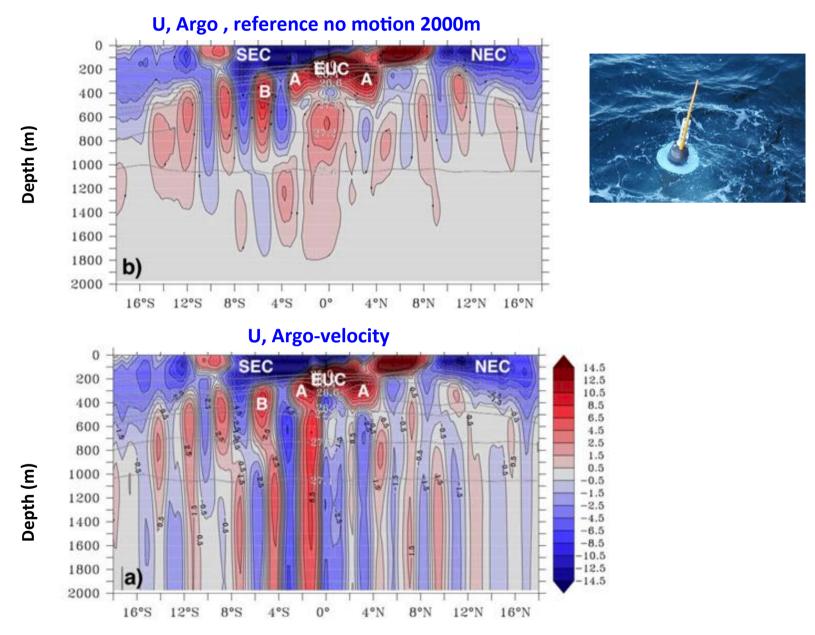


#### 2 distinct meridional structures of zonal jets:

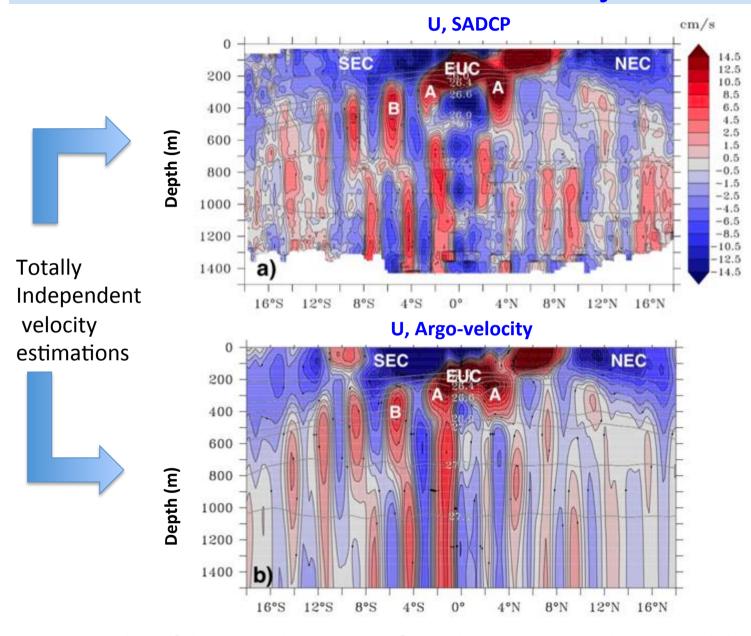
- multiple subsurface alternating currents between the thermocline and 700-800m: LLSC
- intermediate extra equatorial currents below 800m: LLICs



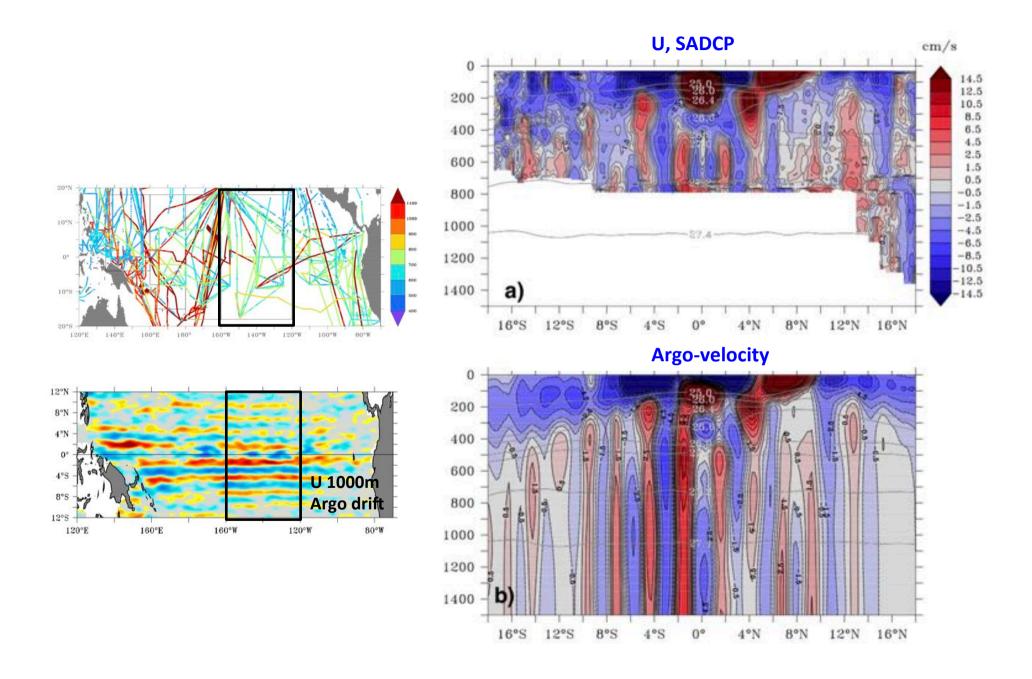




Argo drift reference at 1000m is crucial to capture the velocity structures.

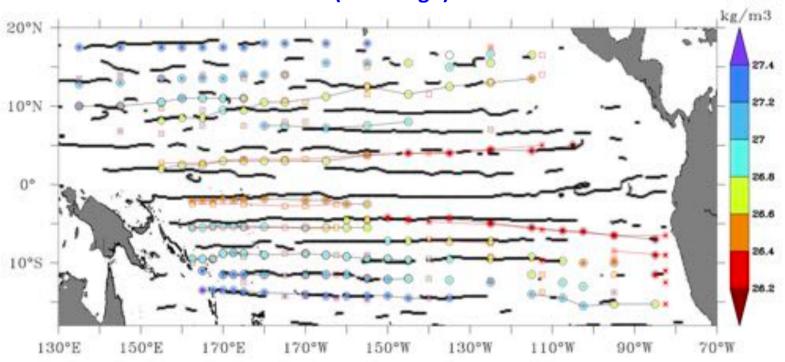


Good confidence in the system of zonal jets seen; get deeper and denser poleward



## Paths of the zonal currents



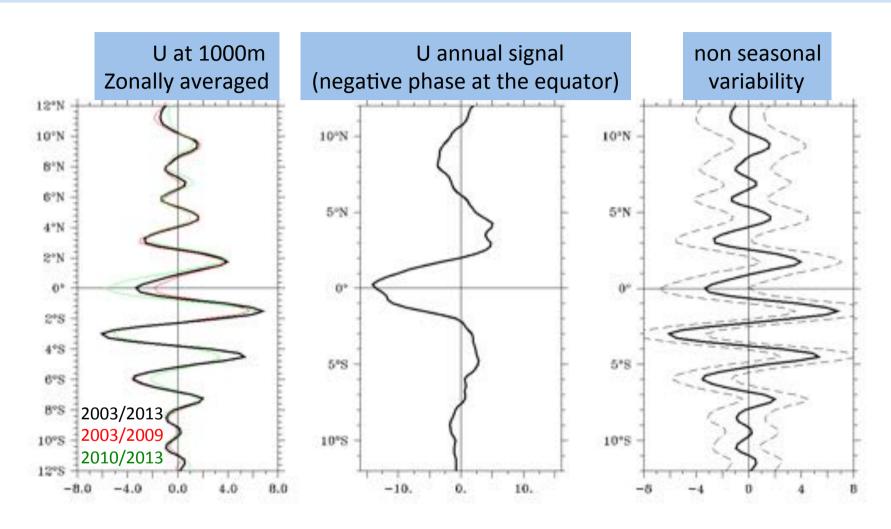


Intermediate LLICs (800-1500m)

**Subthermocline LLSCs (250-700m)** 

LLSCs diverge poleward from west to east, get denser poleward, lighter eastward. LLICs: stay constant in latitude

## Are these alternating jets persistent?

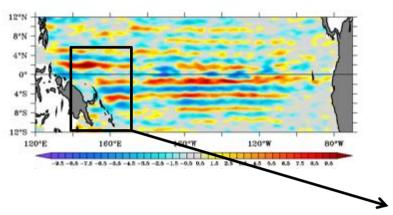


The 1000m jets are stable in position from year to year (with sufficient sampling) Annual cycle of u is the well-known vertically-propagating Rossby wave Some intraseasonal/interannual variability

## **CONCLUSIONS**

- Argo floats trajectories (at 1000m and 1500m) combined with Argo T/S climatologies are useful sources of mid-depth circulation
- 2 distincts meridional structure of the zonal currents:
  - ➤ LLSC between the thermocline and 700-800m, Stronger in the southern hemisphere
  - > LLICs below 800m
  - Not the same meridional scale
  - 2 distincts dynamical « objects »
- Equatorial or off-equatorial dynamics phenomenon? No theory yet able to explain all their characteristics (e.g. Ascani, 2010; 2015; Hua et a., 2008; Qiu, 2014, 2015; ...)
- Variability at interannual and intraseasonal timescales? In progress
- Not correctly simulated in ocean general circulation models A problem for redistribution of mass and water properties?

## **Perspectives - A dedicated cruise: CASSIOPEE (2015)**



- Measurements at high-resolution:
  - Surface to bottom currents
  - hydrological properties
  - bio-geochemical properties

